

# **A Retrospective on My 40 Year HP/Agilent Career**

Agilent Labs

Rory Van Tuyl

April 13, 2009

# 1969

Apollo 11



Berkeley: People's Park



Vietnam War

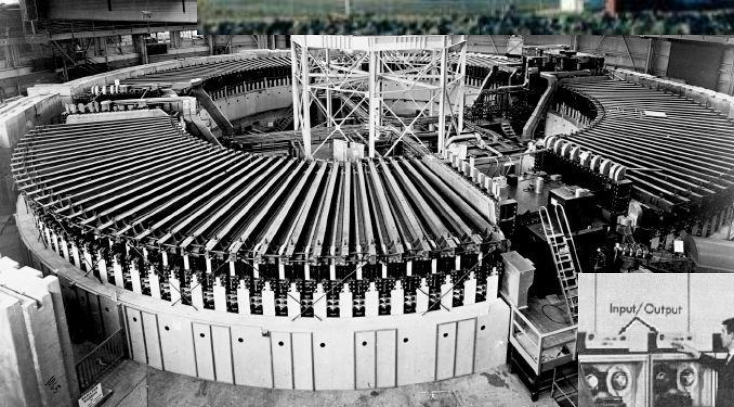
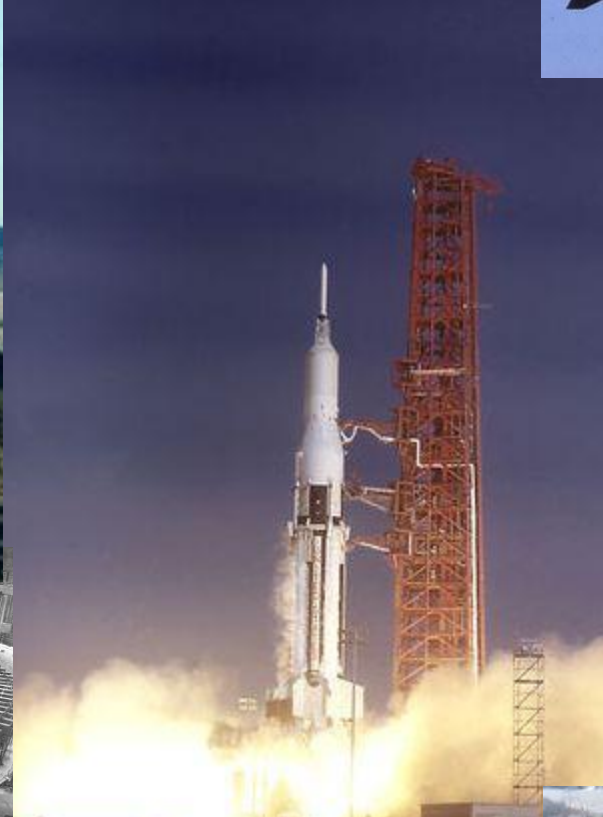


Nixon Takes Office





# 1969 Was In The Era of “Big Iron”



# A “Shirtsleeve Company”



***This is How HP Engineers Looked in 1969: Suits, Ties, White Shirts  
But You Also Did Your Own Soldering!***



2300  
JOBS  
1969

> *New*



□ In the past 12 months, new job opportunities created by the Hewlett-Packard organization have meant the addition of 2,300 people to the company's payrolls. This means that on October 31, there were 15,900 Hewlett-Packard people (estimated)—a 17 percent increase over the final 1968 total.

**But It Wasn't All About Guys in Neckties, as we see  
Directly from the Pages of *Measure*, the  
HP Monthly employee Magazine...**



# There were the HP Production Line Girls...

Line Leader  
(30-40)

PC Girl  
(18-30)

Housemother  
(>40)



# HP Communications Girls...

The Customer Contact Girls



The Incomparable  
HP PBX Operators



When customers call



# HP Office Girls...



# HP Sales Girls...

*For years, the digital voltmeter has been considered one of the slower links in the electronic measurement chain.*

*Well, it's clear from this photograph of Judy Metzler, Loveland assembly and wire girl, that things have sure changed for the better. The 3480A model now brings DVM speed up to 1,000 dc or ohms readings per second. The products featured on these pages were far from being the only new and important HP instruments introduced at IEEE; in all, some three-dozen new items were shown there for the first time.*

*However, years of exhibit experience have made clear that visitors need something special on which to focus their attention. The eight "products on a pedestal" provided that focus. Speaking of focus, Judy's wardrobe was furnished courtesy of Neusteter's of Denver/ Boulder.*

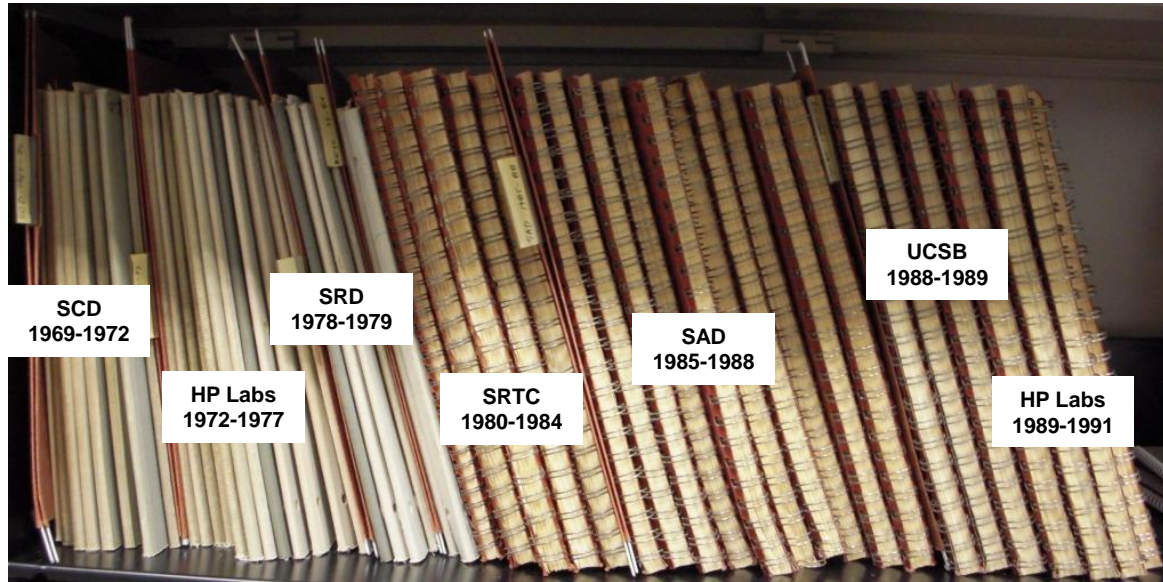


## Put 'em on a pedestal!



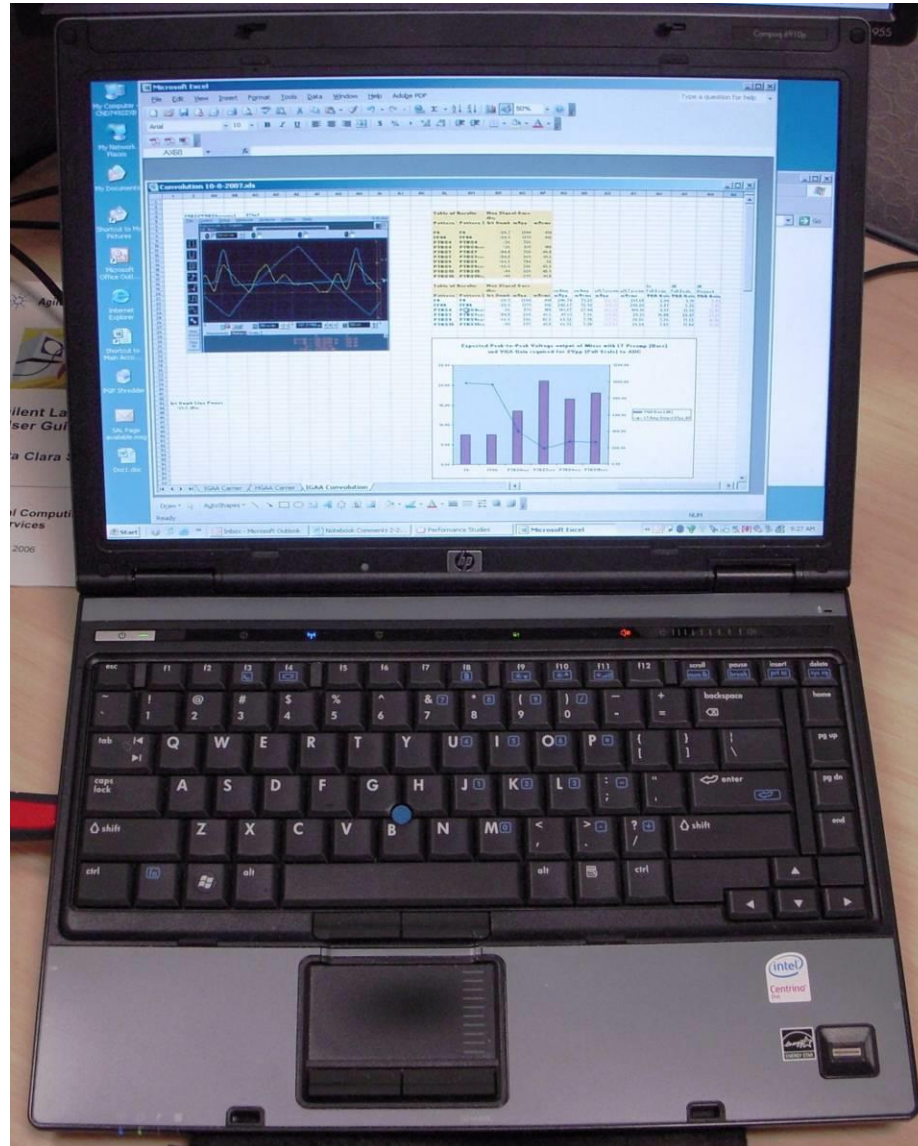
# **One Engineer's View...1969 - 2009**

# 40 Years of Lab Notebooks....





# Now Replaced By the Modern Lab Notebook...



# Projects 1969-2009

## 1969-1989

500MHz Si ICs ←

5340A Counter

GaAs ICs at HPL

RFIC Circuits at SRD

GaAs IC Process at SRTC

mmW Mixer NPI

Lightwave Instrument Projects

71400A Lightwave Signal Analyzer

UCSB Teaching and Student ICs

## 1990-2009

E-O Wafer Test

GaAs HBT IC Process

Optical Microwave Generation

InP FET ICs

Data Grid Proposal

60GHz Politics

60GHz Radio R&D

40Gb/s BERT

InP HBT ICs

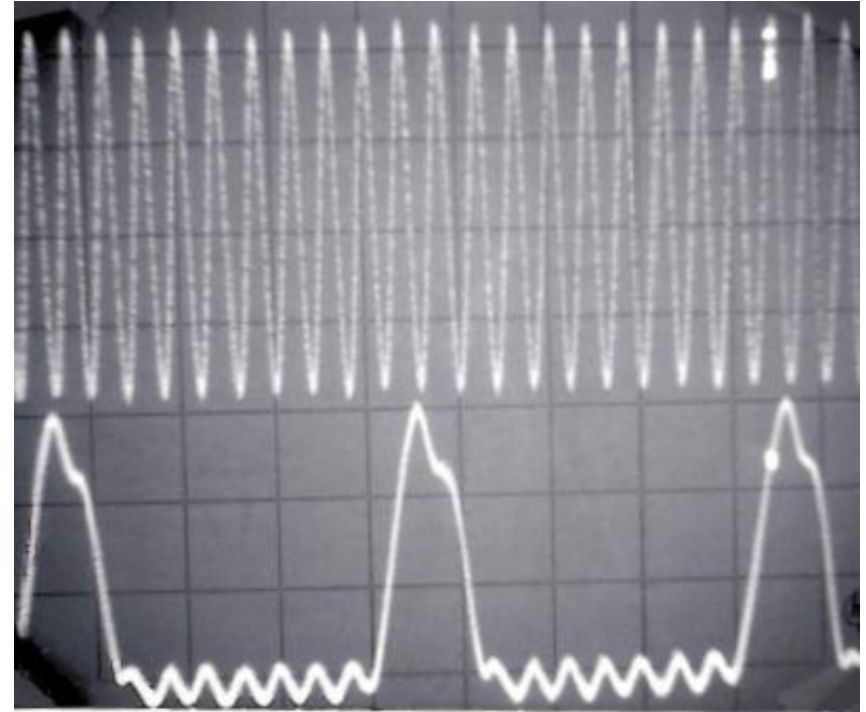
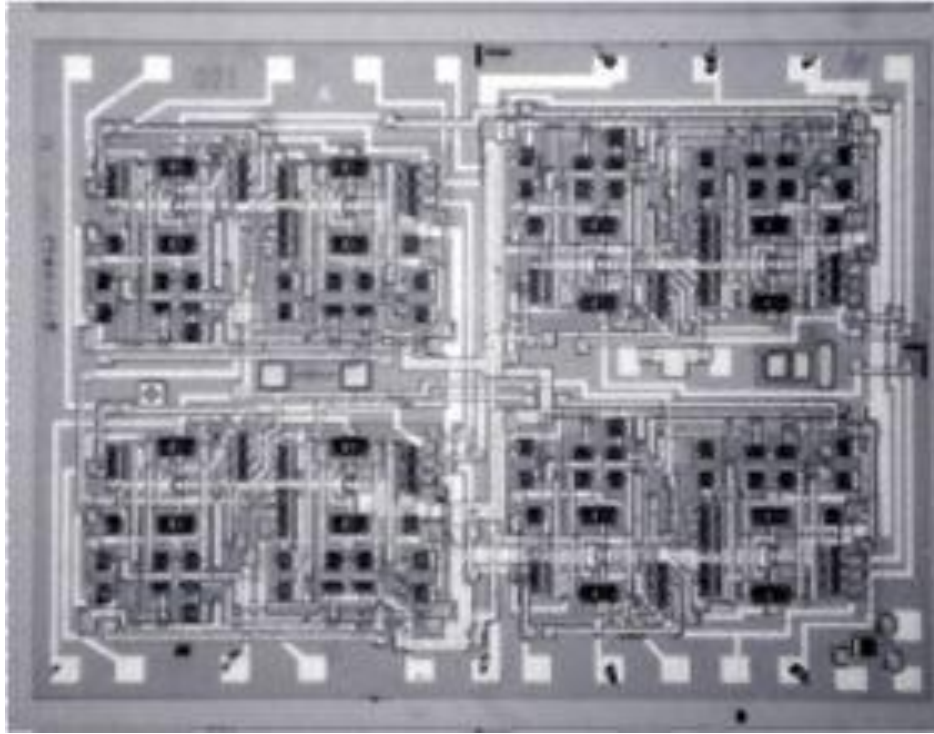
Telecom Jitter Measurement

OptoProbe

Optical Sampling

DNA

# A 500MHz $\div 10$ Counter...My First IC

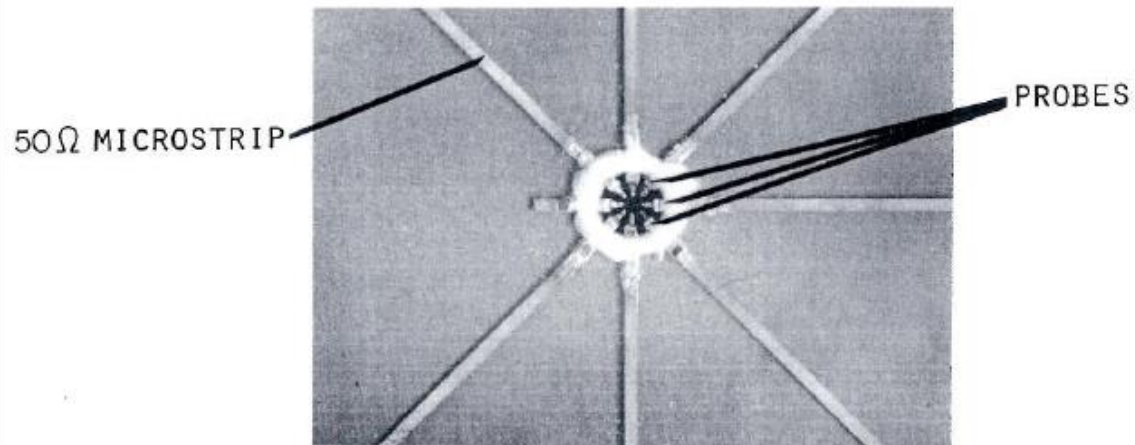
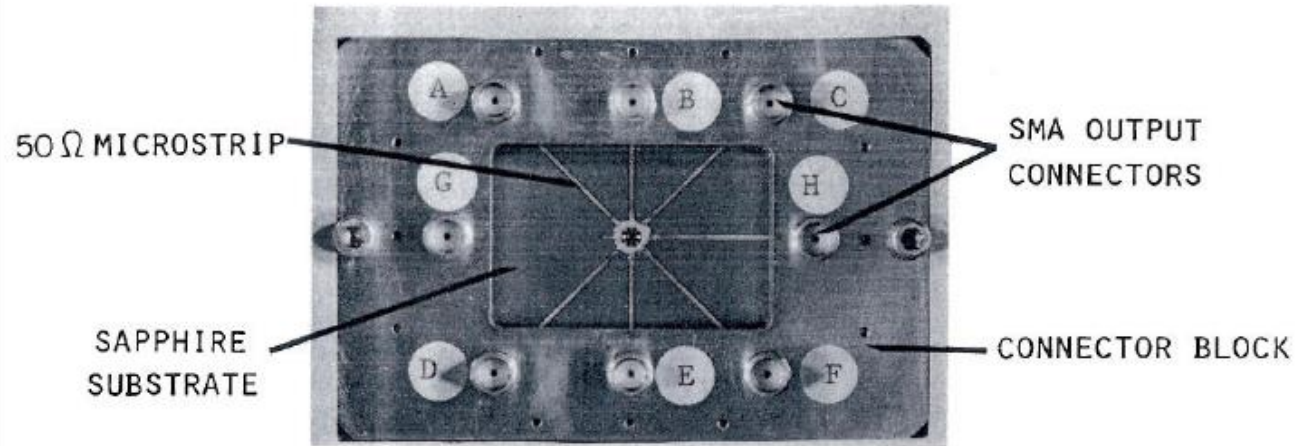


Note: 2GHz  $f_T$  Transistors!



# High Speed IC Probe Card

.....(Built by Larry Lim of SCD)



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# HP5340A Counter: “10Hz to 18GHz” in 1972

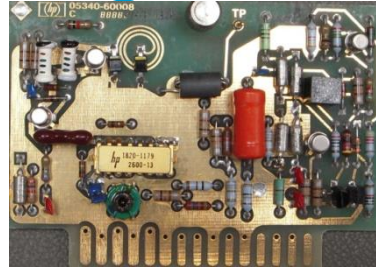
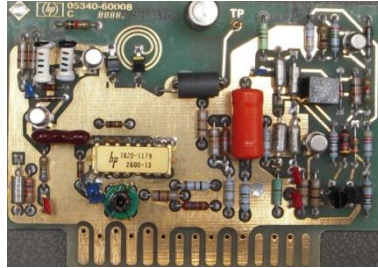


**1972 Price: \$5,340    1994 Price: \$25,900    22 Years in the HP Catalog!**

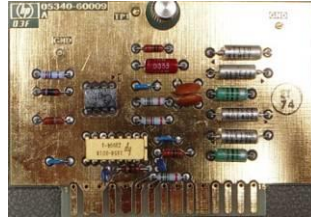


# My HP5340 Hardware Designs

VCOs



VCO -to- VCO Mixer



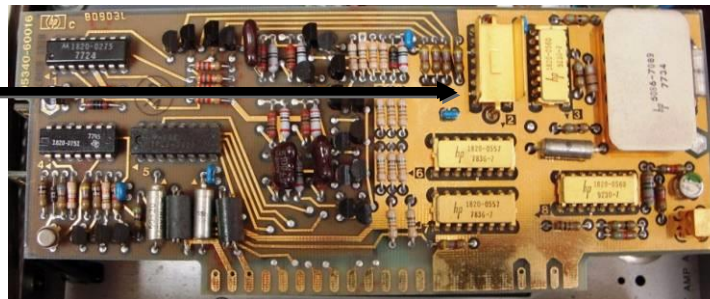
Hybrid Sampler Driver



Direct Count Amplifier



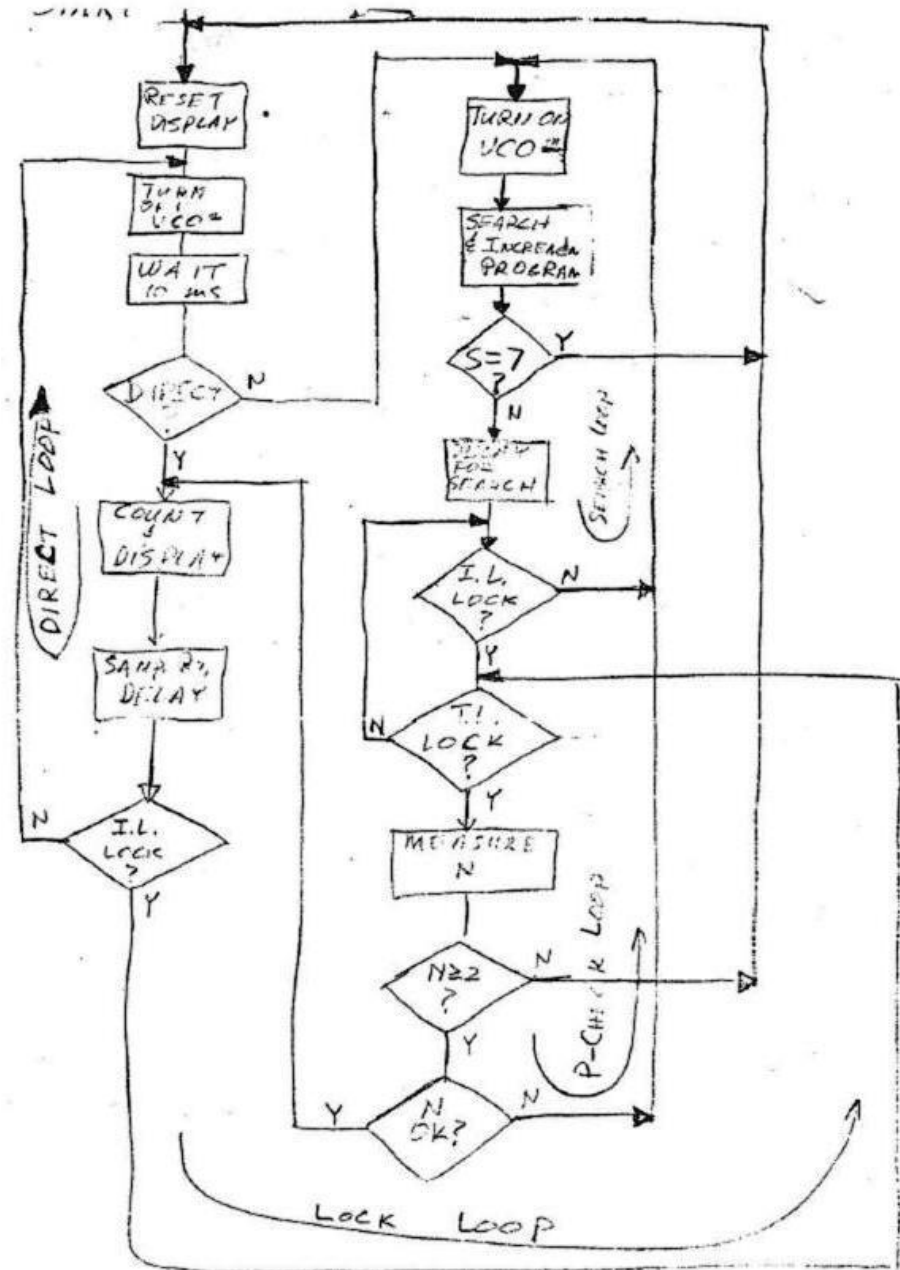
Count Board Frontend



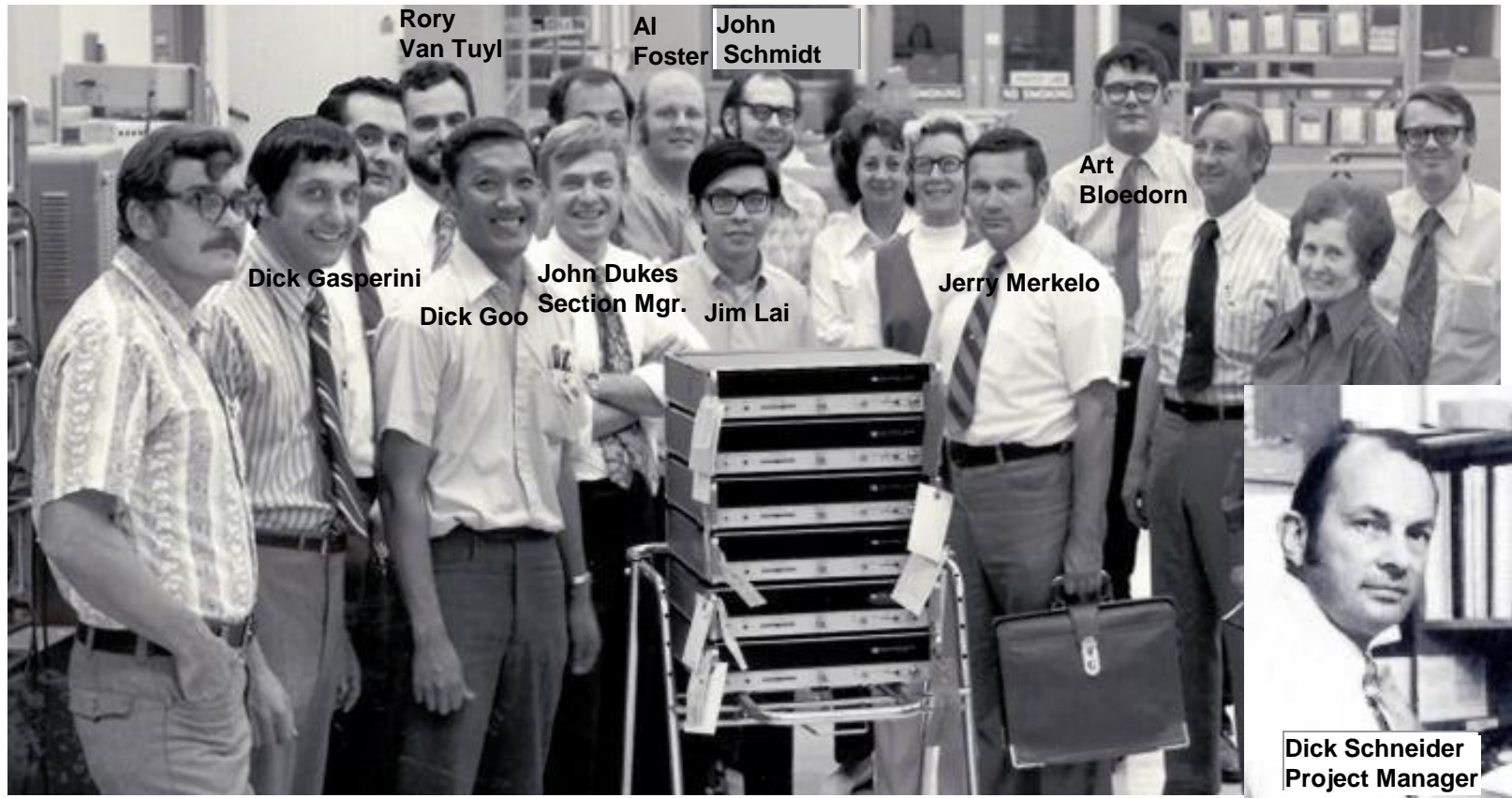
# HP5340A ASM Controller

Although Standard  
Now, this kind of  
Control was new in  
1972 when Al Foster  
and I sold the idea to  
Dick Schneider.  
Al did the ROM-based  
Hardware, I did the  
Algorithm.

Also: The 5340 was  
perhaps the first  
instrument in  
production with HPIB



# The 5340 Team 1972: R&D, Marketing, Production



**Men's Dress Code:** White Shirt & Tie = "Engineer" or "Manager" ; Striped Shirt & Tie = "Marketing"; Open Collar Plain Shirt = Technician; Print Shirt = "Production"



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**60GHz Politics**

**60GHz Radio R&D**

**40Gb/s BERT**

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**Telecom Jitter Measurement**

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**Optical Sampling**

**DNA**

## Two Intense Guys...HPL 1973-1977

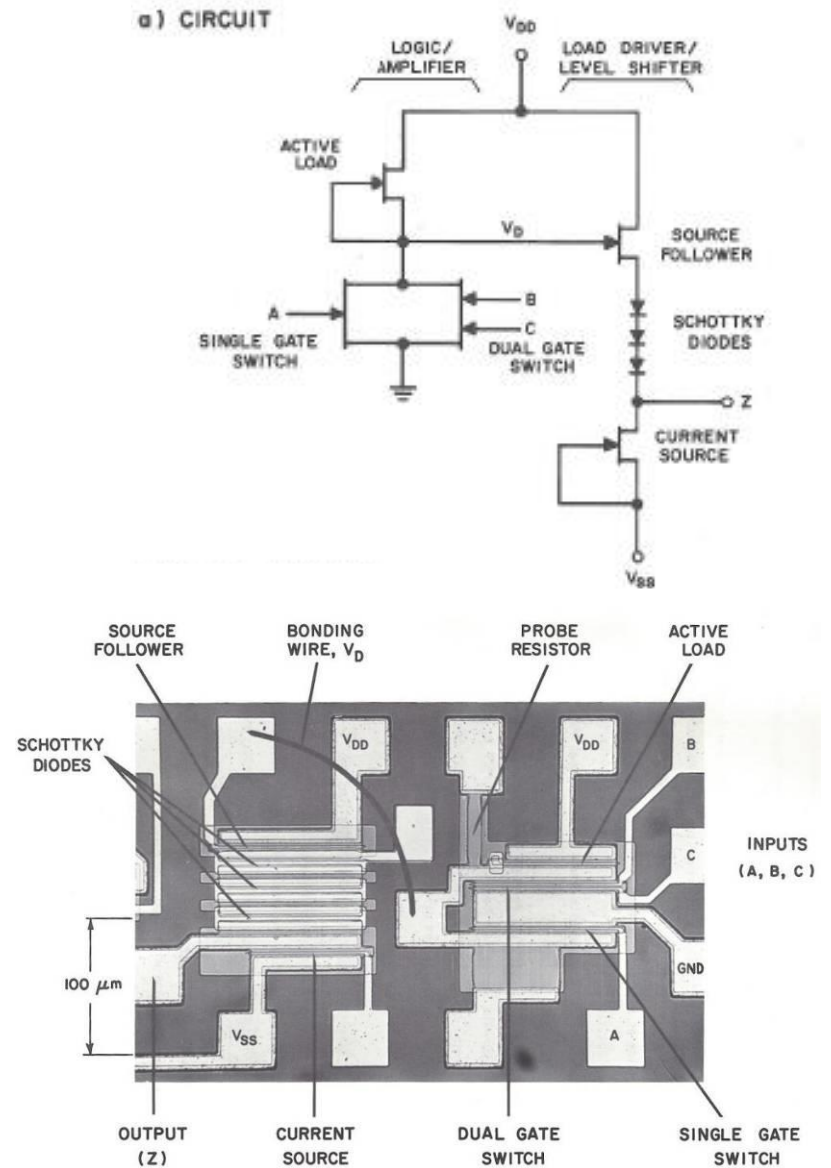
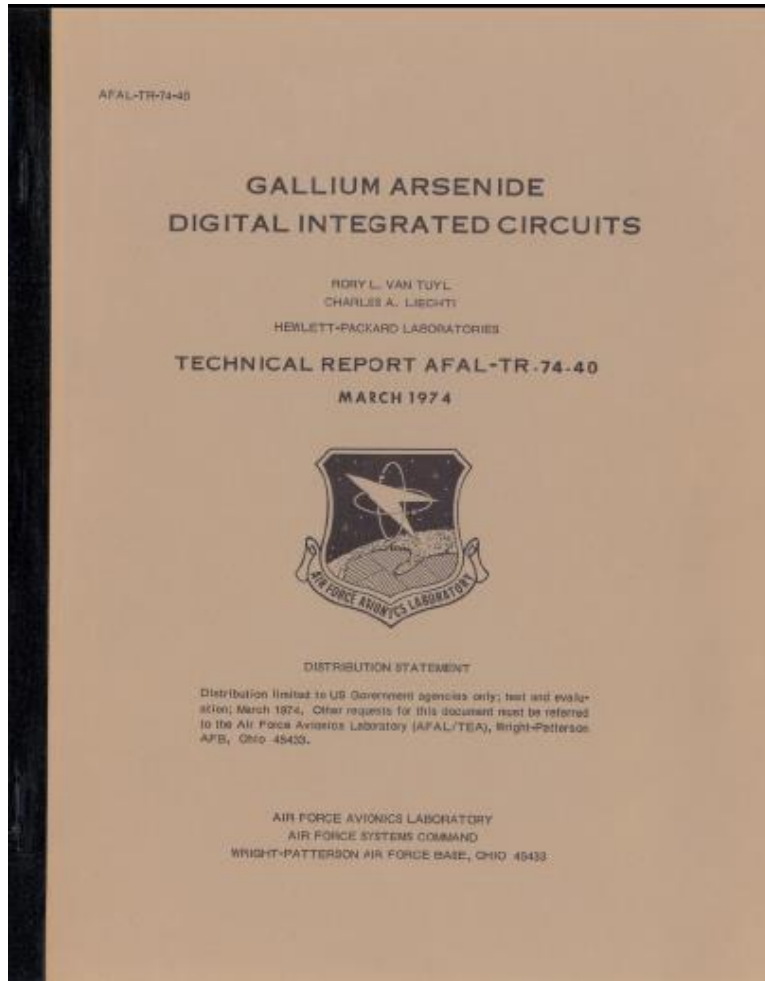


Charles Liechti



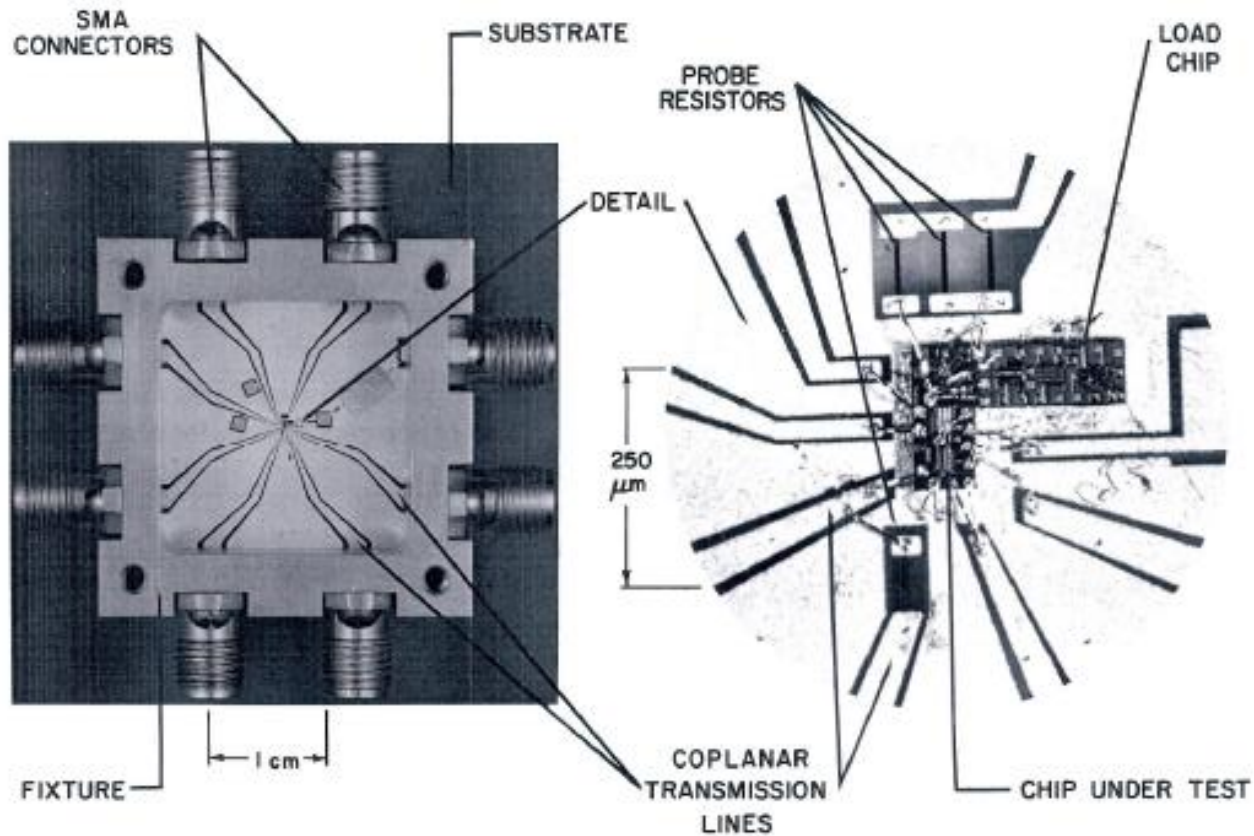
Rory Van Tuyl

# The First GaAs Digital IC

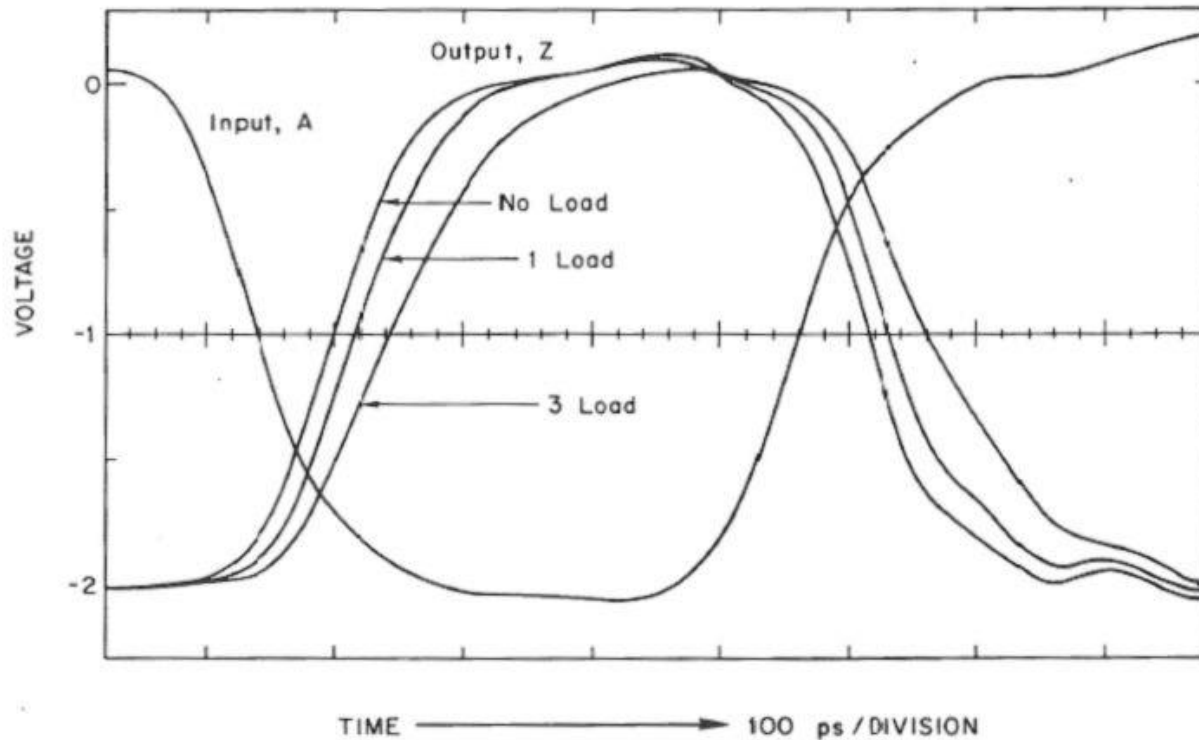




# Coplanar Waveguide Test Fixture

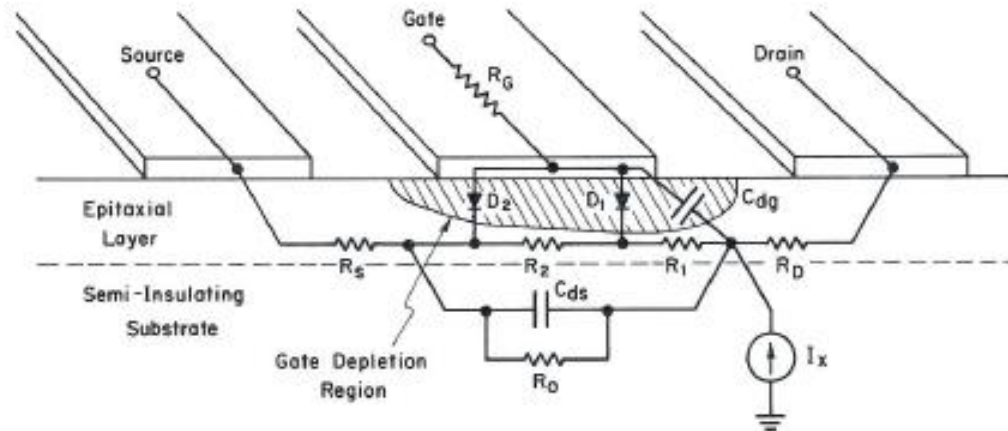


# It was Fast Logic for 1973



**FIGURE 6—Pulse response of MESFET logic gate. Delay with no load = 60 ps, with one load = 75 ps, with three loads = 105 ps.**

# The Non-Linear Device Model



$D_1, D_2$  = Gate Depletion Region Diodes  
(dc diode current + space charge capacitance)

$C_{dg}$  = Drain-to-Gate Feedback Capacitance

$C_{ds}$  = Drain-to-Source Capacitance

$R_1$  = Resistance of Drain End of Modulated Channel

$R_2$  = Resistance of Source End of Modulated Channel

$R_0$  = Effective Output Resistance in Velocity Saturated Operation

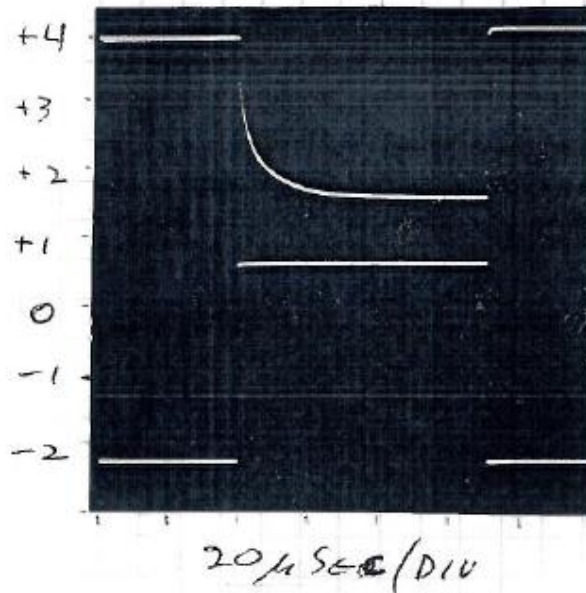
$R_S, R_D, R_G$  = Source, Drain and Gate Extrinsic Resistances

$I_x$  = Device for Producing Delay of Velocity-Saturated Drain Current

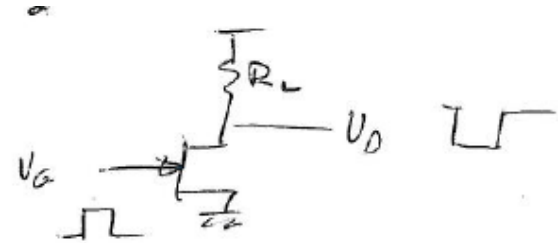
# The Lag Effect Could Kill Operation of a Gate

OCT 30, 1972

THE EFFECT IS DISASTROUS IF THE DEVICE HAS BEEN HELD IN THE OFF CONDITION FOR MORE THAN A FEW TIME CONSTANTS?

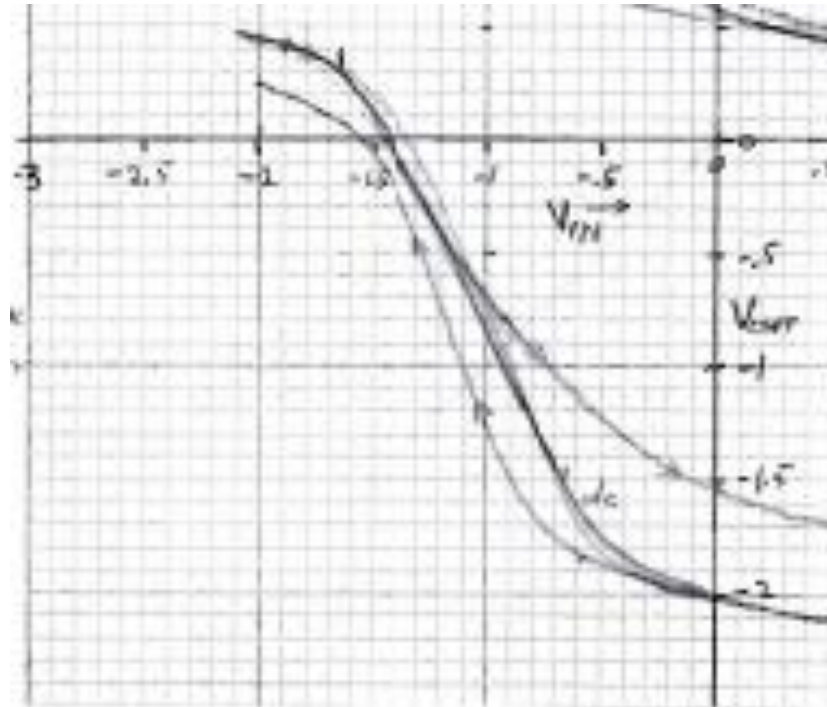


100  $\Omega$   
LOAD  
 $V_{DD} = 4V$

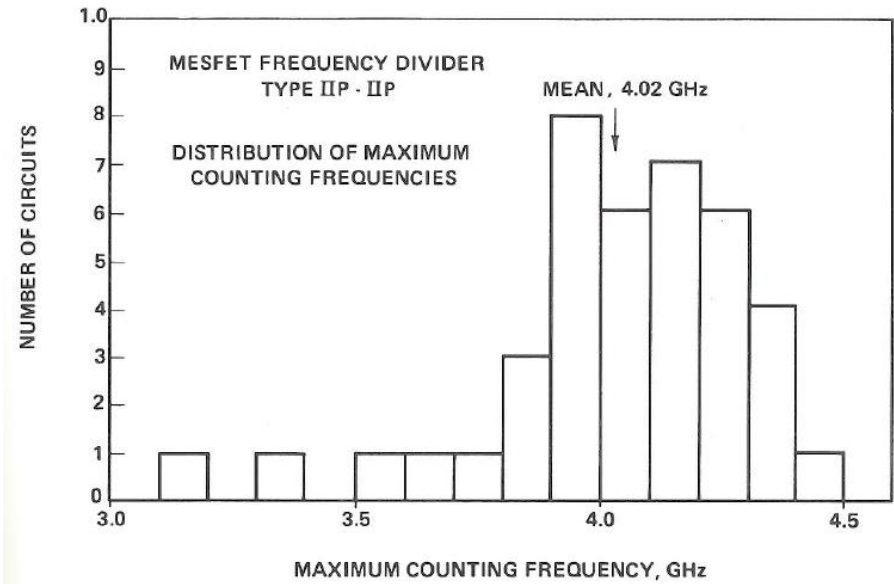
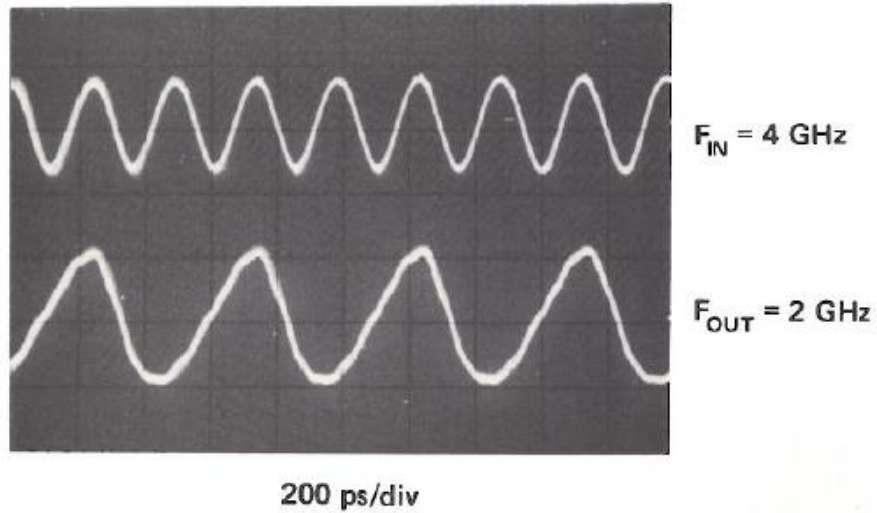




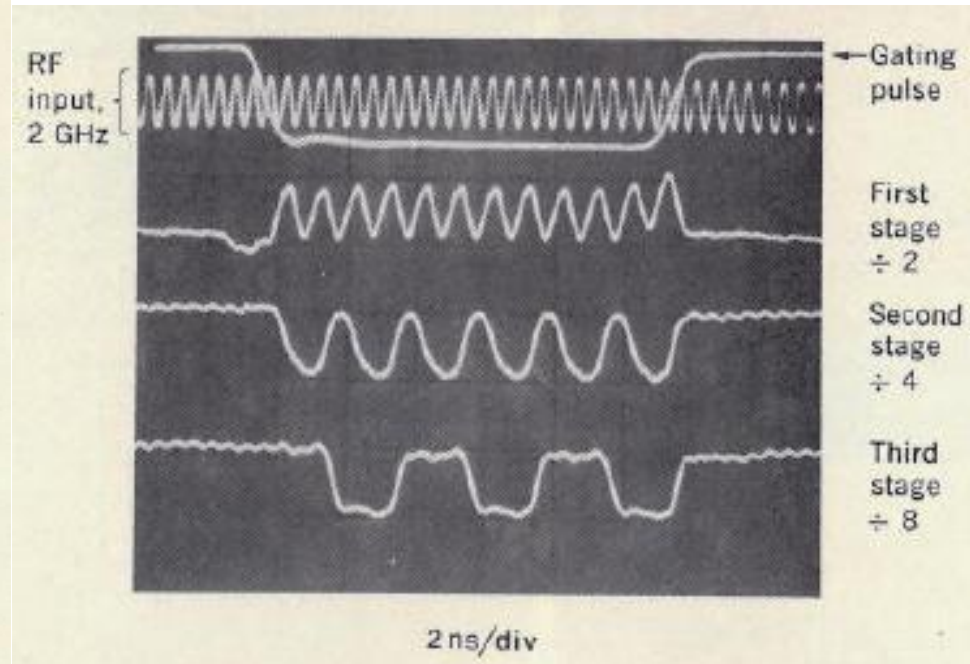
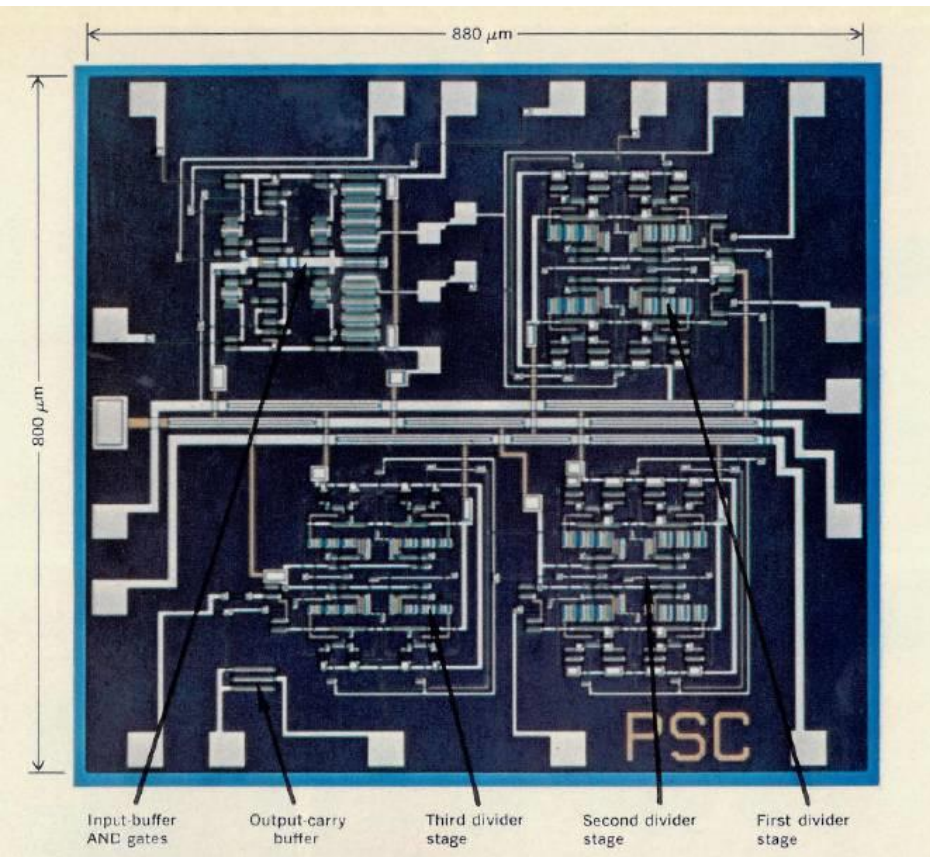
# Substrate Effects Caused Switching Problems



# 1977: A 4GHz ÷2 Counter



# 1977: A $\div 8$ Counter



# 1977: An 8x Multiplexer

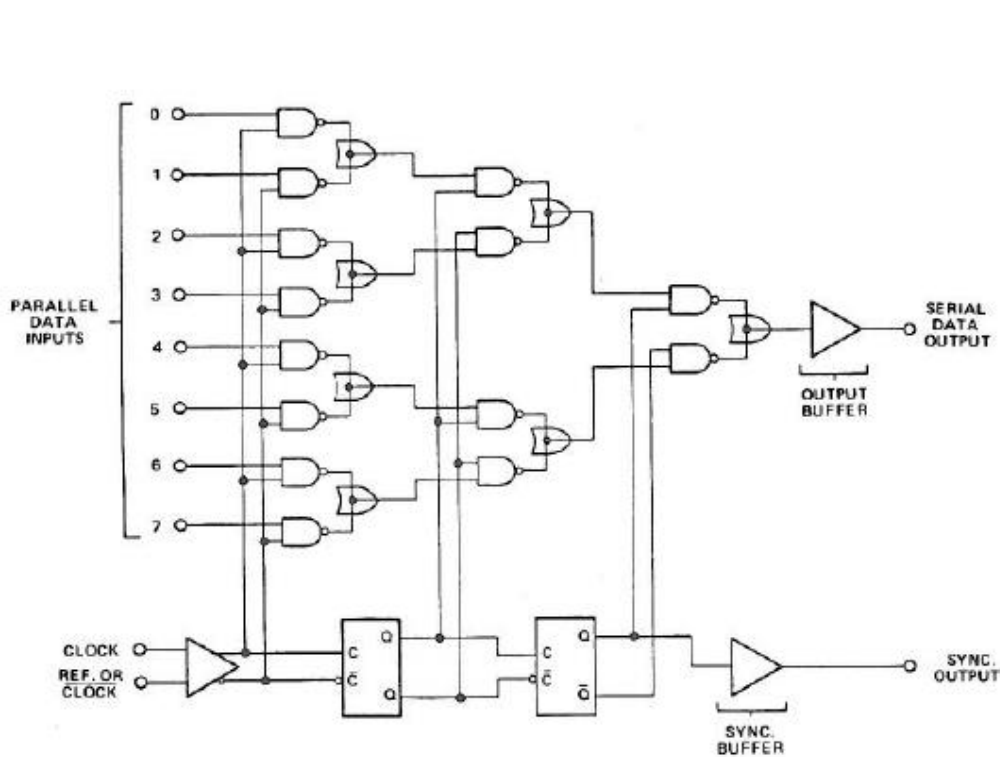
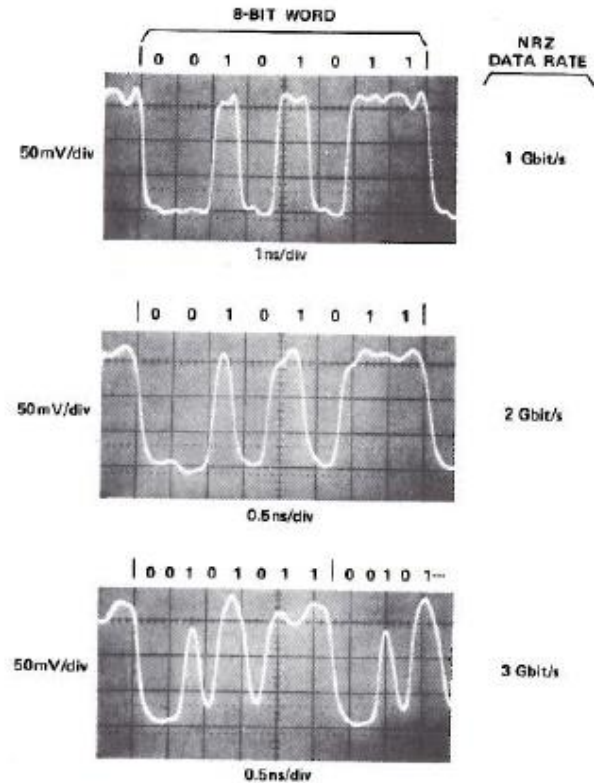


Fig. 11. Logic diagram of an 8-bit multiplexer/data generator.



12. Multiplexer/data generator operating at nonreturn-to-zero data rates of 1, 2, and 3 Gbit/s.



# Our Director, Barney Oliver



# Our CEO and Guiding Light...Bill Hewlett



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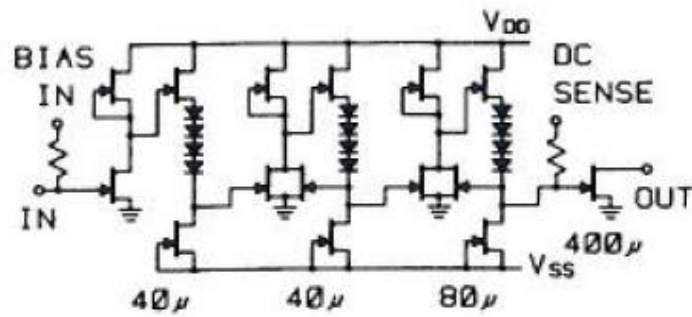
**OptoProbe**

**Optical Sampling**

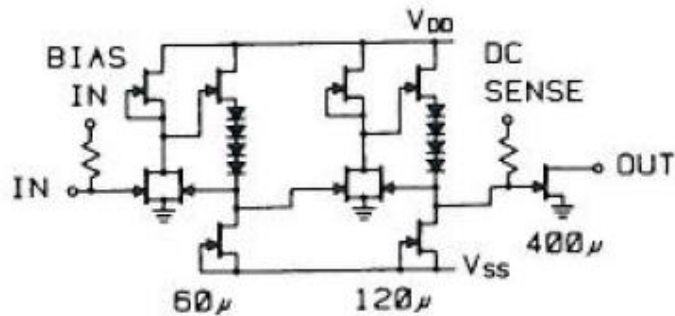
**DNA**

# Broadband Amplifiers: 1978-79

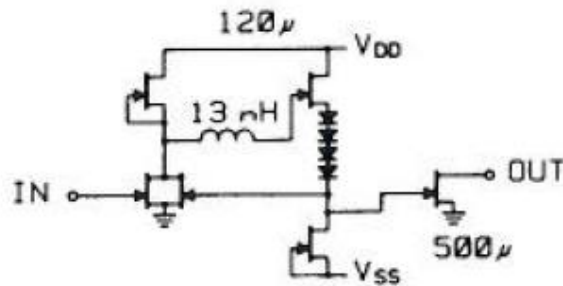
[With D. Hornbuckle]



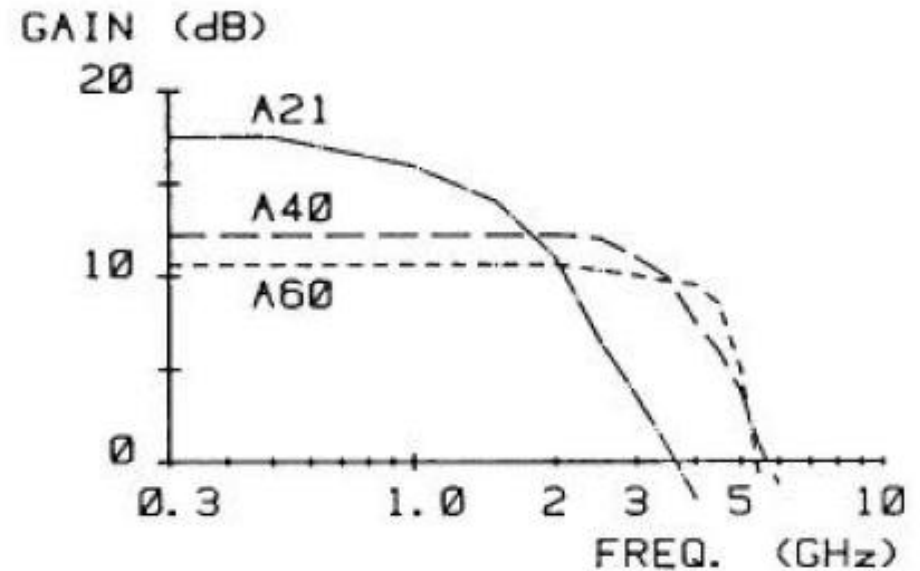
(a)



(b)

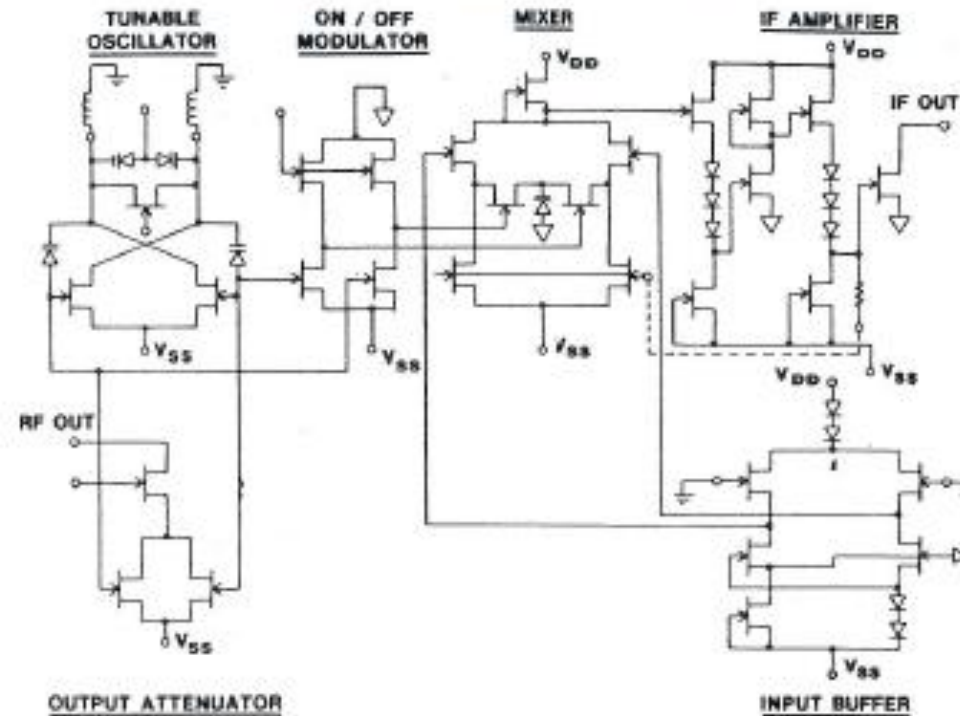


(c)

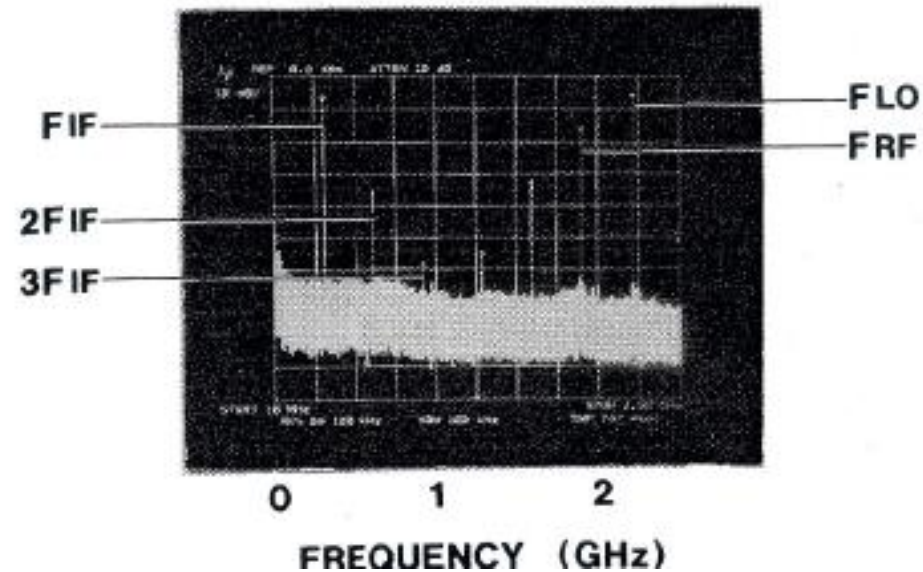




# The GaAs FET RF Signal Generation Chip [1978-79]



**IF OUTPUT SPECTRUM**



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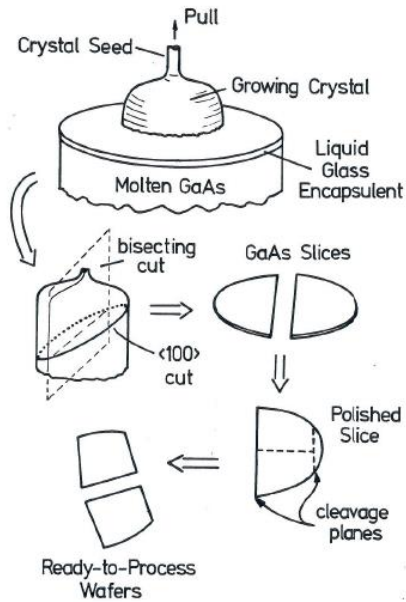
**OptoProbe**

**Optical Sampling**

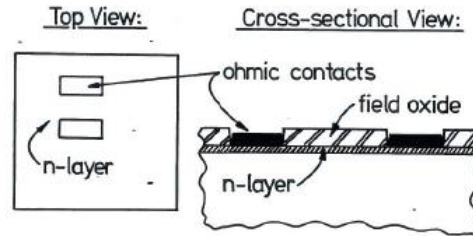
**DNA**

# The First GaAs IC Production Process

## 1 Preparation of GaAs Wafers



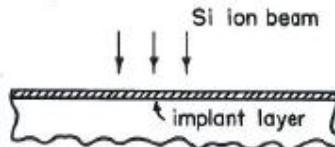
## 3 Ohmic Contact Step



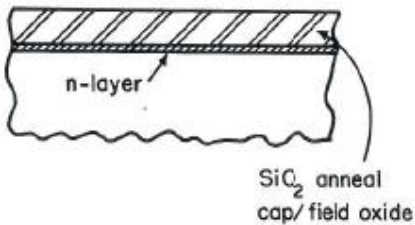
## 2 Ion Implantation Step

### Cross-sectional View:

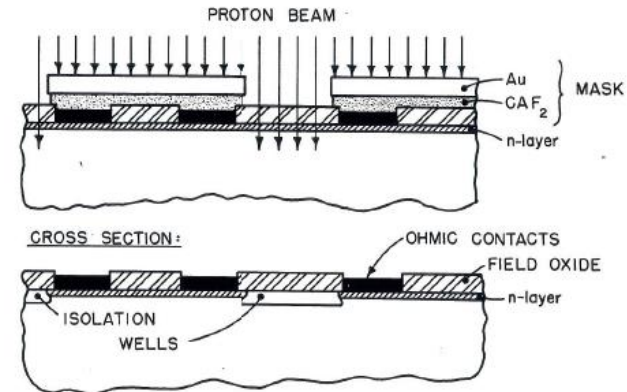
#### •Implant:



#### •Post-Anneal:



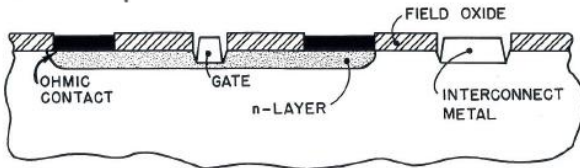
## 4 PROTON ISOLATION STEP



# The First GaAs IC Production Process

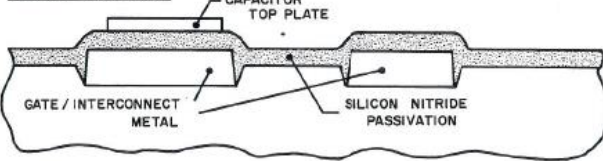
## 5 GATE AND FIRST-LEVEL INTERCONNECT

CROSS SECTION:



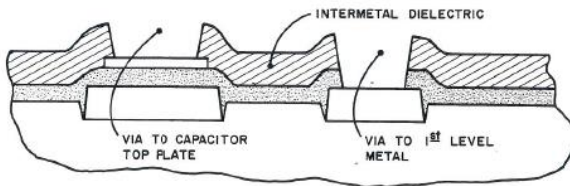
## 6 PASSIVATION AND CAPACITOR

CROSS SECTION:



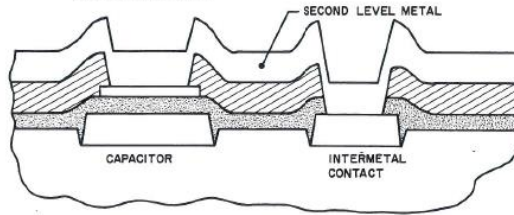
## 7 INTERMETAL DIELECTRIC AND VIA CUT

CROSS SECTION:

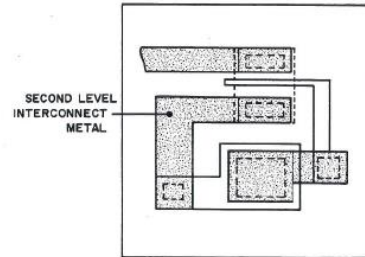


## 8 SECOND LEVEL INTERCONNECT METAL

CROSS SECTION:

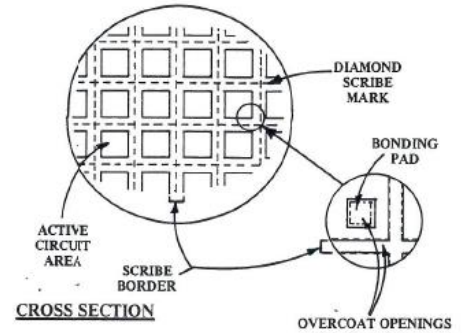


TOP VIEW:

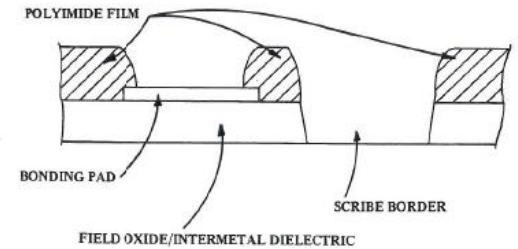


## 9 OVERCOAT, SCRIBE AND BREAK

TOP VIEW



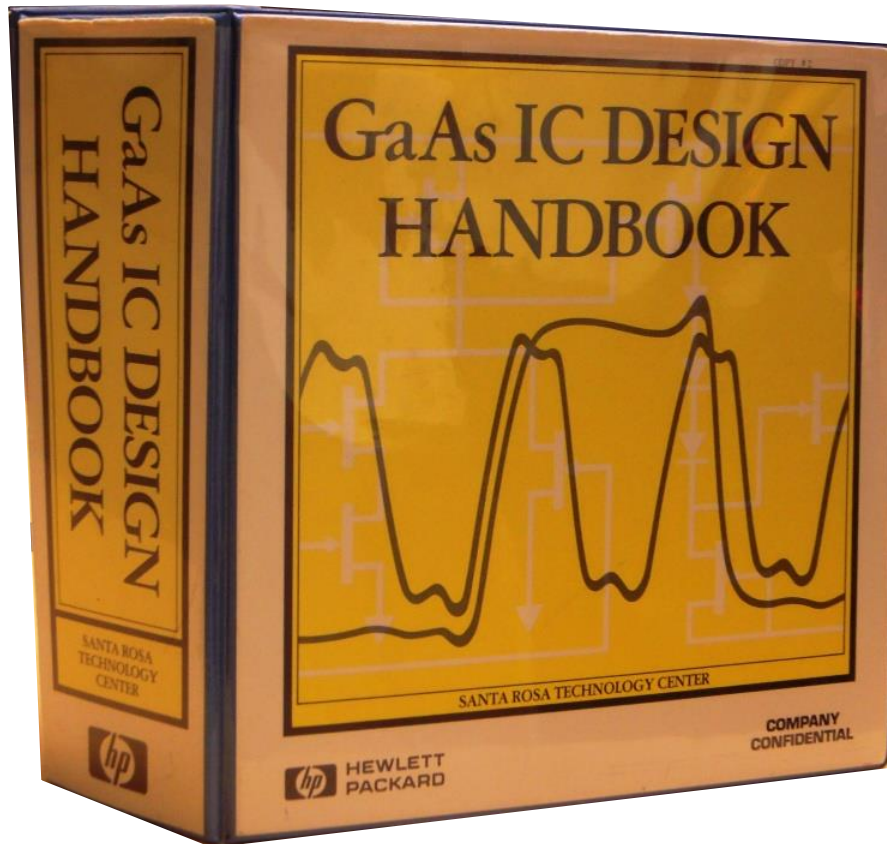
CROSS SECTION





# The Design Guide

*...A Group Effort Edited by Don Estreich*



# Santa Rosa GaAs IC Engineers, 1981



**Back Row [L-R]: Bob Fisher; Val Peterson; Virender Kumar; Don Estreich**  
**Front Row [L-R]: Tom Taylor; Don D'Avanzo; Derry Hornbuckle; Rory Van Tuyt**

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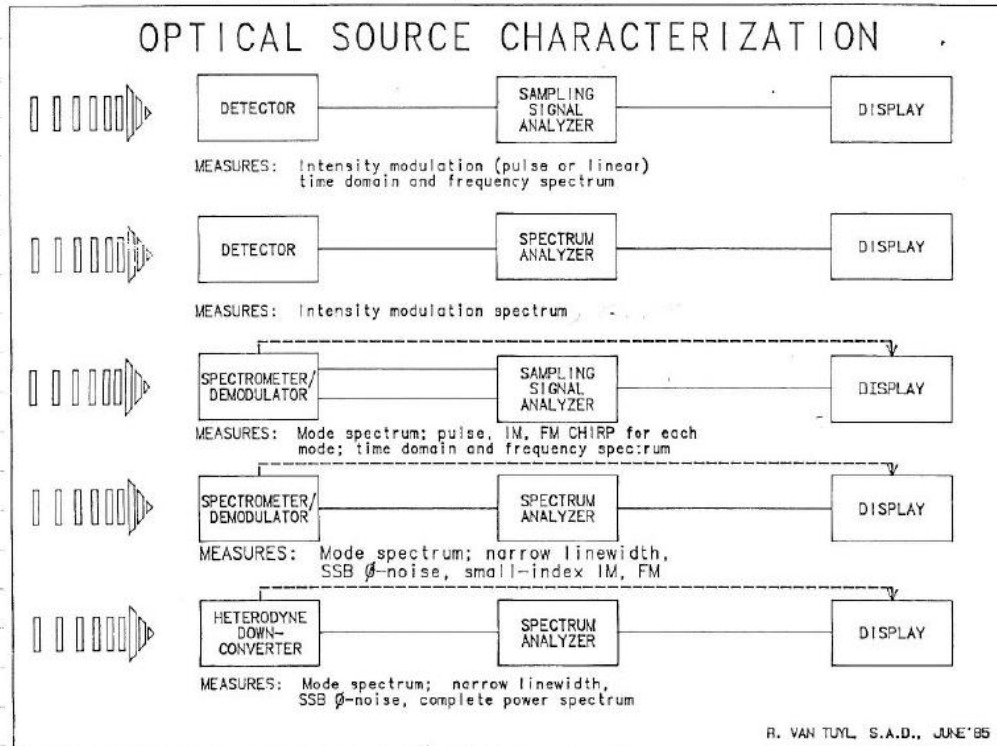
**DNA**

# The Lightwave Measurement Strategy in 1985

JUNE 25, 1985

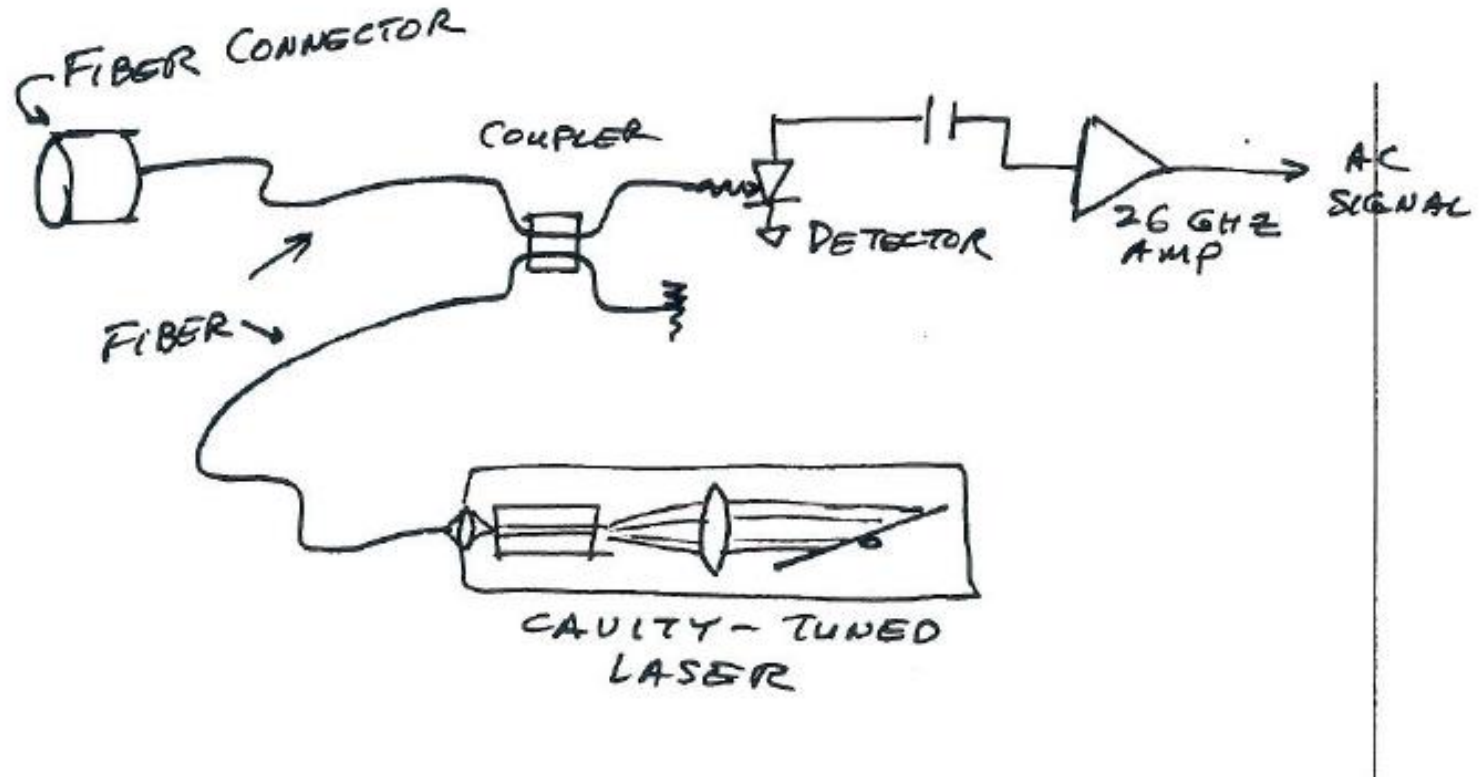
## OPTICAL INSTRUMENT PROPOSALS

THE FOLLOWING PROPOSALS, BASED ON THE MODULAR PACKAGING SYSTEM, WERE PRESENTED AT LAST WEEK "OPTICAL STRATEGY COUNCIL" MEETING:



All these Eventually Became Agilent Products

# Heterodyne Spectrum Analyzer Idea: 1985



This Product was Eventually Realized by Agilent Labs in 2000s, Based on the Tunable Laser Developed by B.I.D. in 1980s/90s

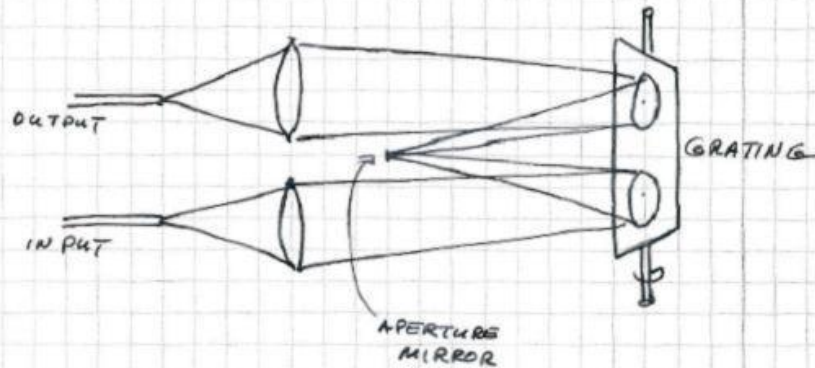


# The Double-Pass Monochromator Idea

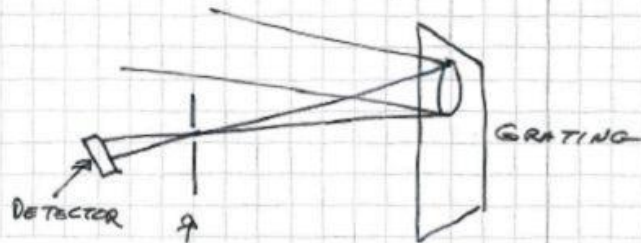
RESOLUTION IS ADJUSTED BY VARYING APERTURE SIZE.

PROBLEM: NOT ONLY MUST THE TWO GRATINGS BE PERFECTLY MATCHED, THEY MUST BE AT EXACTLY COMPLEMENTARY ANGLES IN ORDER TO ACCURATELY IMAGE LIGHT ONTO THE OUTPUT FIBER.

ANSWER: USE THE SAME GRATING FOR BOTH DISPERSION AND CONCENTRATION. DO THIS BY REFLECTING THE LIGHT FROM AN "APERTURE" MIRROR.



IN ADDITION, WITH THE APERTURE MIRROR REMOVED, LIGHT CAN BE PASSED THROUGH TO A DETECTOR FOR USE AS A STANDARD SPECTROMETER:



# The Double-Pass Monochromator Initial Design

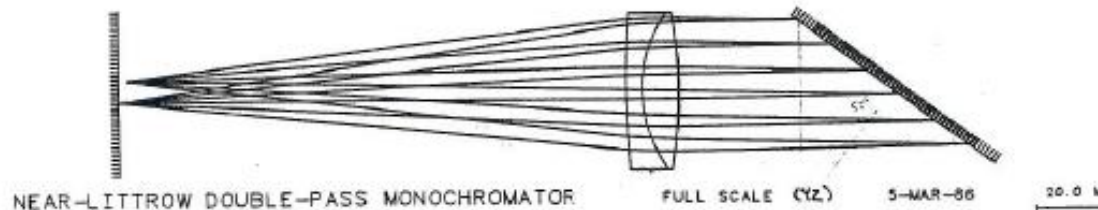
BOOK 540-5

3/25/86

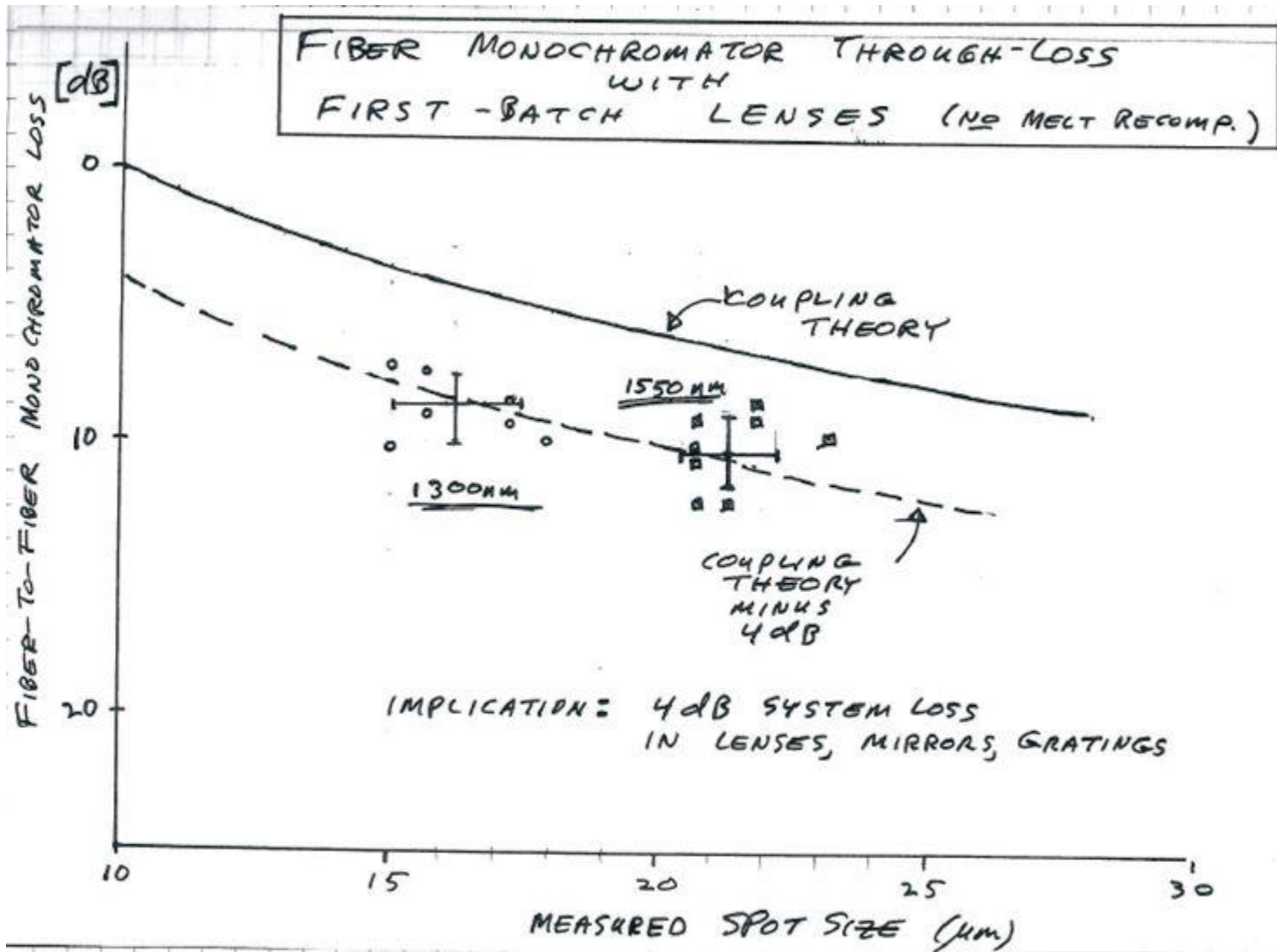
## DISCUSSION OF - LITTROW - MOUNT SINGLE - LENS MONOCHROMATOR

THE SIMPLEST, AND THEREFORE  
PREFERRED GEOMETRY ~~FOR~~ FOR  
THE MONOCHROMATOR IS THIS  
VERSION, DESIGNED BY BARRY BROOME.

DISPERSING PLANE:



# First Monochromator Results: Feb. 3, 1987

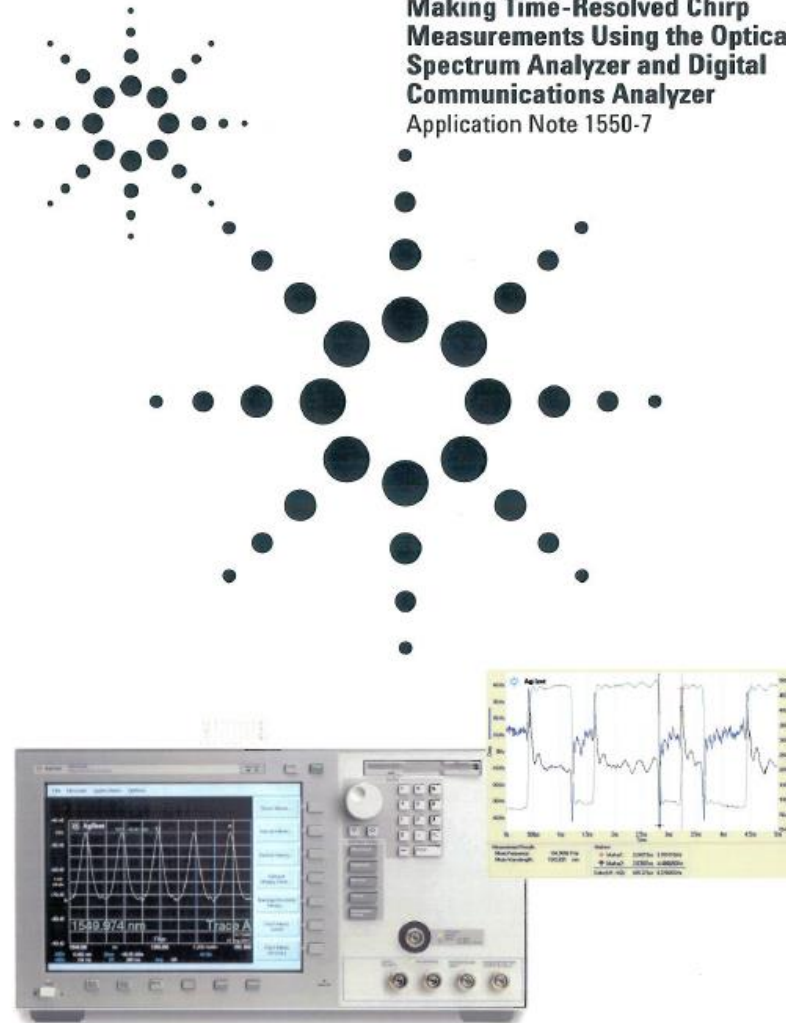


BOOK SHD-8  
PLOT OF CHRIS SIERRACKI'S DATA  
FEB 3, 1987

# The Monochromator Today

Years of Effort by Many People in Santa Rosa Produced a Line of Optical Spectrum Analyzers and a Time-Resolved Chirp Measurement Based on the Single-Lens Double-Pass Monochromator of the 1980s

**Making Time-Resolved Chirp Measurements Using the Optical Spectrum Analyzer and Digital Communications Analyzer**  
Application Note 1550-7



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Optical Sampling

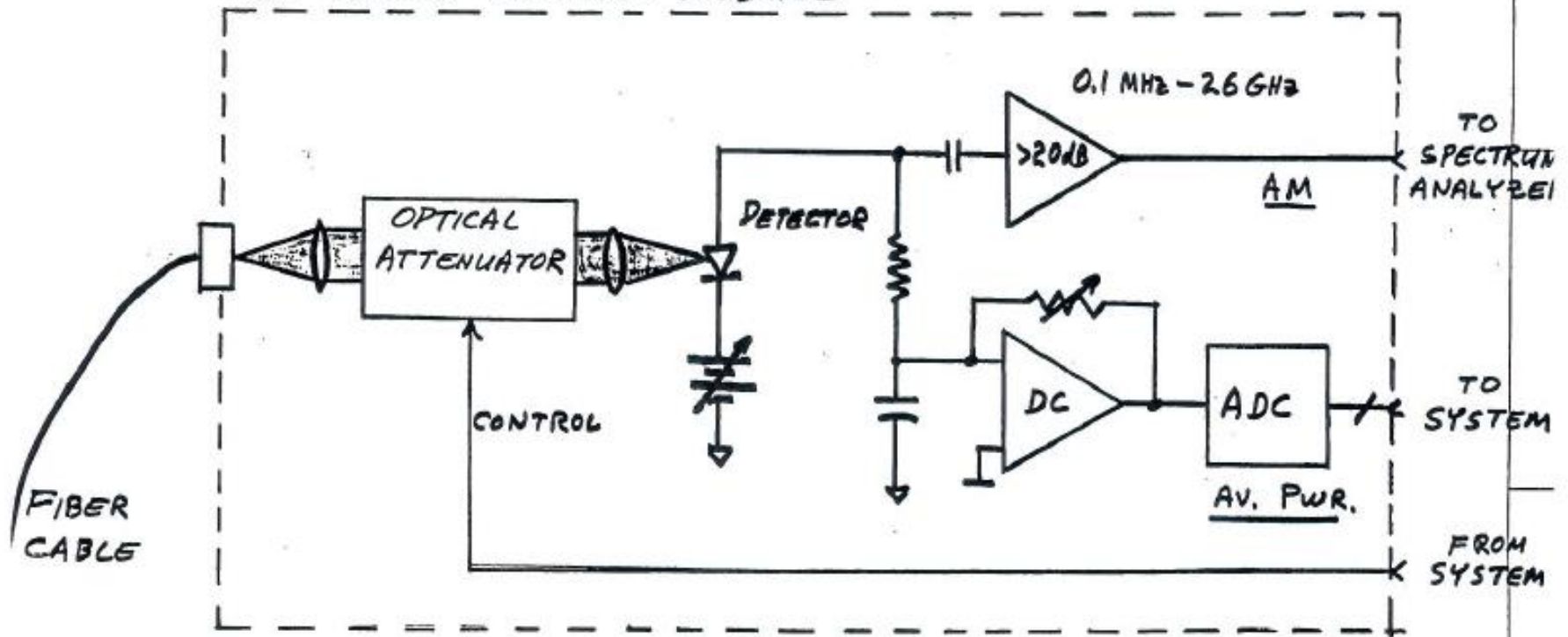
DNA



# The 1985 Idea for What Became the HP71400A [1988]

## SIGNAL ANALYZER OPTICAL CONVERTOR

HP 70000 SYSTEM MODULE



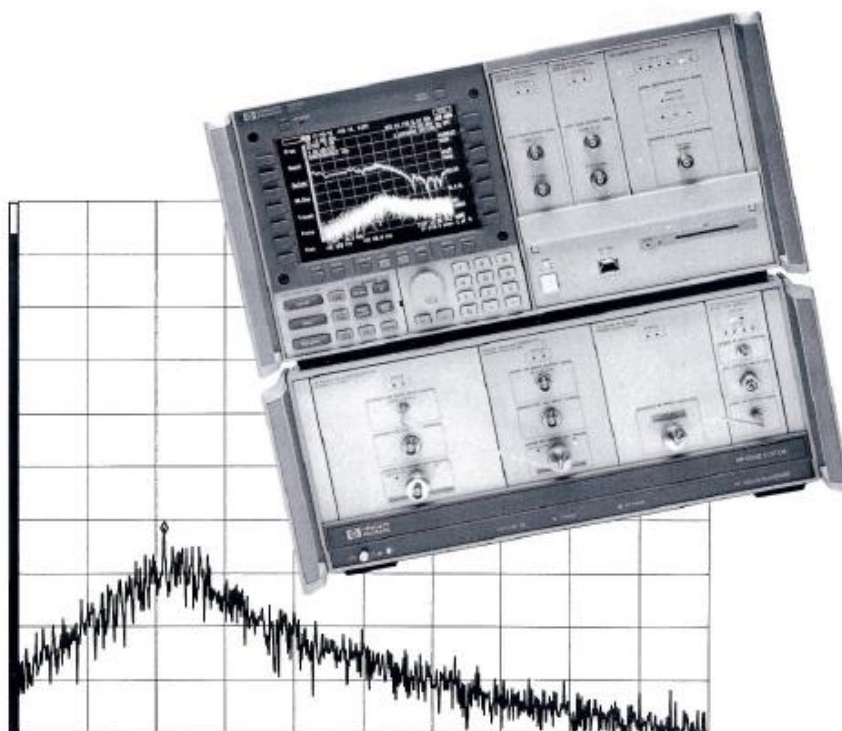
1988



# HP 71400 Lightwave Signal Analyzer

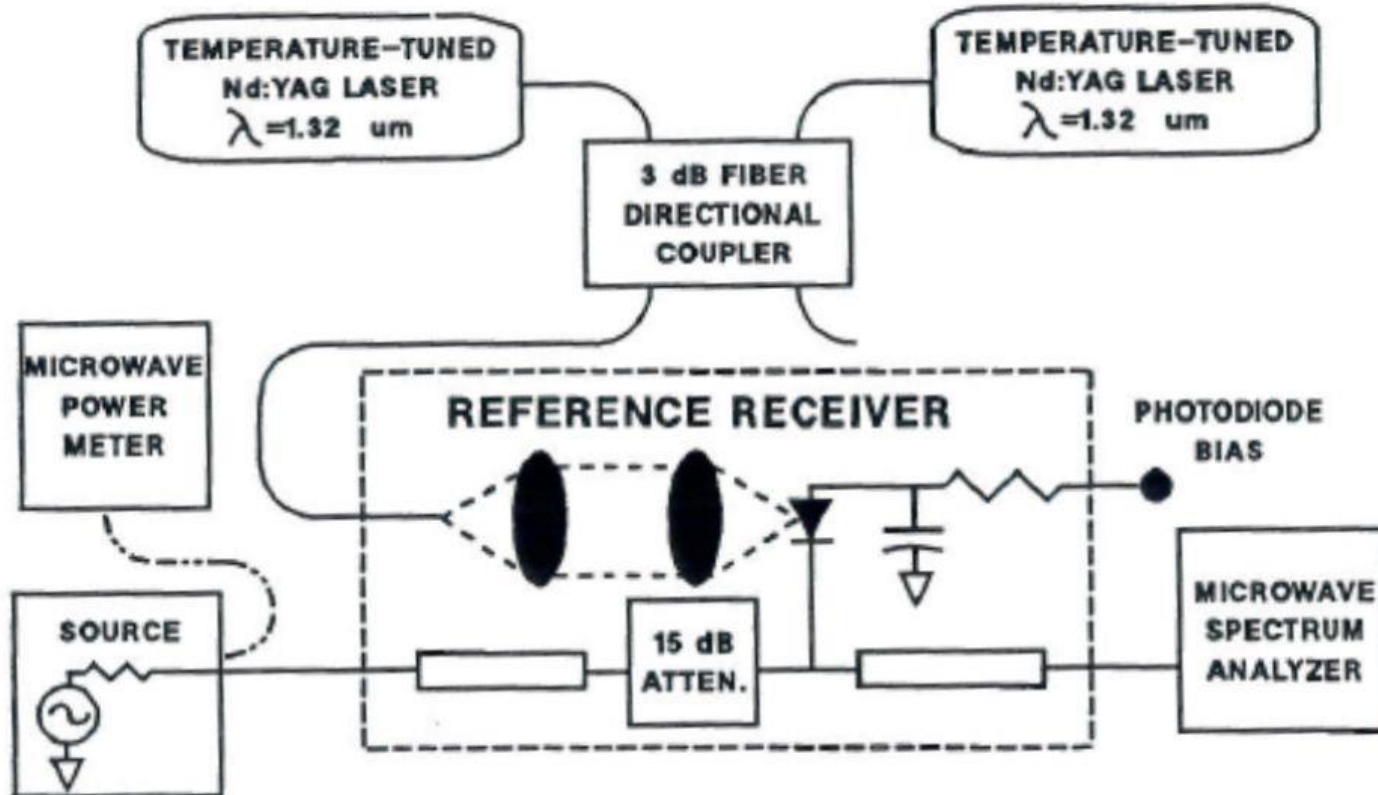
Application Note 371

Measuring  
Modulated Light



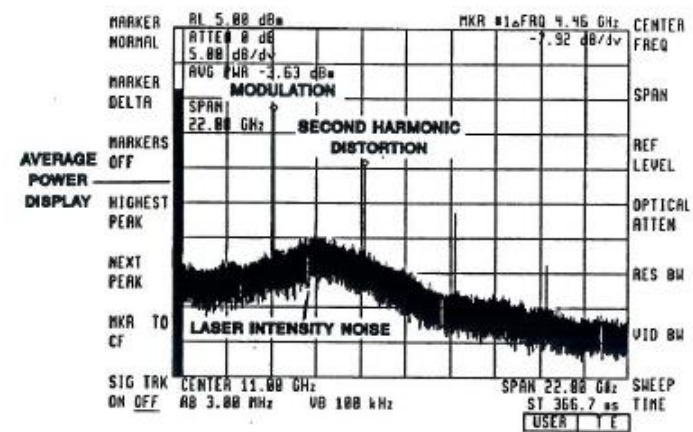
# The 71400 Was Calibrated with Optical Heterodyne

## REFERENCE RECEIVER CALIBRATION



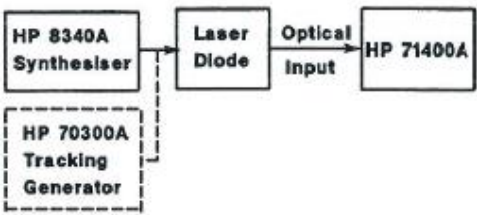
# Some 71400 Laser Measurements

## SYSTEM DISPLAY OF A CW MODULATED LASER DIODE

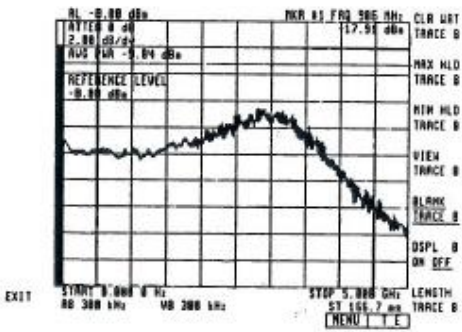


## MEASURING MODULATION FREQUENCY RESPONSE

### SETUP

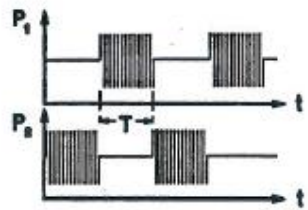
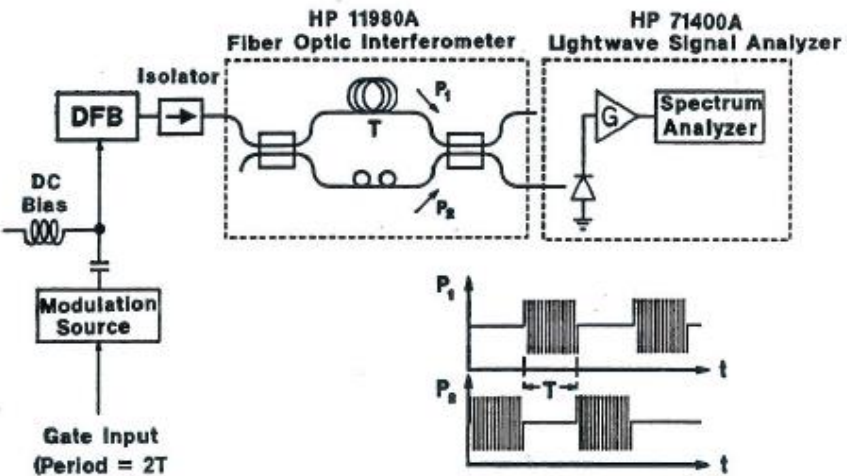


### DISPLAY

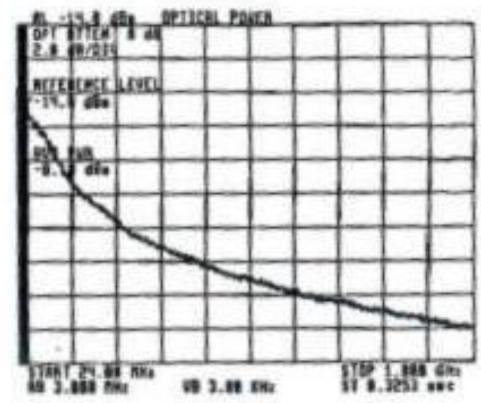


# Laser Linewidth and Chirp Measurements

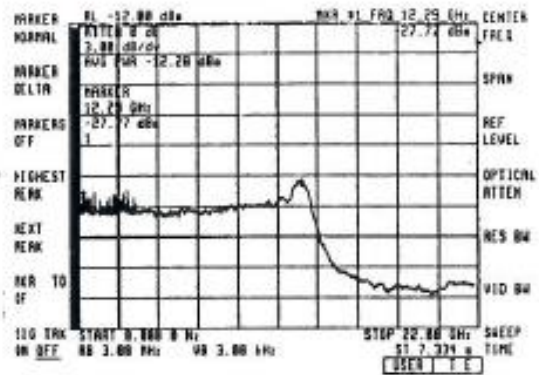
## THE GATED-DELAYED SELF-HOMODYNE TECHNIQUE



### CW Laser Linewidth



### Chirped Laser Linewidth





# The SAD Lightwave Team, 1987



**Left to Right: Kenn Wildnauer, Jimmy Yarnell, Rory Van Tuyl, Dennis Derickson, Caroline Lucas [Group Administrative Assistant], Doug Baney, Chris Miller, Dave Bailey, Louis Williams [intern].**

# Projects 1969-2009

**1969-1989**

**500MHz Si ICs**

**5340A Counter**

**GaAs ICs at HPL**

**RFIC Circuits at SRD**

**GaAs IC Process at SRTC**

**mmW Mixer NPI**

**Lightwave Instrument Projects**

**71400A Lightwave Signal Analyzer**

**UCSB Teaching and Student ICs**





Dept. of Electrical and Computer Engineering  
University of California  
Santa Barbara, CA. 93106

## ABSTRACT

An automatic gain control amplifier for automatically-leveled output power, broadband, swept frequency applications to 3GHz has been developed. Consisting of a variable  $\pi$  attenuator, four additive-gain amplifier stages, a temperature compensated peak detector and an output buffer, the amplifier features a maximum leveled gain of 22dB, a gain control range of 25dB, good input and output matches to 50 $\Omega$  and suppressed 2<sup>nd</sup> harmonic distortion. It operates with  $\pm 6V$  power supplies and dissipates approximately 800mW.

## AMPLIFIER OVERVIEW

Figure 1 depicts a functional block diagram of the amplifier. Those elements within the dashed box are integrated on the GaAs MMIC which was fabricated in a depletion mode MESFET process with a nominal pinch-off voltage of -2.1V. (2)

At the input is a simple  $\pi$  attenuator consisting of 2 shunt resistors and a series FET. It provides a 25dB range of attenuation, is regulated by a single control voltage, and has a worst case return loss of 12dB. The attenuator is located at the input of the amplifier, where the signal is smallest, to minimize the distortion it introduces.

The signal from the attenuator is capacitively coupled to four additive-gain amplifiers. (3) Each stage has about 5dB of voltage gain when driving the input of a similar stage.

The output buffer provides constant voltage gain and a good match to 50 $\Omega$  over the entire band (worst case return loss of 15 dB) so that the incident power to an external load is held constant. A logical extension of the additive amplifier, its push-pull operation provides suppression of 2<sup>nd</sup> harmonic distortion.

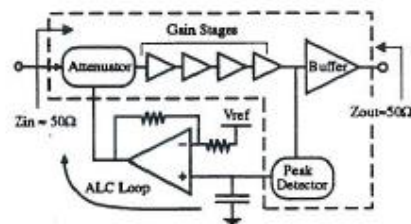


Fig. 1. Functional block diagram of the MMIC chip (inside dashed lines), being used to level output power against variations in input power.

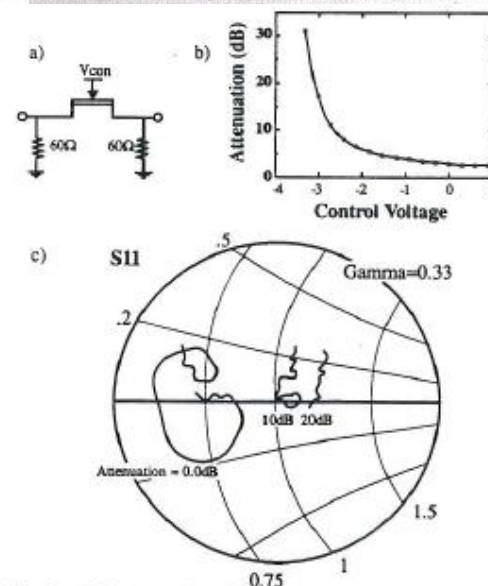
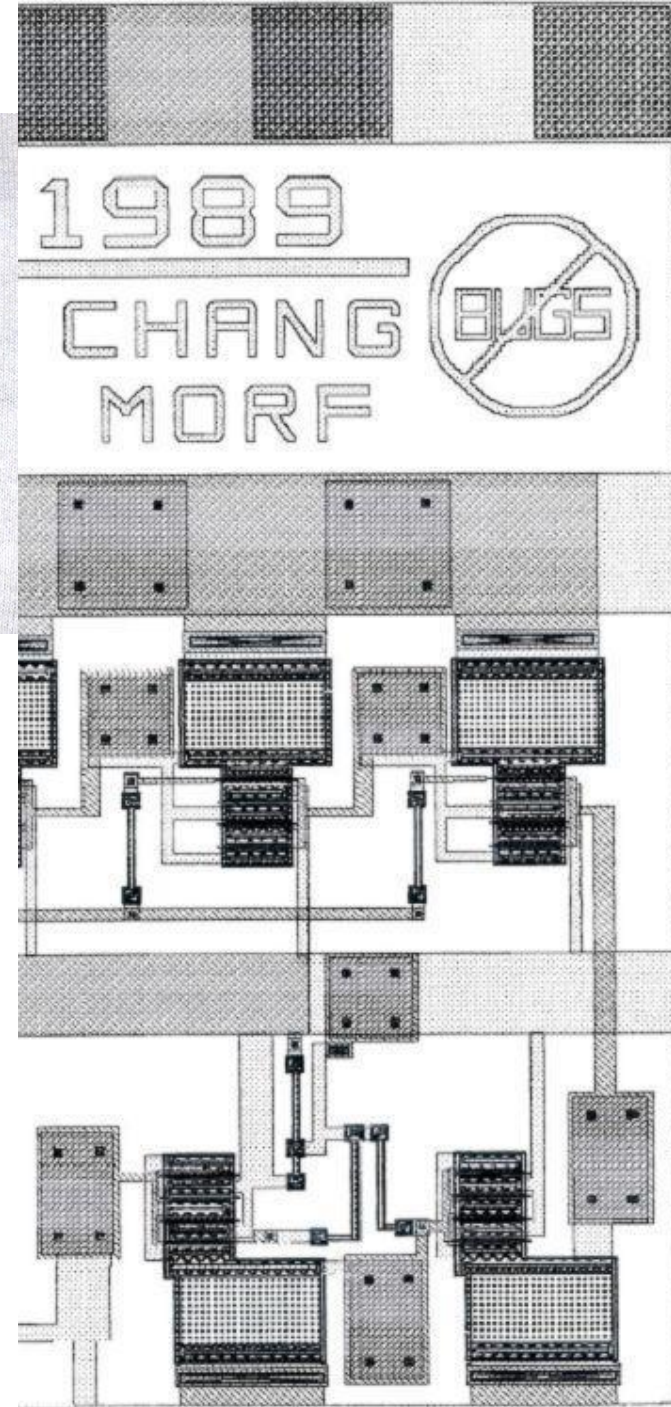


Fig. 2. a) One-control-terminal attenuator. b) Measured attenuation versus control voltage. c) Input reflection coefficient from 0.1 to 10 GHz for three values of attenuation.



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## 1990-2009 HP Labs

**E-O Wafer Test**

**GaAs HBT IC Process**

**Optical Microwave Generation**

**InP FET ICs**

**Data Grid Proposal**

**60GHz Politics**

**60GHz Radio R&D**

**40Gb/s BERT**

**InP HBT ICs**

**Telecom Jitter Measurement**

**OptoProbe**

**Optical Sampling**

**DNA**

## 1989: Return to HP Labs



Gary Baldwin, Director  
High Speed Device Lab



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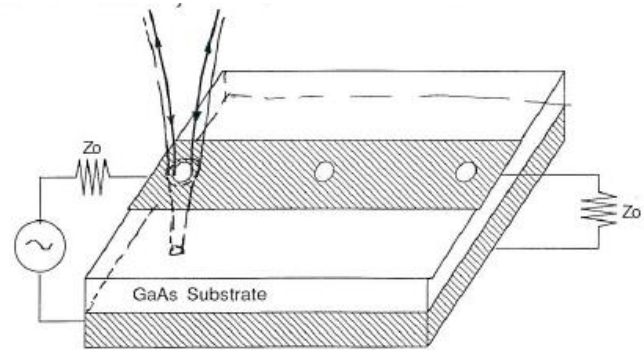
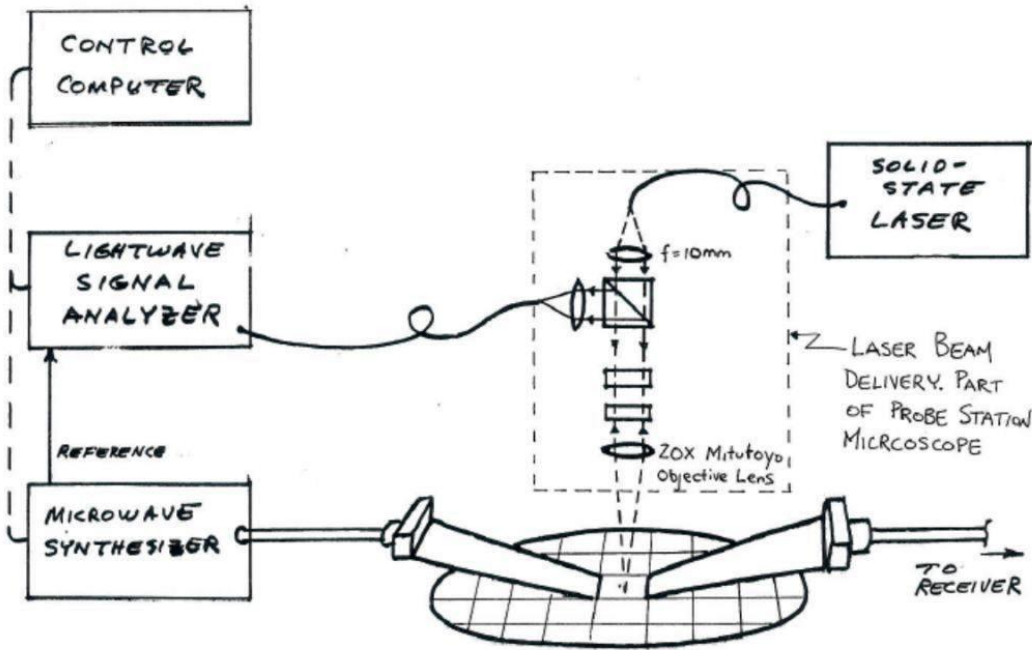
**Telecom Jitter Measurement**

**OptoProbe**

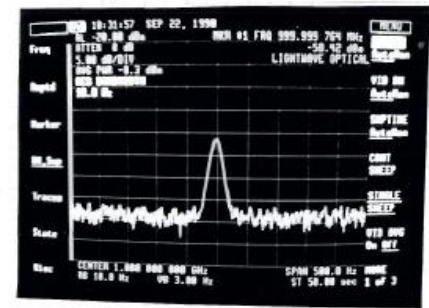
**Optical Sampling**

**DNA**

# CW E-O Probing of MMICs [with Mike Kauffman]



Probe Input of Terminated Line



Continued on Page

R Van-Tuyf      9/27/90      Michael Kauffman      10/03/90

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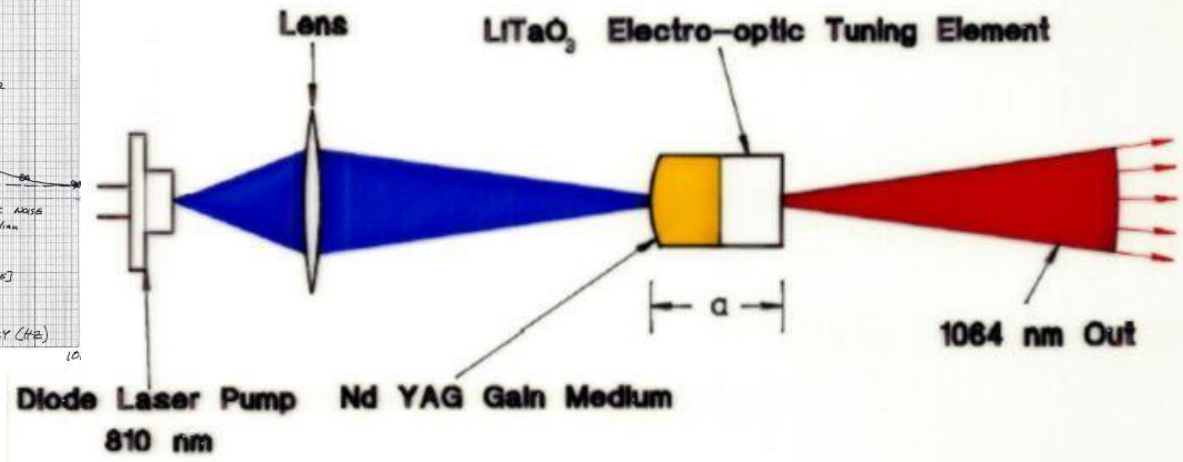
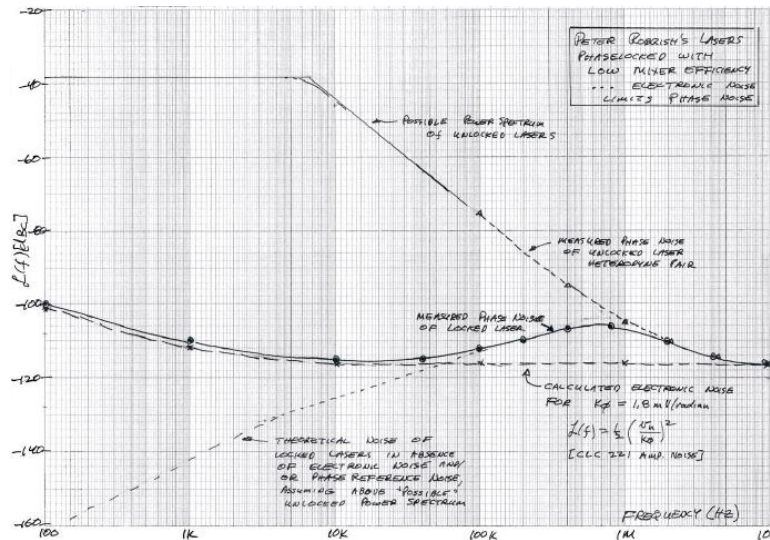
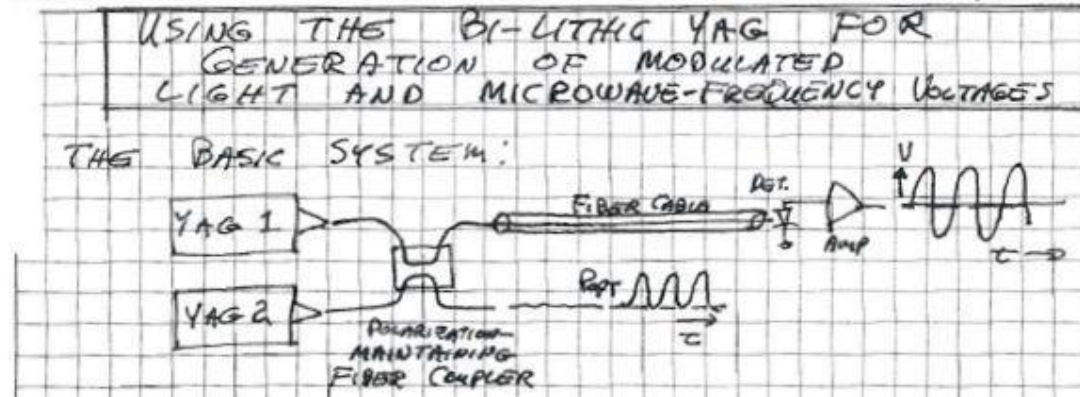
**DNA**

# Optical Microwave Generation [with Robrish & Madden]

HPL 10160- 4  
PROJECT

Hewlett-Packard Laboratories

Continued From Page 3



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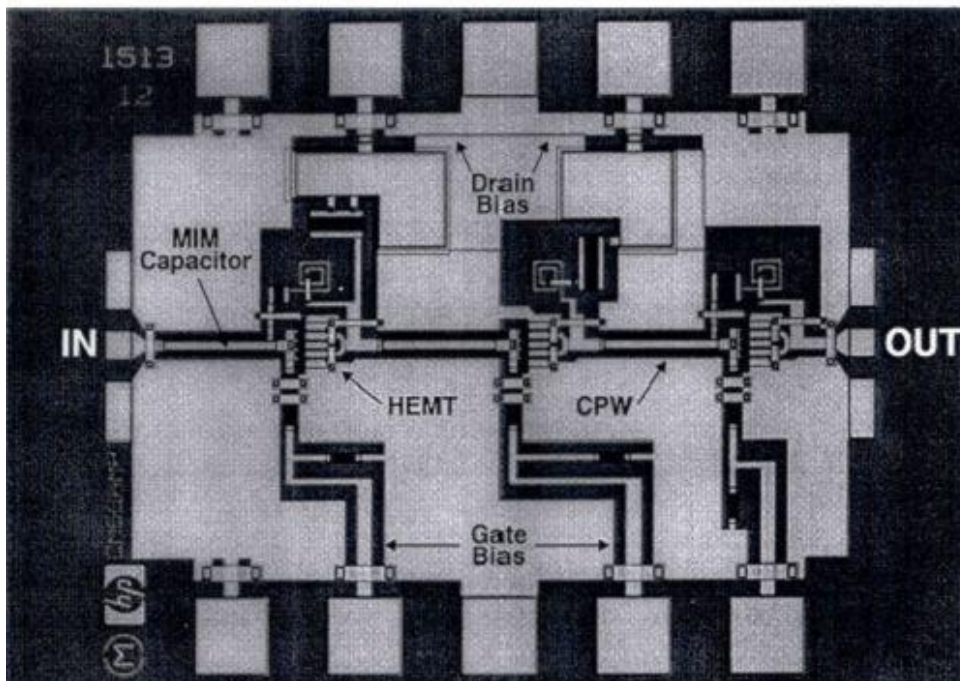
**Optical Sampling**

**DNA**



# InP FET Amplifier [with C. Madden and Hughes Labs]

## 0.1 - 70 GHz Amplifier IC



Chip Size: 1015  $\mu\text{m}$  x 850  $\mu\text{m}$

Gain	$17 \pm 0.6$ dB
Bandwidth	0.1–70 GHz
Noise Figure (8–16 GHz)	5.8 dB
Return Loss > 9 dB	0.05–24 GHz
$P_{1\text{dB}}$ (out)	+6 dBm
3 <sup>rd</sup> Harmonic (@ $P_{1\text{dB}}$ )	-23 dBc
Chip Area	0.9 mm <sup>2</sup>
Power Dissipation	190 mW

# InP FET Frequency Divider [with C. Madden & HRL]

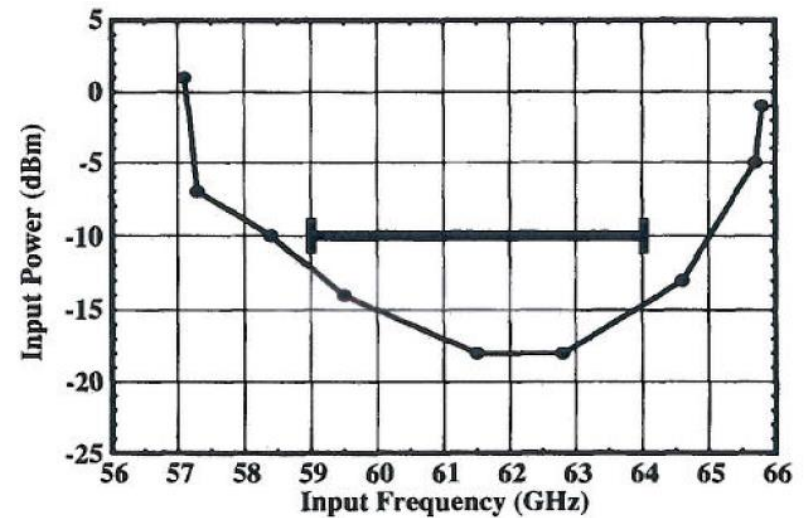
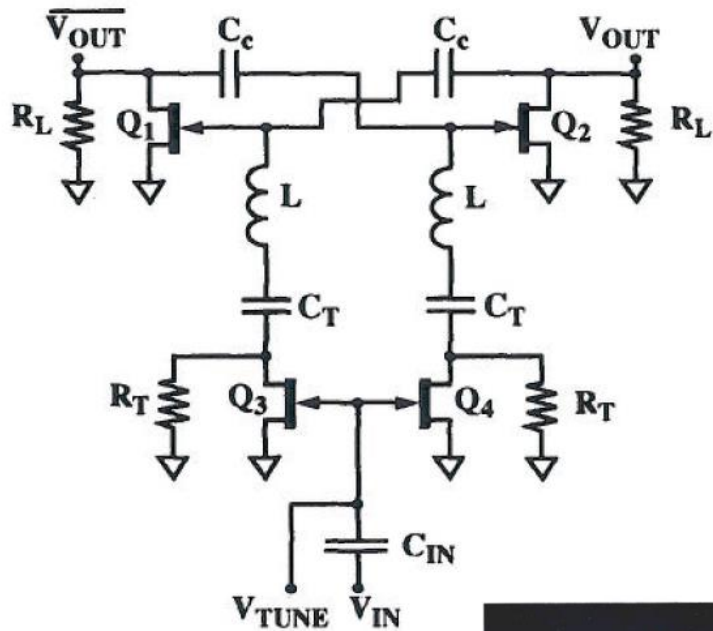
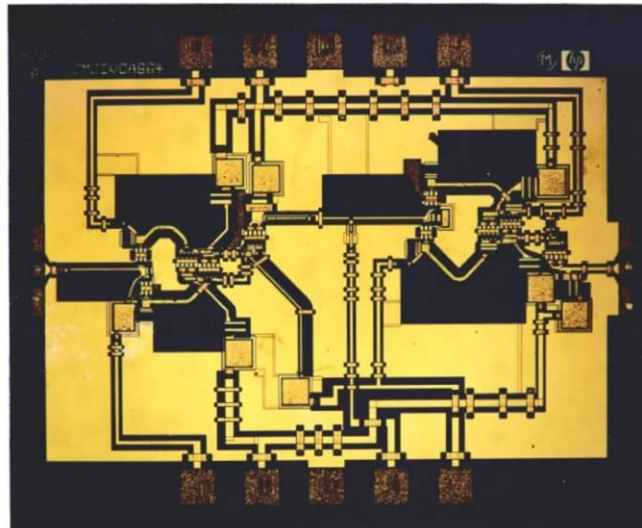


Figure 10. V-band Divider Input Sensitivity in the 59-64 GHz band.



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**Optical Sampling**

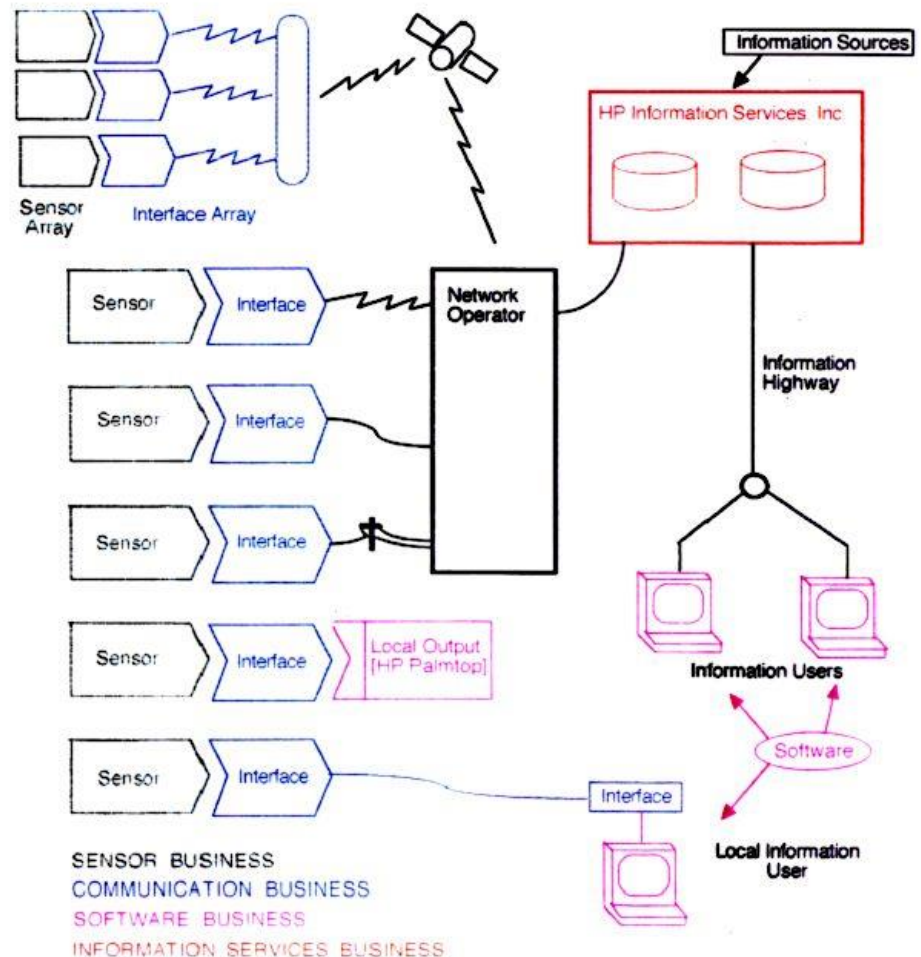
**DNA**

# 1993

## The HP Remote Sensing Data Grid

### Several Key Historical Dates:

- HP Data Grid Proposal ... August, 1993
- Mosaic Web Browser Introduces Worldwide Web to Engineers and Scientists...November, 1993
- Netscape Navigator takes www Mainstream...Dec. 1994
- 2G Cell Phone service grows rapidly...1991-2001
- Iridium Satellites Launched...1998
- Microsoft Internet Explorer Takes Off, and with it the "Internet" Boom...1999



Company Confidential

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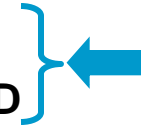
**InP HBT ICs**

**Telecom Jitter Measurement**

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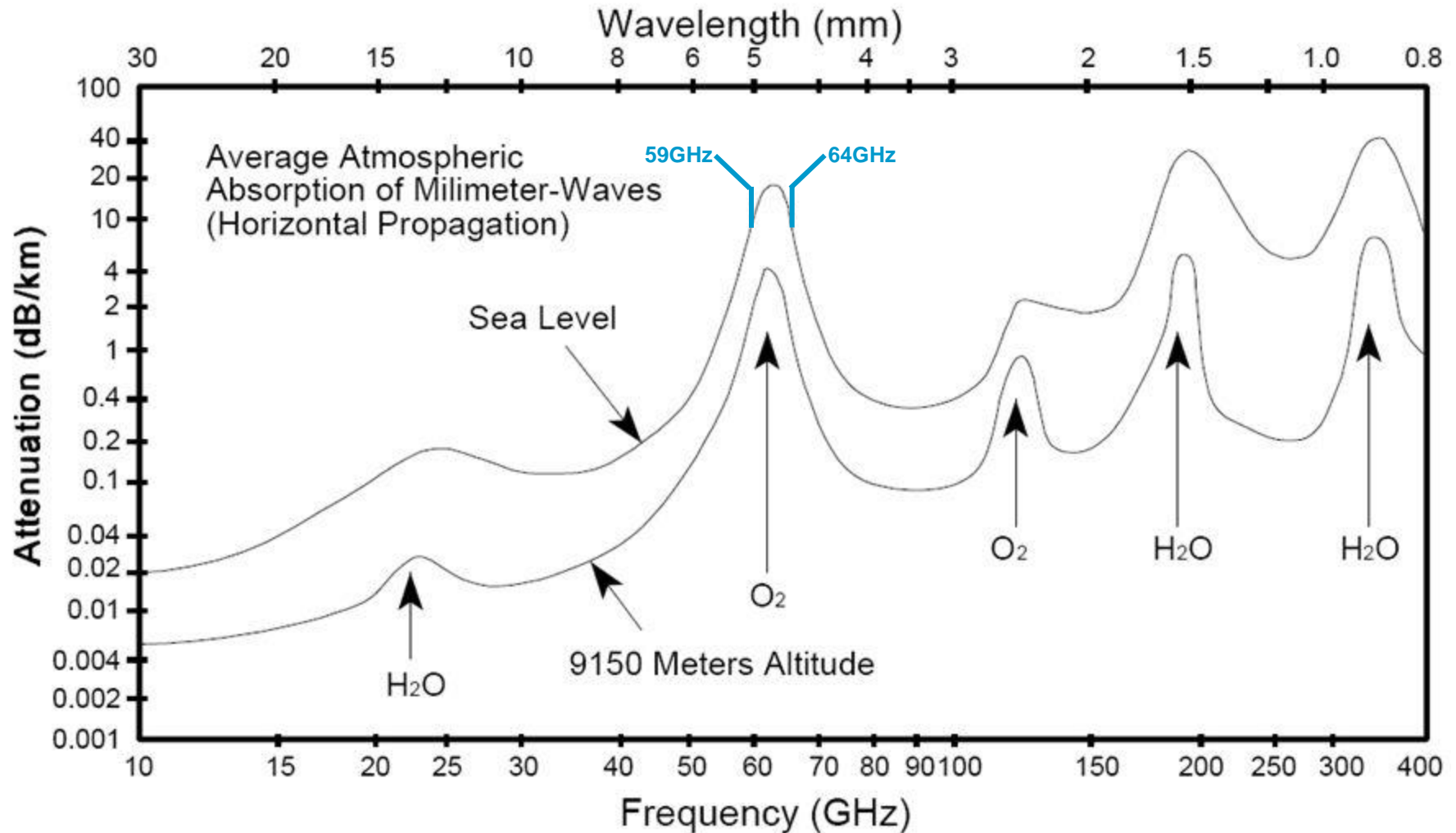
**Optical Sampling**

**DNA**





# The Oxygen Absorption Band



**Figure 1.** Atmospheric Absorption of Millimeter Waves

# Why Not Use This “Useless” Spectrum?

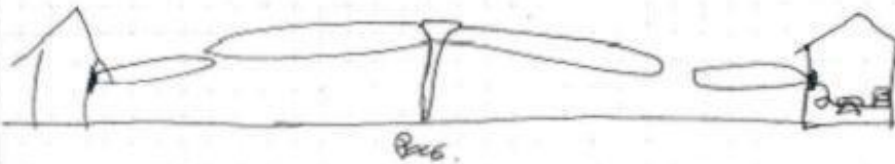
HPL 1582- 70

Project Focused Laboratory

Continued From Page \_\_\_\_\_

PROJECT

ELIMINATE CATV OR PHONE WIRES TO HOMES!



FOR THIS, 60 GHz COULD BE GOOD BECAUSE  
15dB/KM ATTENUATION COULD PREVENT  
PROBLEM, ALLOW SPECTRAL RE-USE.

R Van Tyll

9/2/92

Revised and Printed 1/10/00

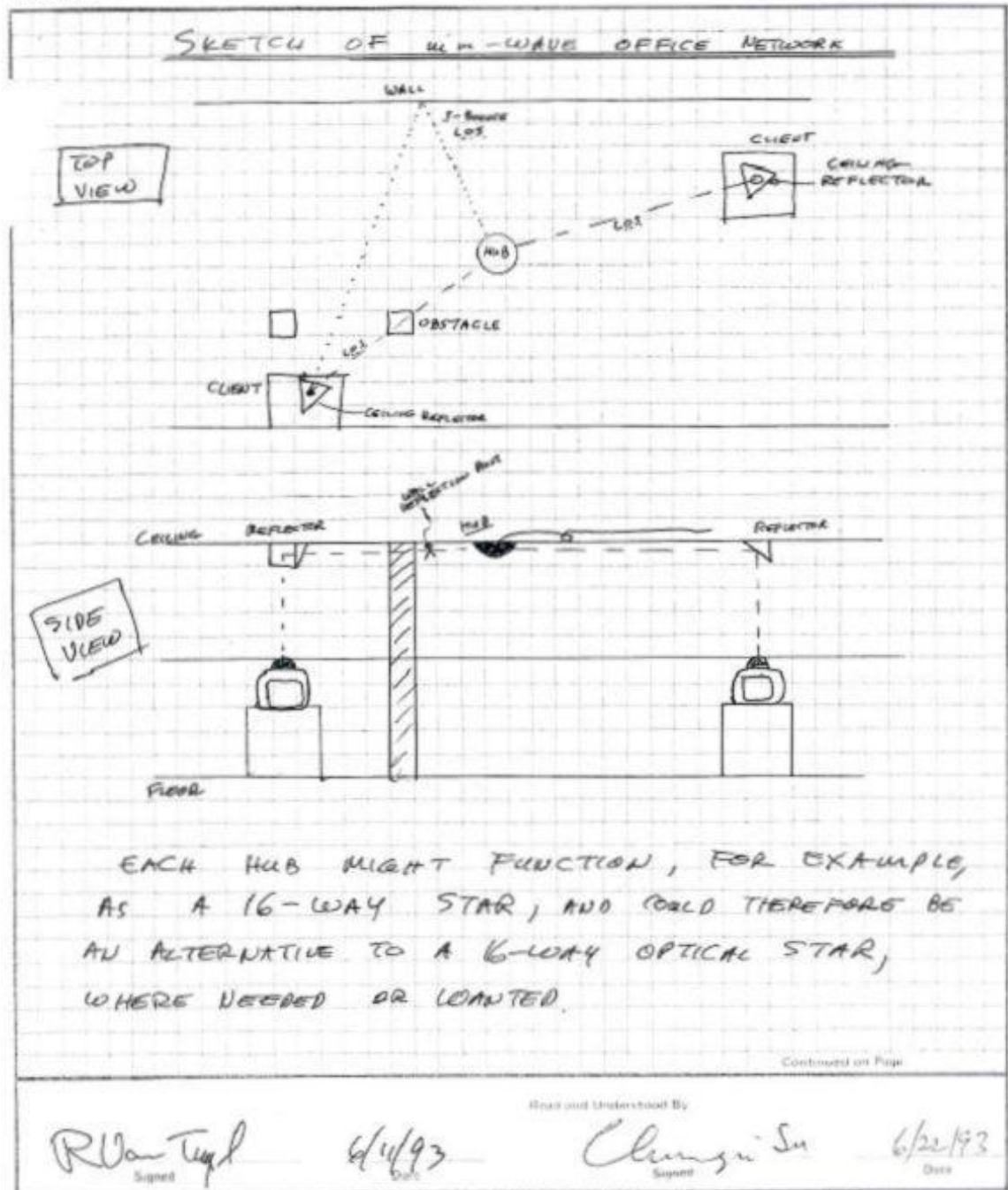
Signal

Date

# The Office LAN

This seemed like an ideal business for HP.  
Lots of Bandwidth would be Needed.  
60GHz Would be Ideal!

But to Use 60GHz, we would need:  
**FCC Approval**



# The NPRM

FCC 94-273

Before the  
FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION  
Washington, D. C. 20554

In the Matter of )  
 )  
Amendment of Parts 2 and 15 )  
of the Commission's Rules to Permit ) ET Docket No. 94-124  
Use of Radio Frequencies Above 40 GHz ) RM-8308  
for New Radio Applications )

We First Contacted the FCC in April, 1994  
To Urge Opening the 59-64GHz Band to Unlicensed Radio.

## NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULE MAKING

Adopted: October 20, 1994 ; Released November 8, 1994

**Comment Date:** January 30, 1995

**Reply Comment Date:** March 1, 1995

By the Commission:

By this Date we had a team in place at HP Labs  
and were well advanced on our hardware design

## INTRODUCTION

1. By this action, the Commission proposes to open for commercial development and use a portion of the "millimeter wave" frequency bands above 40 GHz.<sup>1</sup> To date, millimeter wave technology has been limited to military and scientific applications. The proposals set forth herein will encourage use of this technology in commercial products and services.

# The Report and Order



## NEWS

Federal Communications Commission  
1919 - M Street, N.W.  
Washington, D. C. 20554

This is an official announcement of Commission action. Release of the full text of a Commission order constitutes official action. See 47 C.F.R. § 1.121 (D.C. Circ. 1974).

News media information 202 / 418-0500  
Fax-On-Demand 202 / 418-2830  
Internet: <http://www.fcc.gov>  
[ftp.fcc.gov](ftp://ftp.fcc.gov)

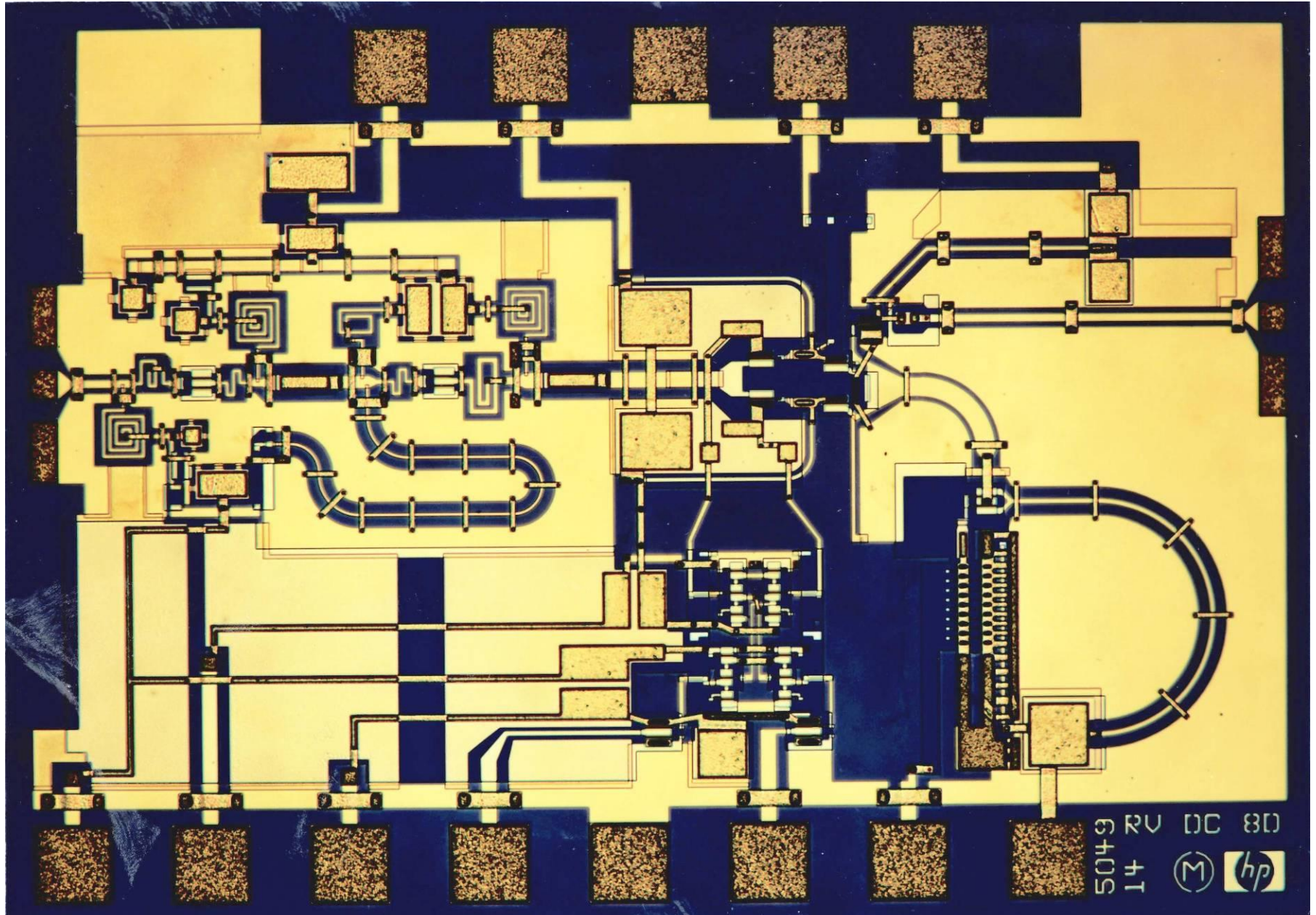
Report No. DC- ACTION IN DOCKET CASE December 15, 1995

COMMISSION OPENS A PORTION OF THE "MILLIMETER WAVE" FREQUENCY  
BANDS ABOVE 40 GHz FOR COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT AND USE, PROPOSES  
ADDITIONAL RULE CHANGES RELATING TO THE USE OF THE 46.7-46.9 GHz,  
59-64 GHz AND 76-77 GHz BANDS  
(ET DOCKET NO. 94-124)

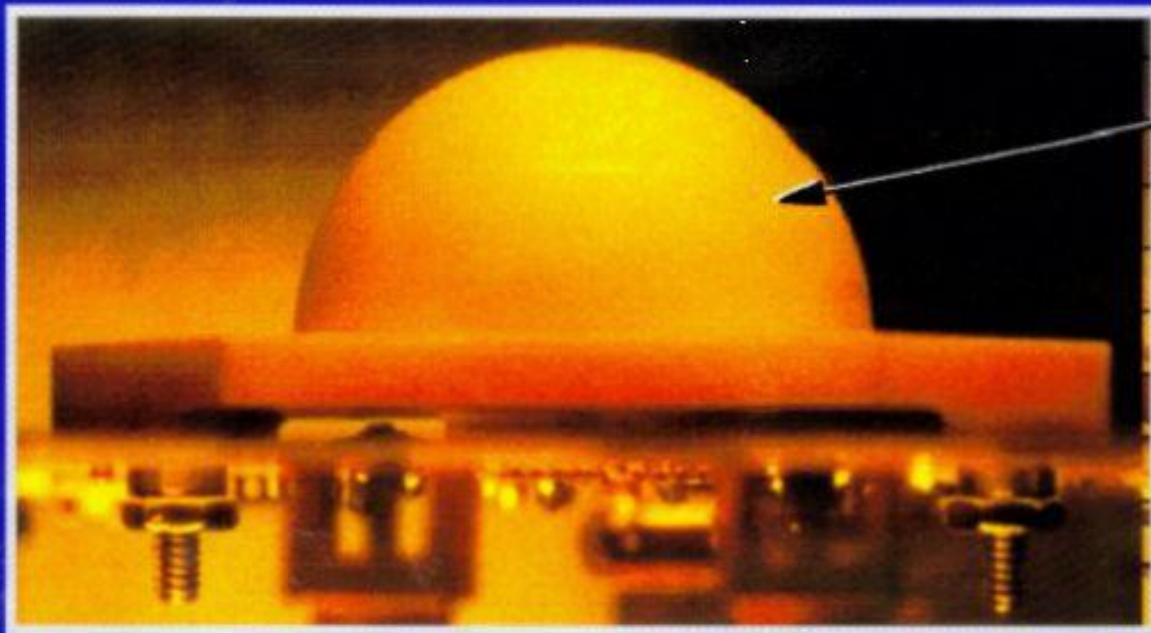
After Much Lobbying in Writing and In Person,  
we got what we wanted! By this time we had built  
and demonstrated our first 60GHz radio link.



# 60GHz Receiver MMIC [HRL InP FETs]



# A miniature 60 GHz radio front end



High gain lens

For scale

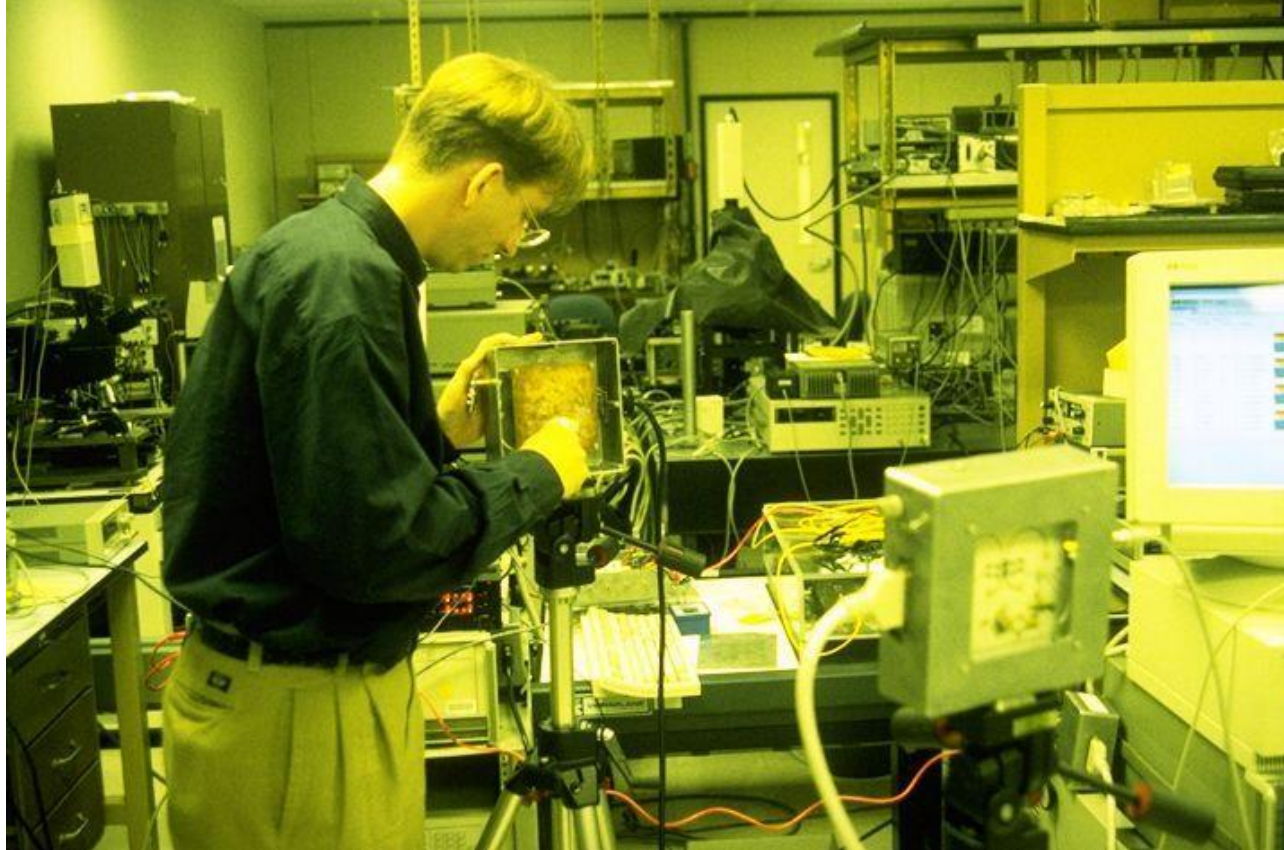


Ceramic carrier

60 GHz MMICs

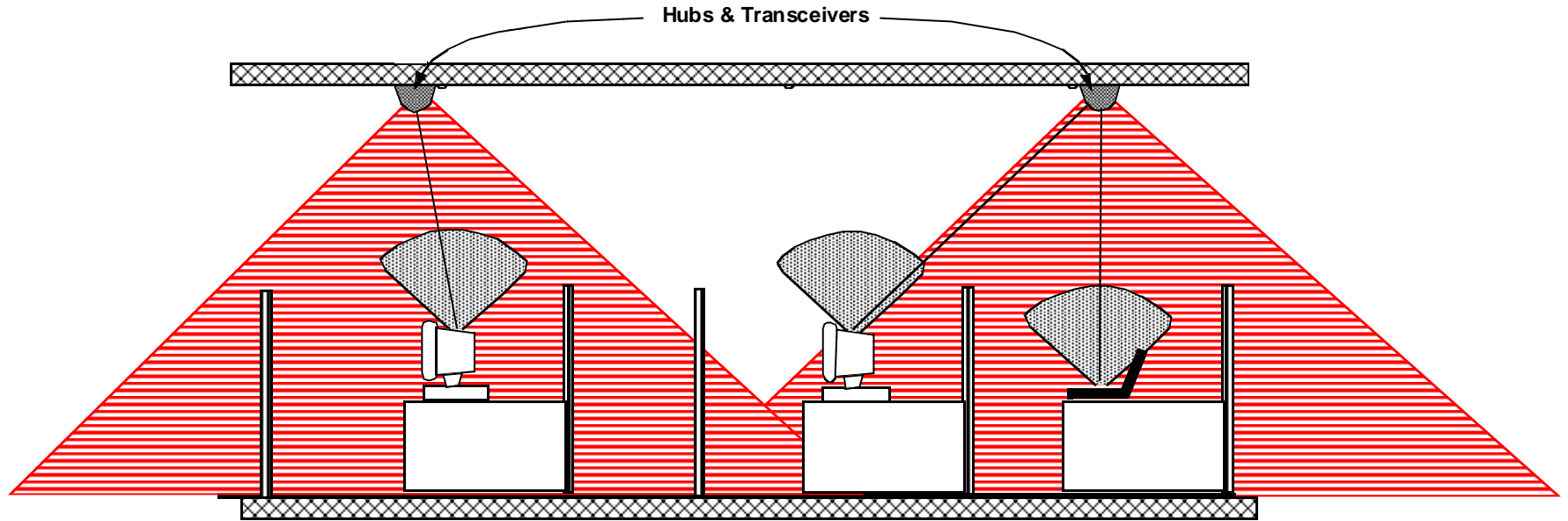


# Mike Kauffman and his 60GHz Radio

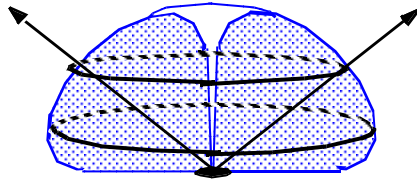


**155Mb/s Indoor Link: December 1995**

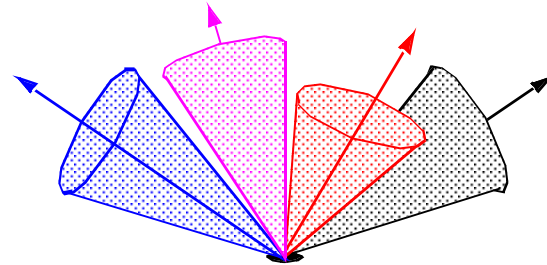
# The Office LAN Concept



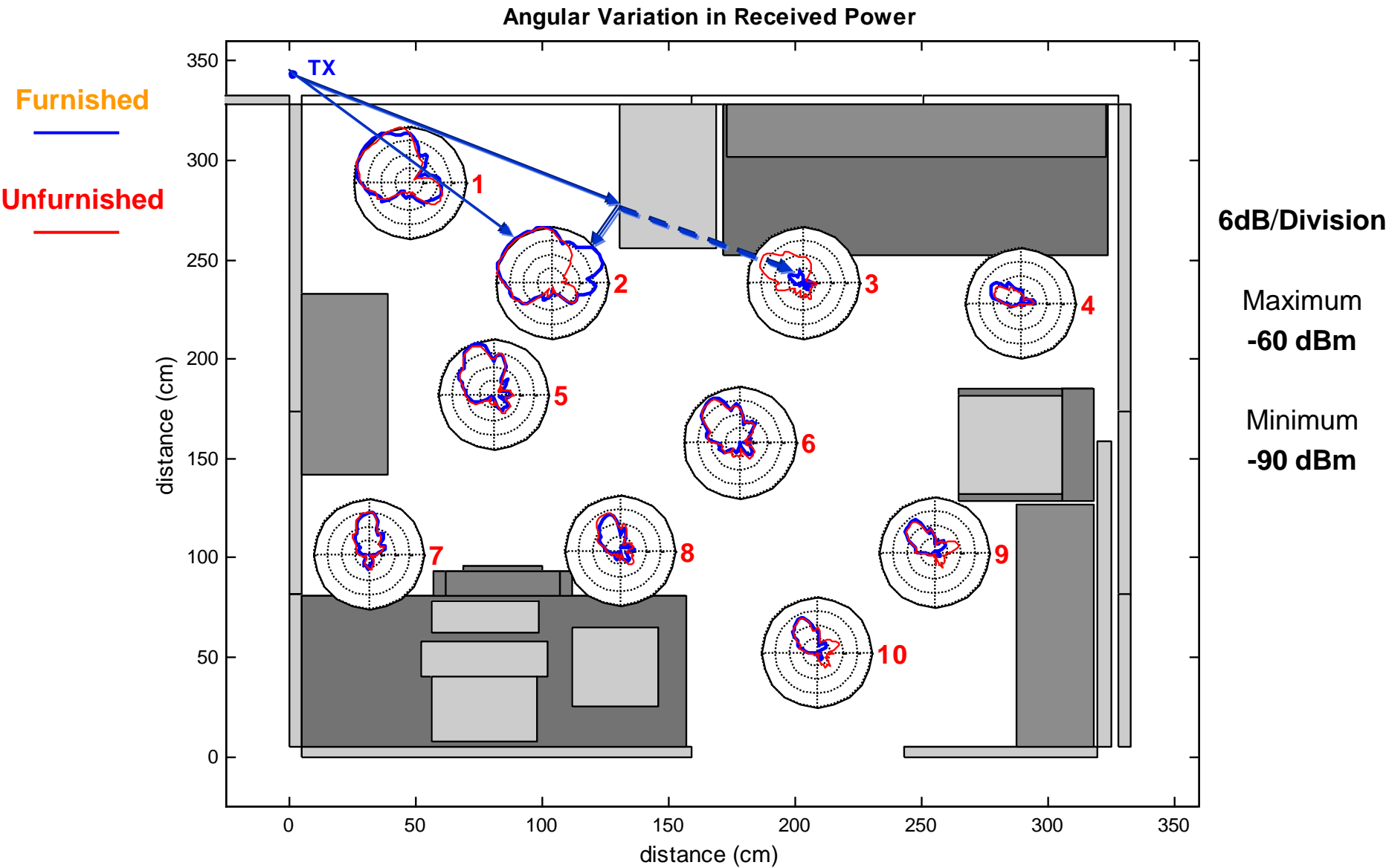
*Up-Tilted Omni*



*Steerable Four Sector Patch*

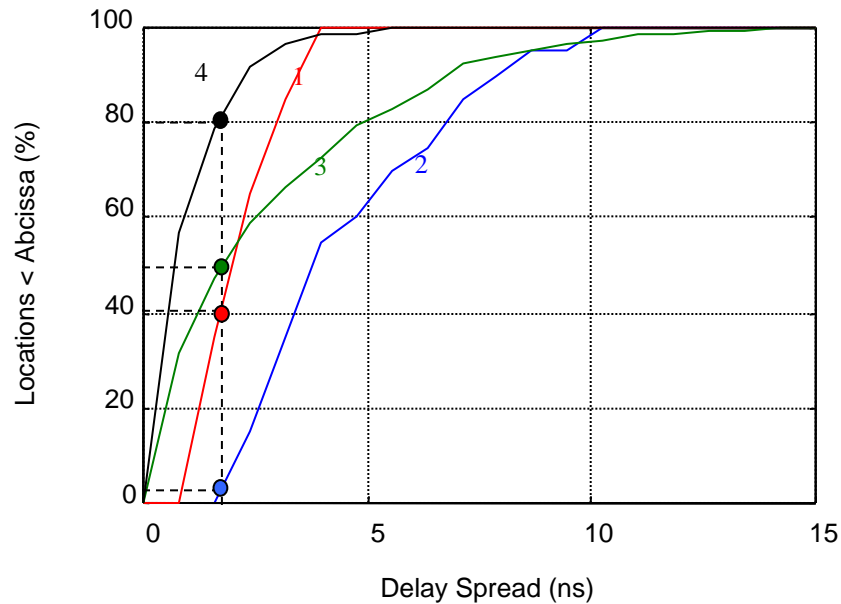


# 60GHz Channel Sounding of a Cubicle Office





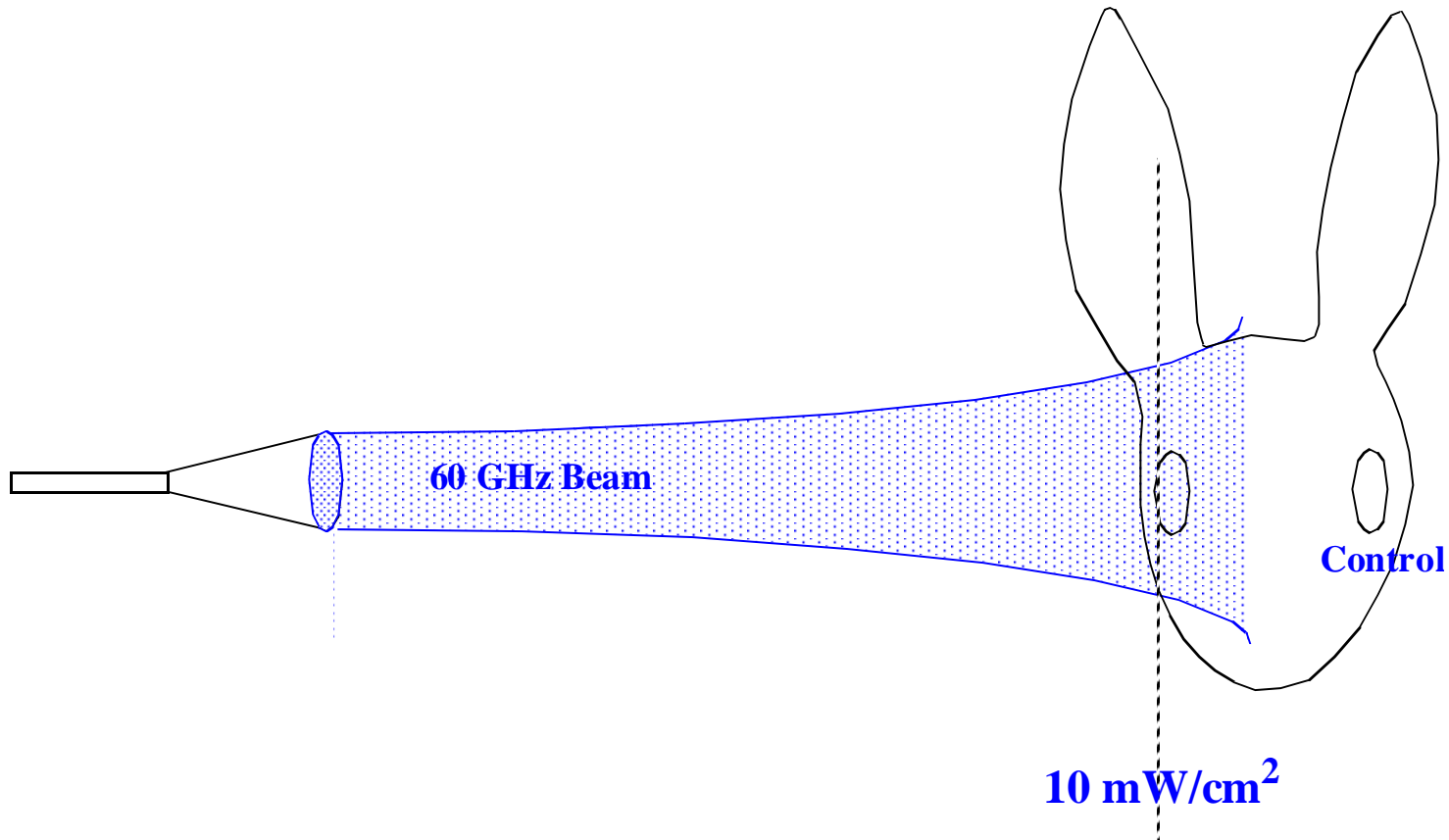
# Delay Spreads for Office Cubicle Environment



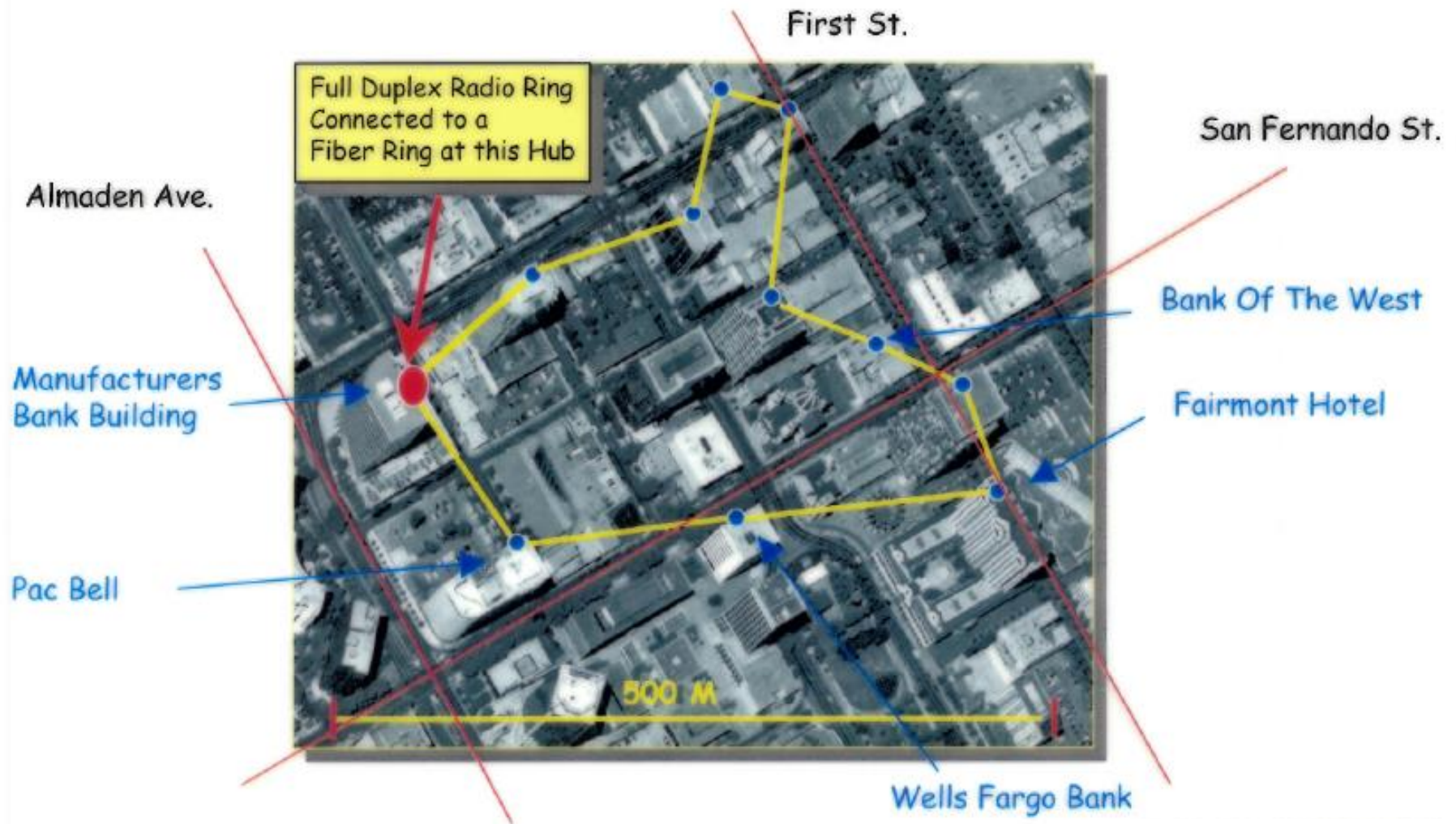
- 1) Ceiling-Mounted Base Station Configuration : Directional Mobile
- 2) Cubicle-Mounted Base Station : Omni-Directional Mobile
- 3) Cubicle-Mounted Base Station : Directional Mobile, using single BS
- 4) Cubicle-Mounted Base Station : Directional Mobile, choice of BS1 or BS2

# HP Funded and Collaborated on a Study of Eye Safety at JH-APL

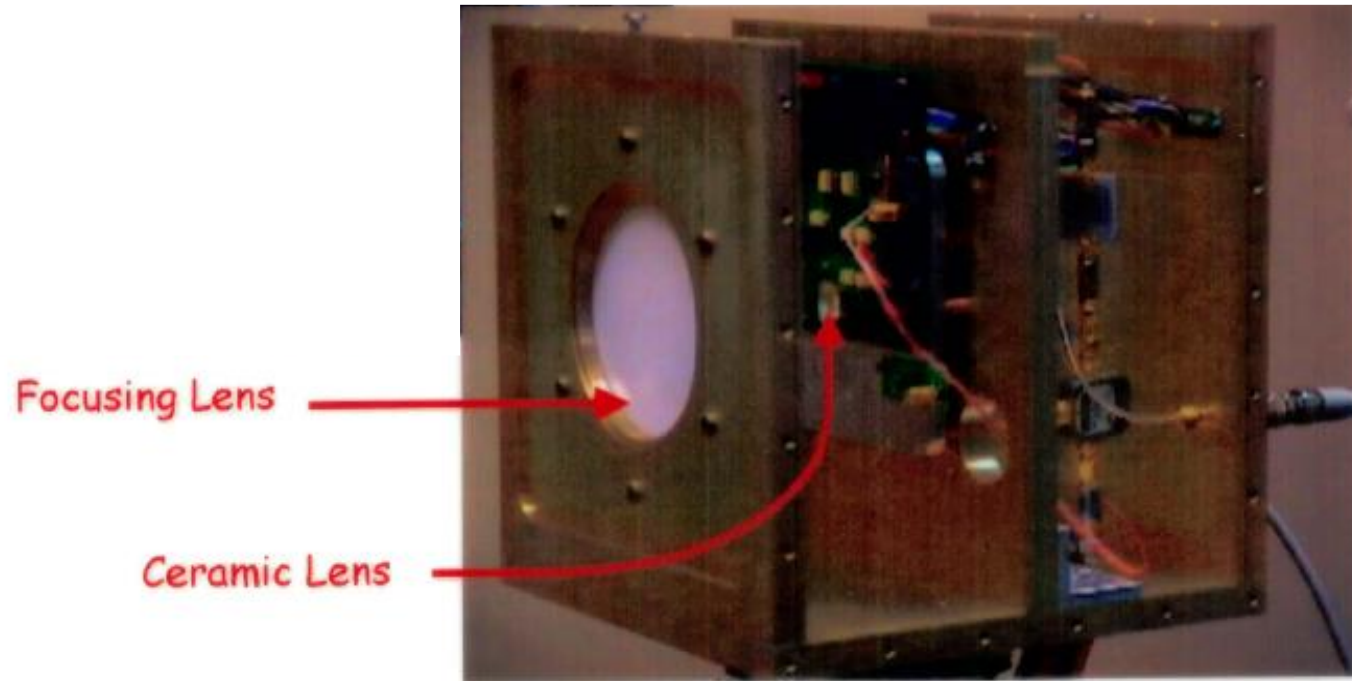
## The Conclusion: 60GHz is Safe Up to At Least 10mW/cm<sup>2</sup>



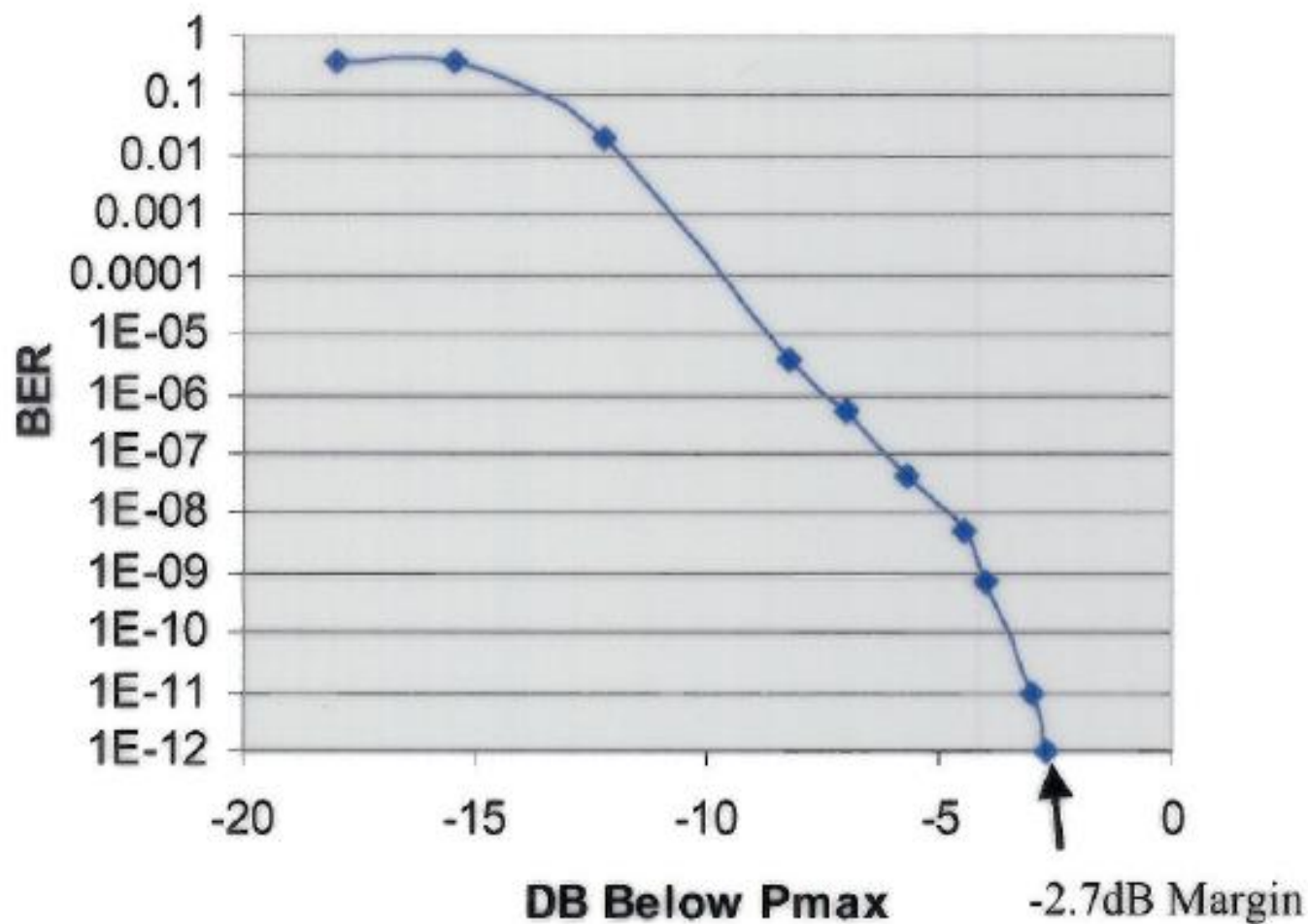
# Radio Ring Detail For San Jose



# Project 2000: A Gigabit Ethernet Pt.-Pt. Link



# Bit Error Rate-vs-Transmitter Power for 350m Field Test





# The 60GHz Pt.-Pt. Link Team in 1999



L-R: Brian Donoghue; Herb Ko; Rory Van Tuyl; Matt Schefer; Dave Briscoe; Greg Lee

Gary Baldwin Farewell Song  
Tune: "Big C"  
To hear the tune, go to the audio clip at:  
<http://www.calband.berkeley.edu/calband/songs/bigc.html>

Black=sung

Red=spoken

Blue=notes

*A Quartet of middle-aged managers enters, jogging ...*

**Grr-ah, Grr-ah, Grr-rr-rr-ah**

*Then sing:*

We Re-port to Gary Bald-win

Loy-al managers and true [true, true, true]

We do Vu-graphs, we do mee-tings,

We do tar-gets too [boo, hoo, hoo]

We're a-bout to lose our leader

A Sterling chap so fi-yi-yine

We all recognize,

We must reorganize,

So let's take this thing off-line

*[they huddle, and chant...]*

**Grr-ah, Grr-ah, Grr-rr-rr-ah**

*[they break huddle. Jim passes a ball to John as they all mime a football play]*

Jim will lead our team's offensive

John will catch the ball so well

Ron and Rolf will clear the way for good old E-R-L [like hell!]

We will win the game for Gary

Who's off to Ber-ke-ley [hee, hee]

*Rolf Solo on knees, slower*

He's sure to have a ball

In the bowels of Cory Hall

*Resume speed*

Doing problem sets this fall!

**Grr-ah, Grr-ah, Grr-rr-rr-ah**

He's a Son of California,

Fighting for the Gold and Blue,

Palms of glory he will win

for Alma Mater true. [fight, fight, fight]

Stanford's men will soon be routed

By our dazzling "G" **G-G-G**

*Slower*

Tell the Men's Octet,

*Fall to knees, gesture toward Gary...*

Here comes a grizzled vet,

*Resume speed...*

On his way to victory!

**Gar-ry, Gar-ry, Gar-rr-rr-ry...**



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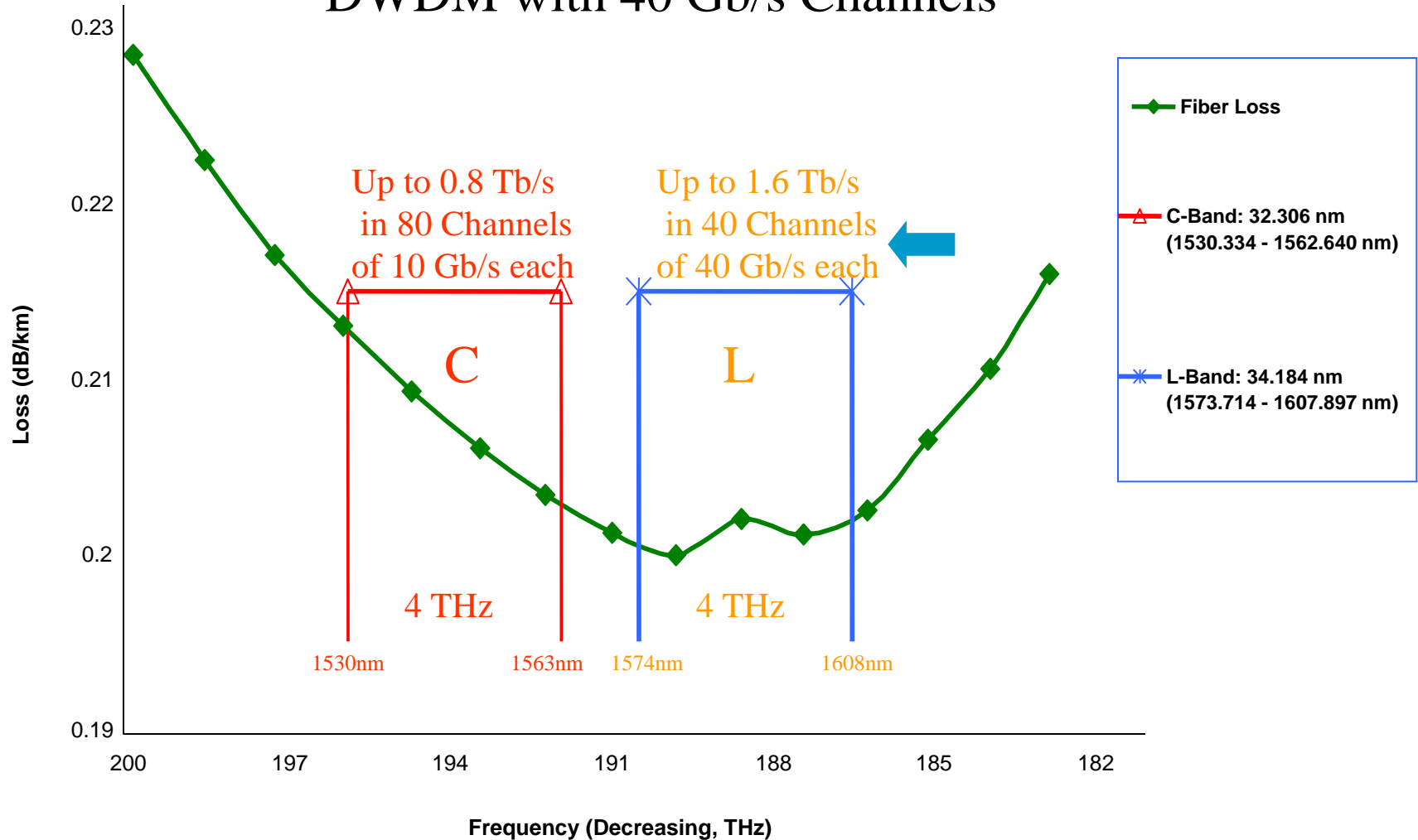
**OptoProbe**

**Optical Sampling**

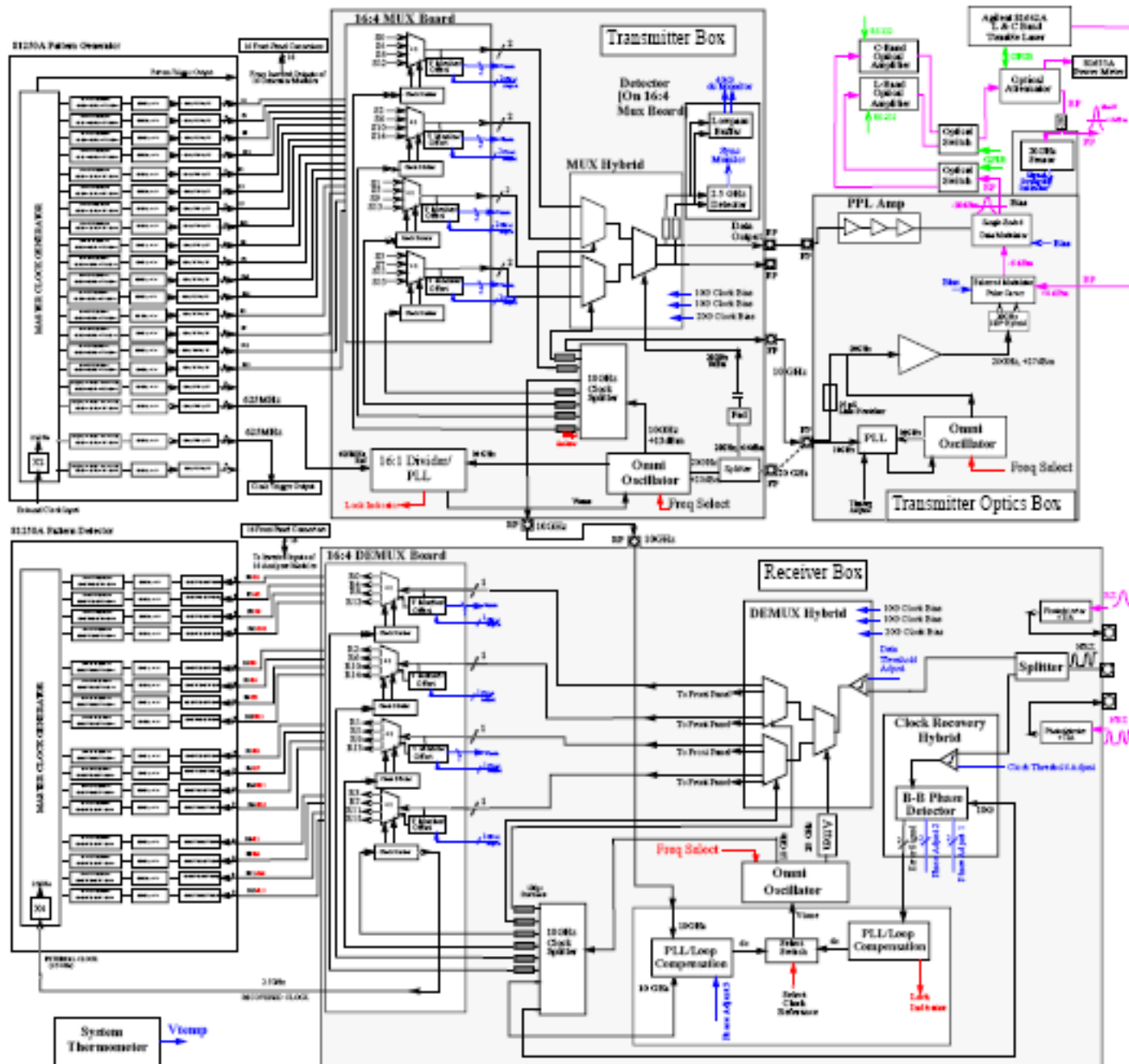
**DNA**

# The Lucent Plan circa 2000

## DWDM with 40 Gb/s Channels

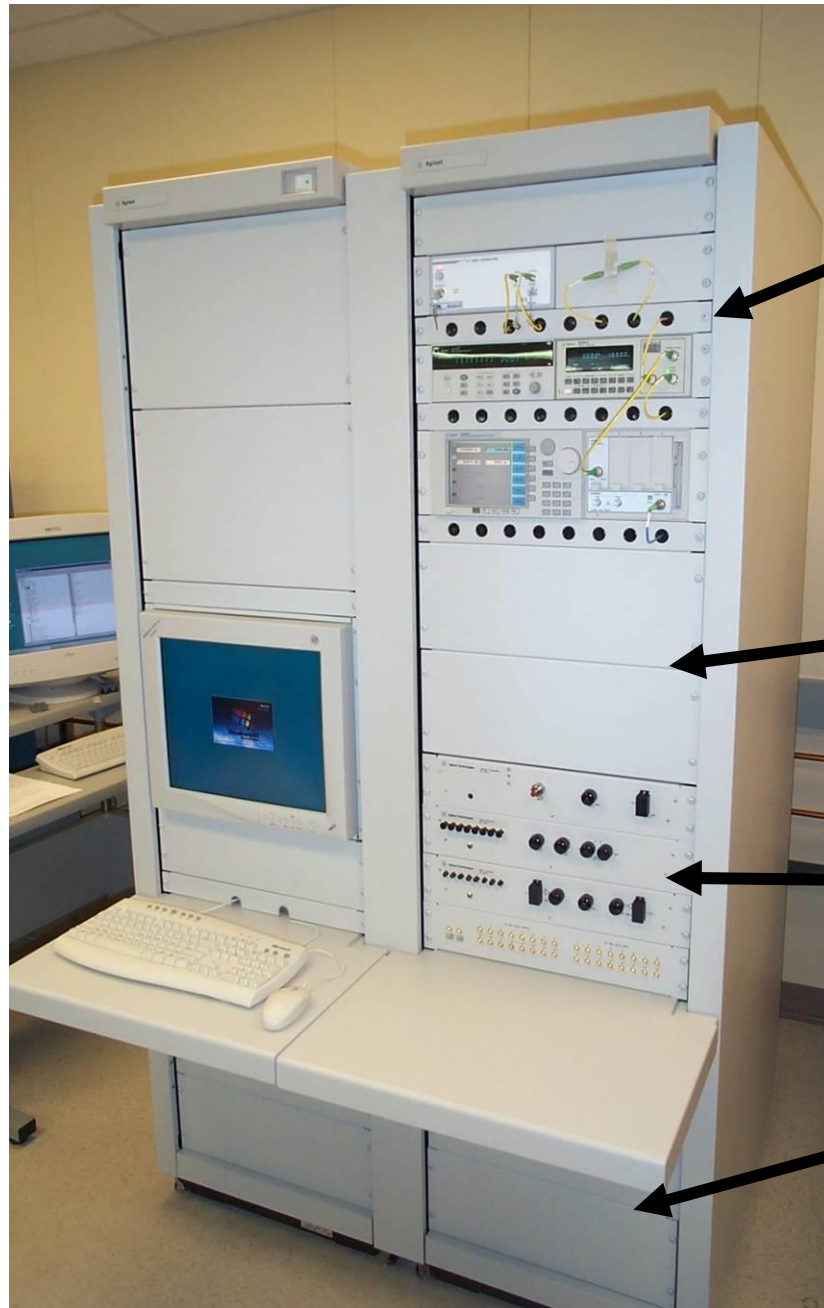


# 40G BERT System Block Diagram: Laboratory Version 3





Agilent Labs  
40G Test  
System



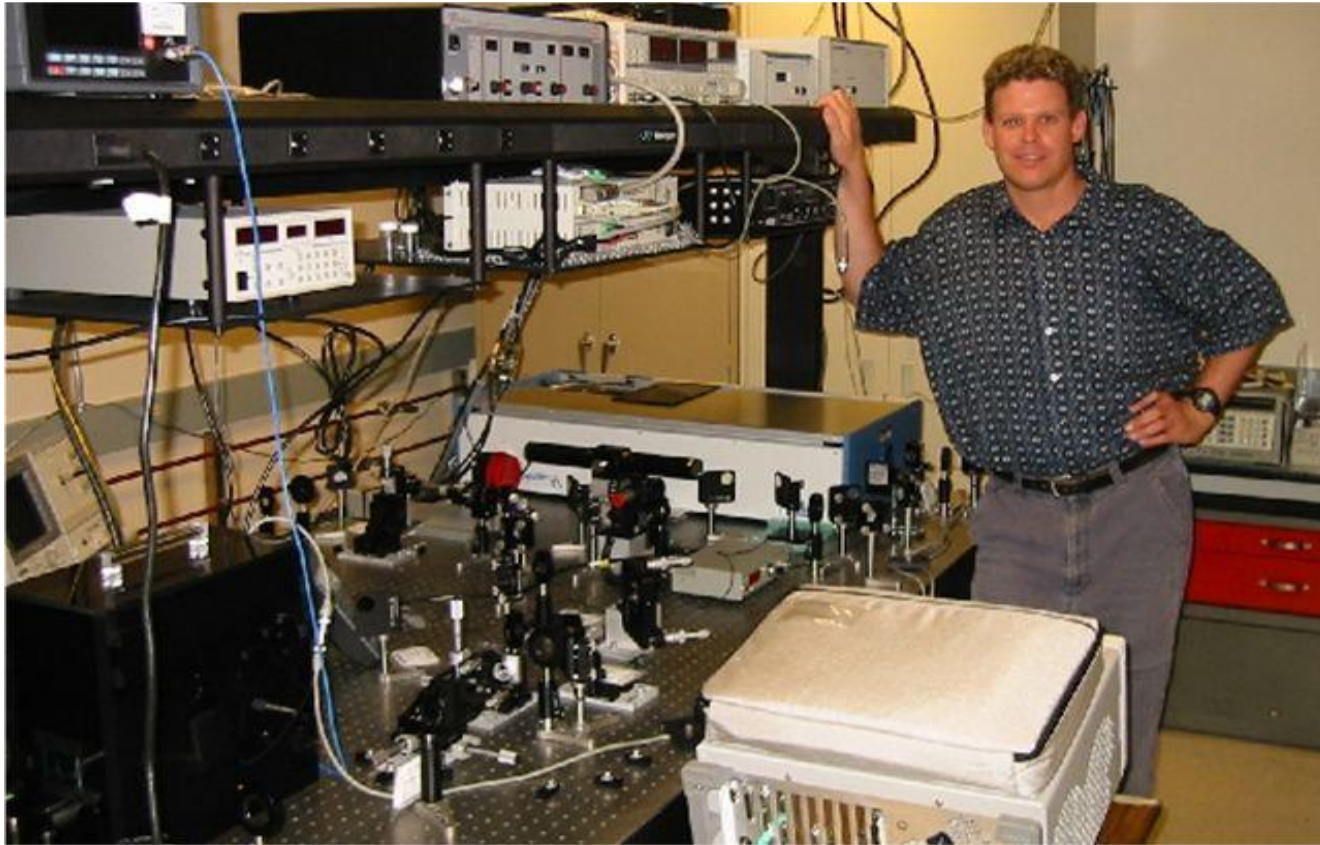
Optical Sources/  
Amplifiers/Meters

ParBert  
Data Generator

40G T/R  
Units

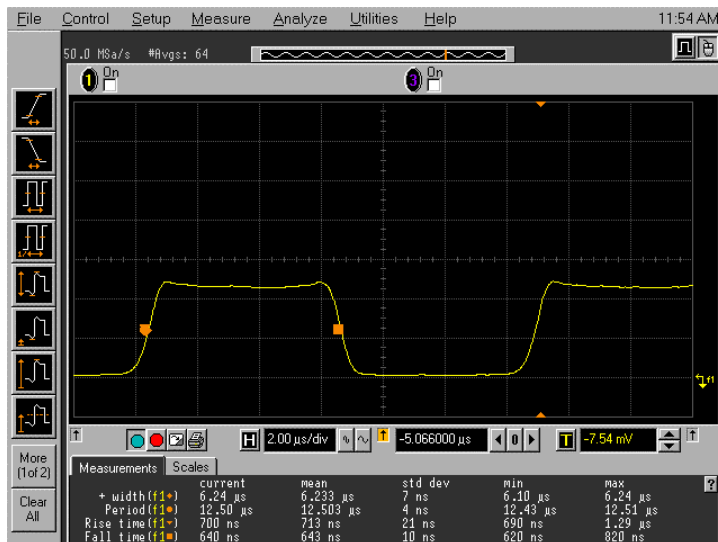
ParBert  
Data Analyzer

# Nd:YAG Laser Optical Sampling System



# 40G BERT Optical Waveforms Measured with Nd:YAG Laser Optical Sampling in 2001

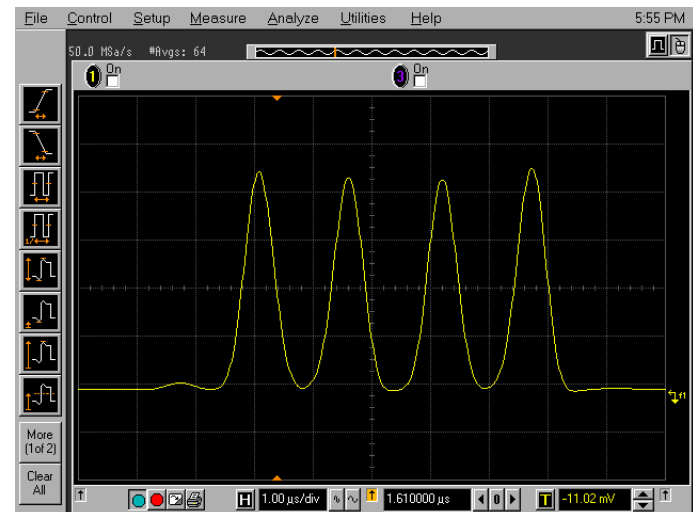
## NRZ



**11 ps Risetime**

**18dB Extinction Ratio**

## RZ

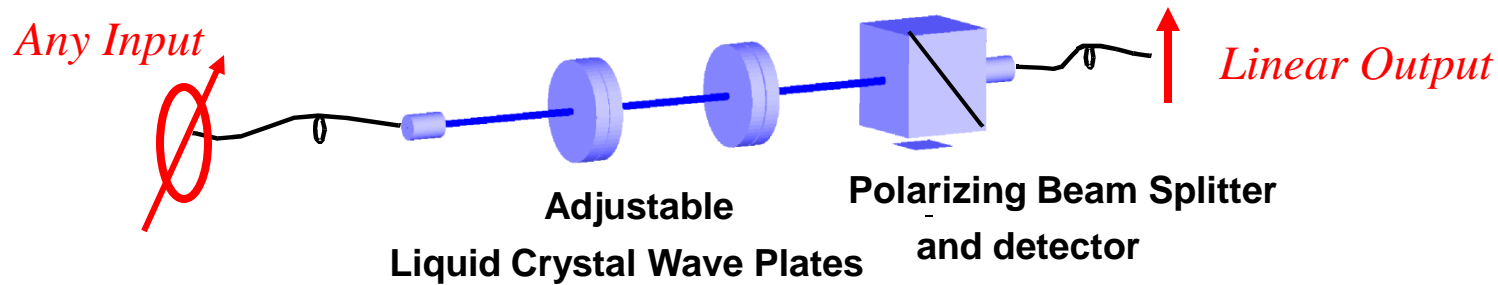


**9 ps Pulse Width**

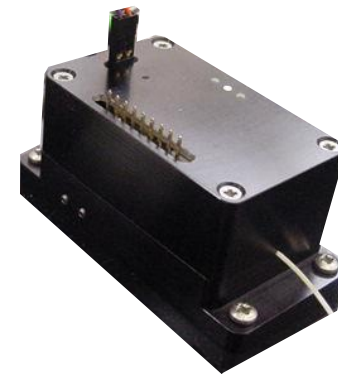
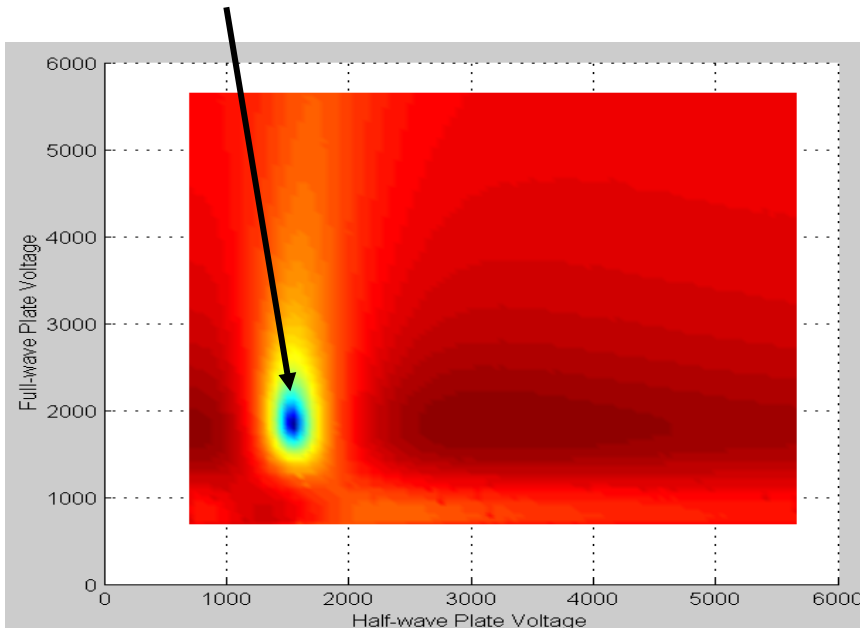
**16dB Extinction Ratio**

# Compact, Simple Polarization Conditioner

[Carl Chang et al.]



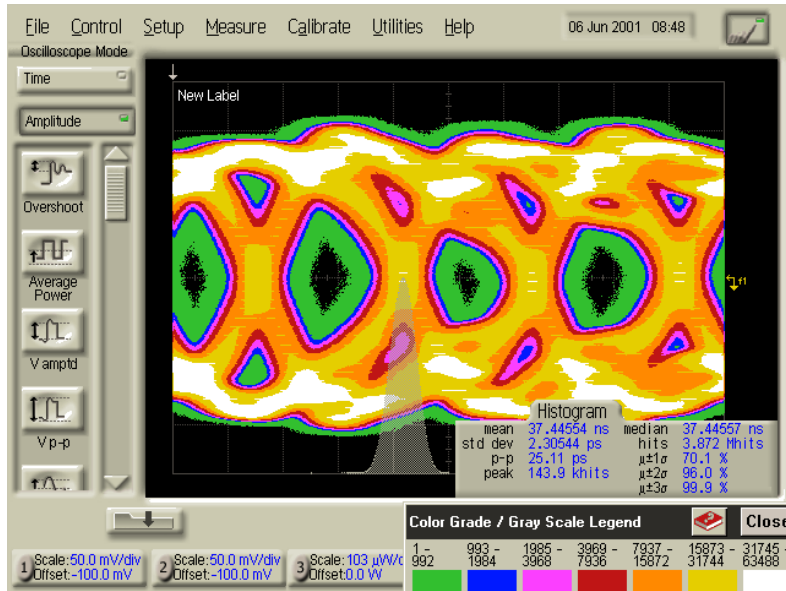
Embedded Controller Finds Reflected Null  
Guaranteeing Linear Output Polarization



*Applications:*

- Optical Sampling
- Heterodyne OSA and NWA
- Coherent Receivers
- PMD Emulation/Mitigation

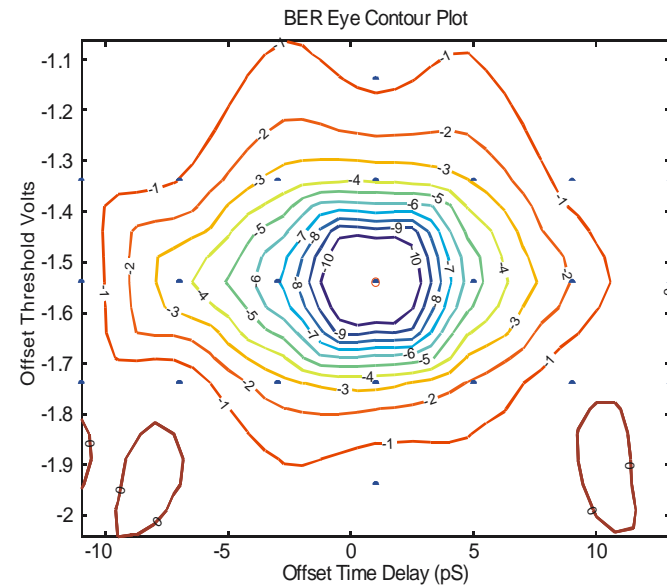
# Eye Analysis from Bit Error Rate Data [Danny Abramovitch]



Sampling scopes require long times to achieve reasonable BER estimates.

Heuristic analysis of bit histograms/Q factors yield “BER”

Above plot took 13 hours (40ksa/s, yielding  $1.87E9$  points)



BERTs have much higher duty cycles

Vary time offset and threshold voltage and measure BER.

Fit 3D surface to BER measurements.

Contours of constant BER give “eye”.

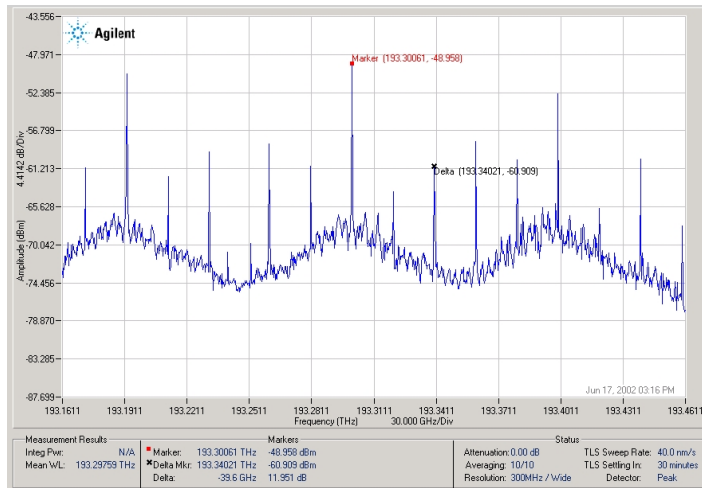
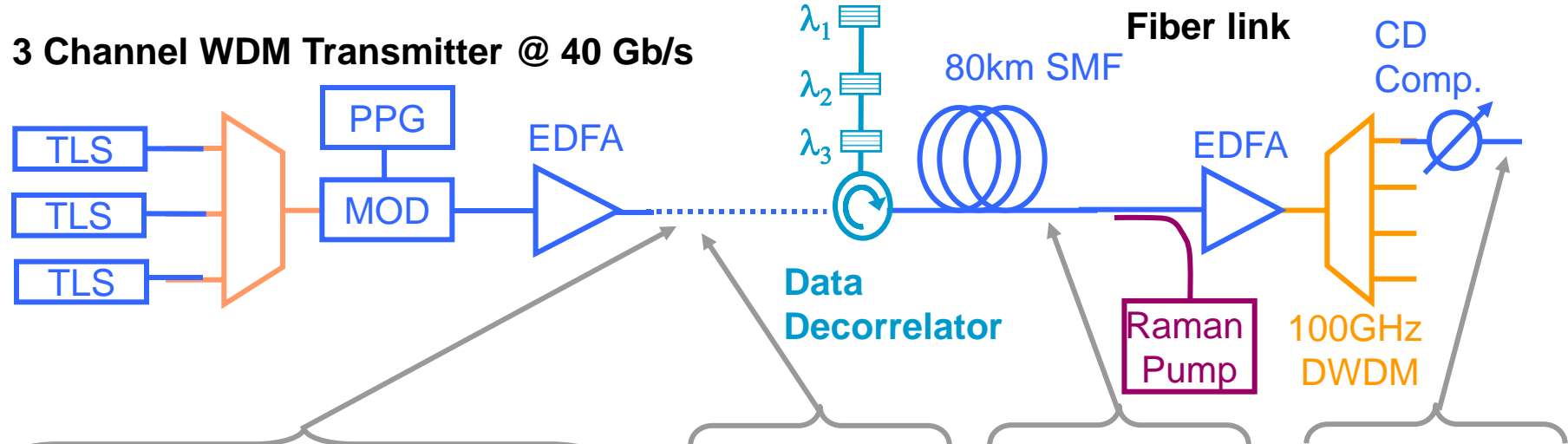
BER data is exponential (use log BER)

Above plot took < 10 minutes.



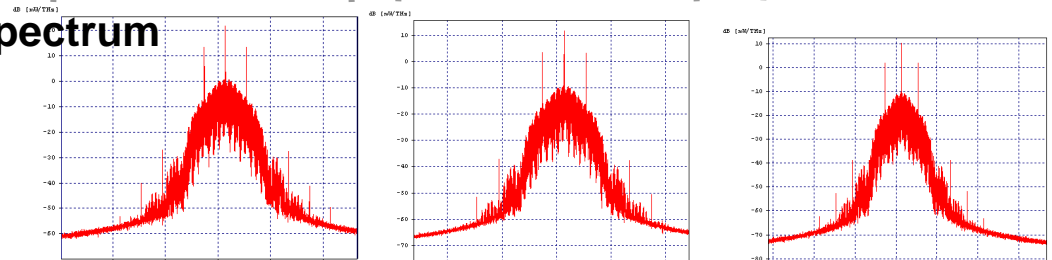
# Agilent Labs 40G Communications Link - 2002

## 3 Channel WDM Transmitter @ 40 Gb/s

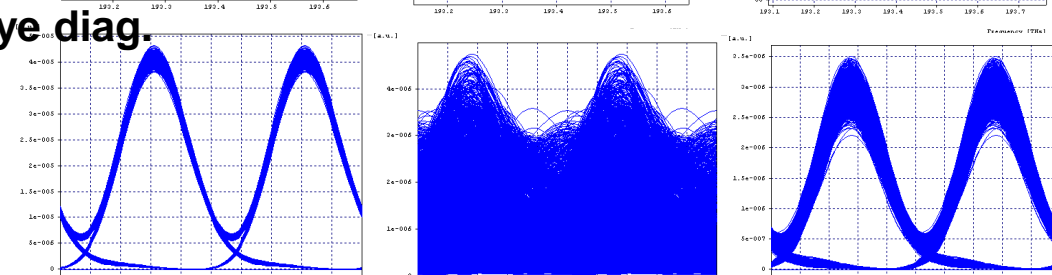


Measured: 40 Gb/s RZ Spectrum

## Spectrum

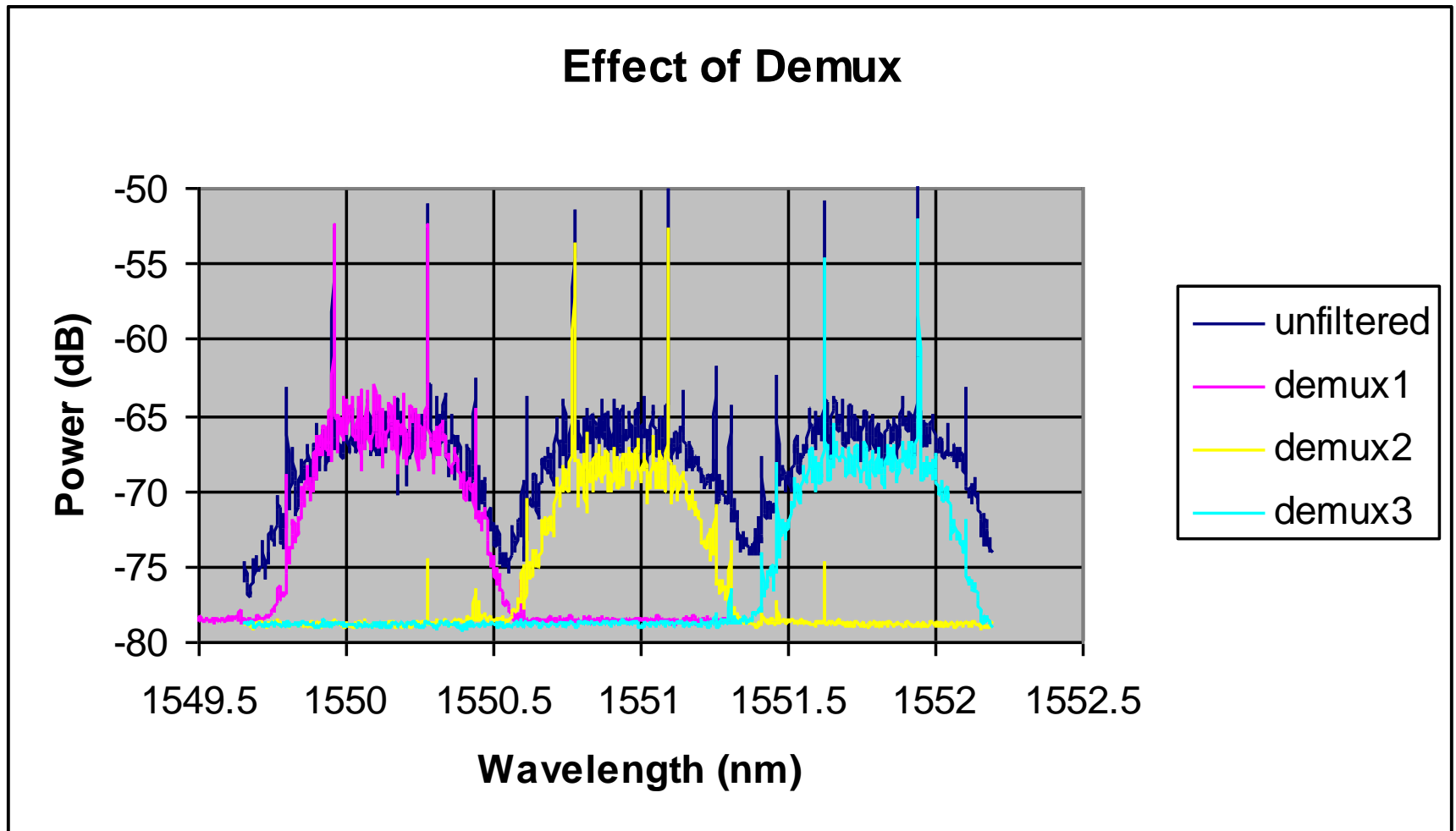


## Eye diag.



Simulation: Progression of single channel thru link

# Demux filtering of CSRZ 40 Gb/s PRBS $2^7-1$



# The Telecom Bubble: Agilent Hits \$152.64!



A Noble, but Badly-Timed Effort!

# The 40G Crew



**Danny Abramovitch**



**Mike Weinstein**



**Rick Karlquist**



**Ian McAlexander**



**Carl Chang**



**Todd Marshall**



**Randy Urdahl**



**Rory Van Tuyl**

# Projects 1969-2009

## 1969-1989

**500MHz Si ICs**

**5340A Counter**

**GaAs ICs at HPL**

**RFIC Circuits at SRD**

**GaAs IC Process at SRTC**

**mmW Mixer NPI**

**Lightwave Instrument Projects**

**71400A Lightwave Signal Analyzer**

**UCSB Teaching and Student ICs**

## 1990-2009

**E-O Wafer Test**

**GaAs HBT IC Process**

**Optical Microwave Generation**

**InP FET ICs**

**Data Grid Proposal**

**60GHz Politics**

**60GHz Radio R&D**

**40Gb/s BERT**

**InP HBT ICs**



**Telecom Jitter Measurement**

**OptoProbe**

**Optical Sampling**

**DNA**

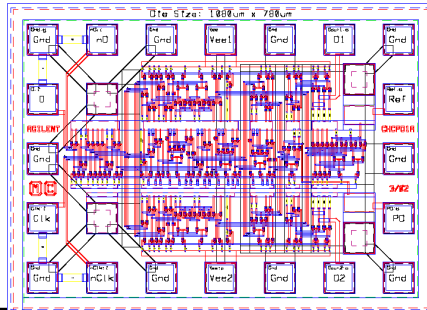


# Our InP HBT Design Guru...Craig Hutchinson

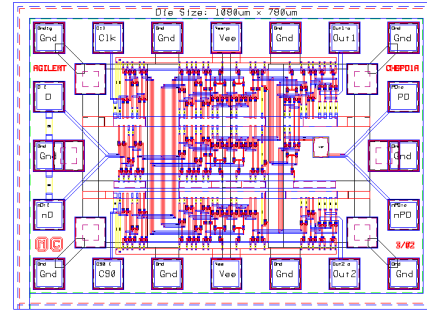


## Designs Implemented on First Mask [2002]

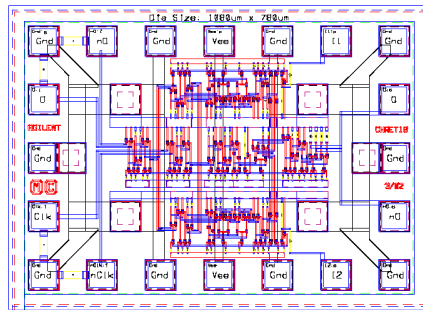
## Linear Phase Detector with Half-Rate Clock



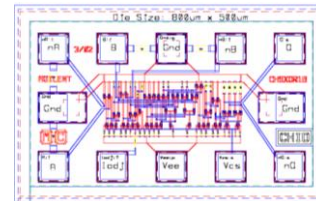
## Bang Bang Phase Detector with Half-Rate Clock



## Half-Rate Retimer



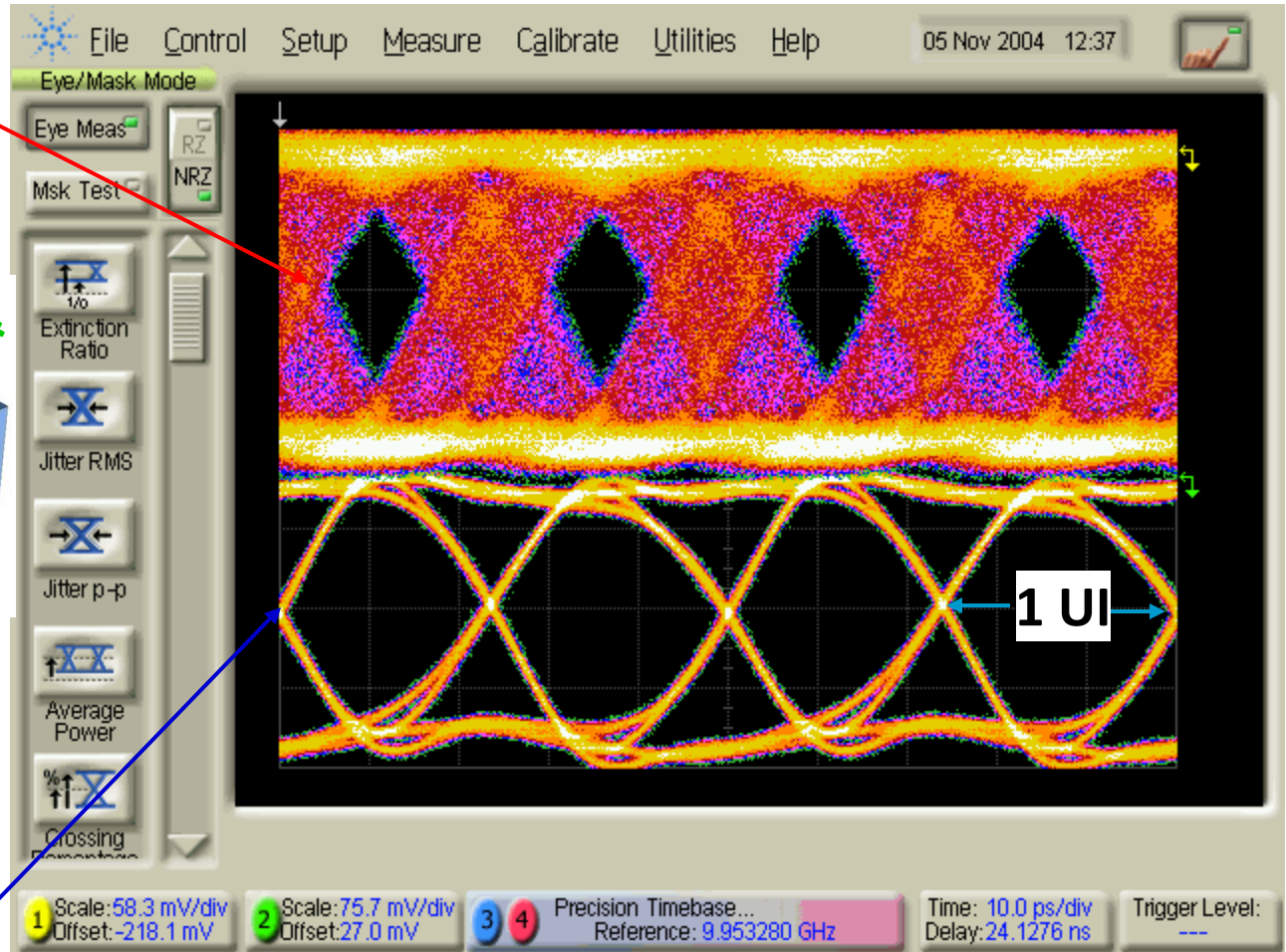
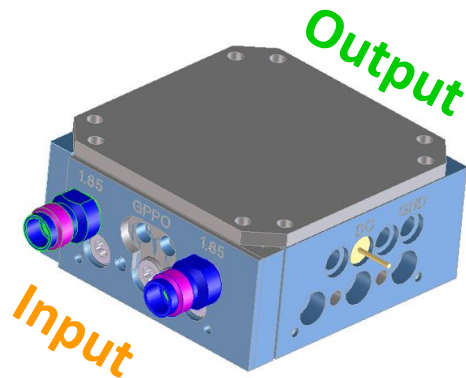
## Symmetric XOR



- New HB2B process, InP HBT,  $f_T > 175$  GHz, 260-700 transistors
- Nominal die size is 1mm x .8 mm
- Four types of circuits with variations on each type

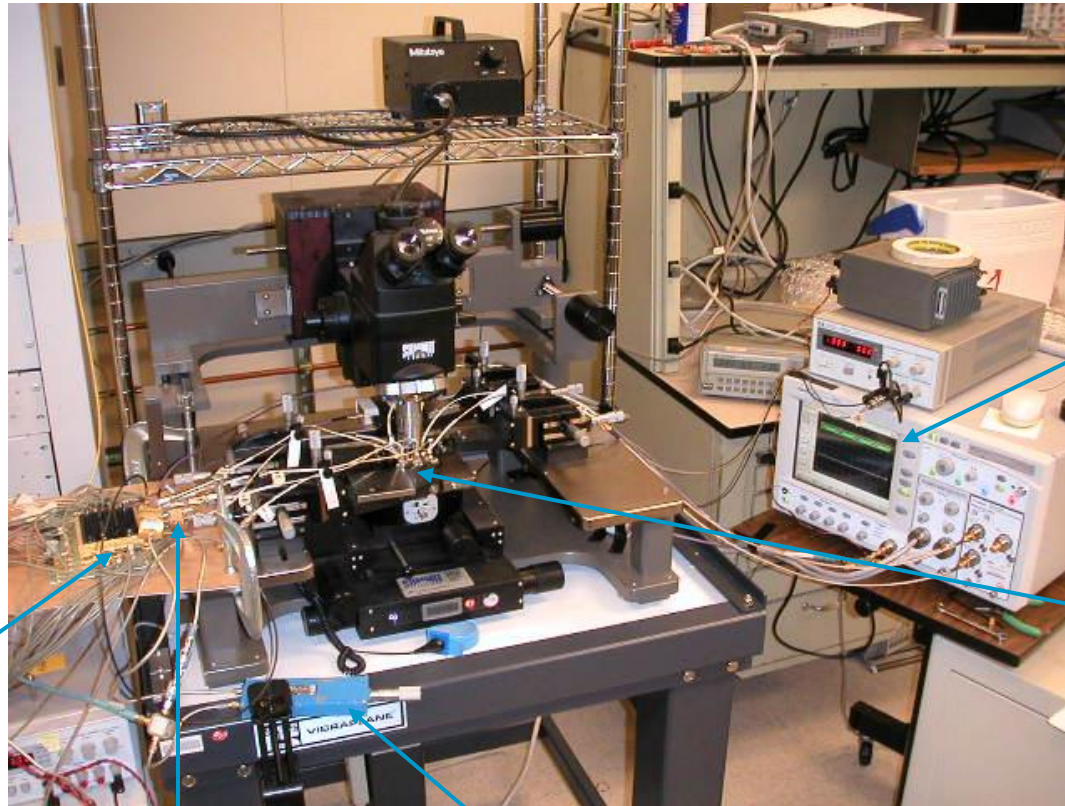
# Packaged Half Rate Retimer in Operation

Input: 40Gb/s PRBS31 with  $\frac{1}{2}$  UI added Jitter at 50MHz



Output: Same 40Gb/s data cleaned up by Half Rate Retimer

# Probe Station for On-Wafer IC Test



Oscilloscope

Wafer with  
Phase  
Detectors

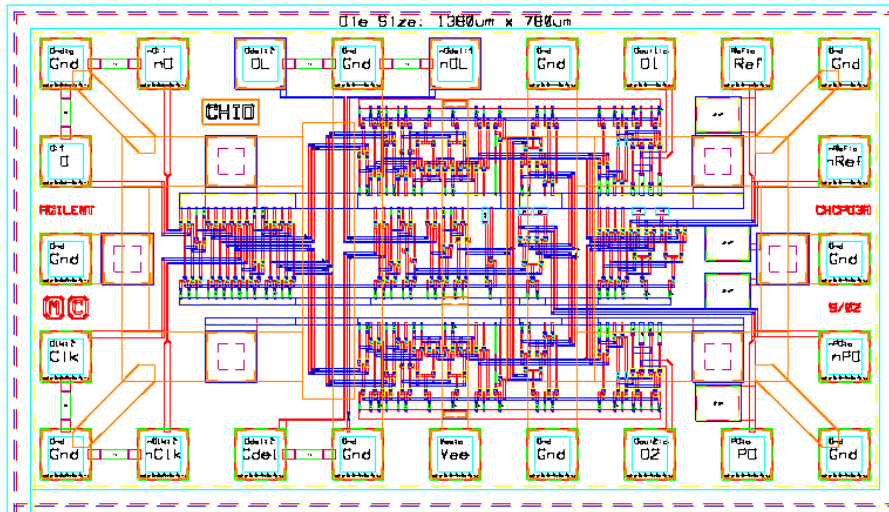
40Gb/s Data  
Source

40Gb/s  
Half-Rate  
Retimer

df

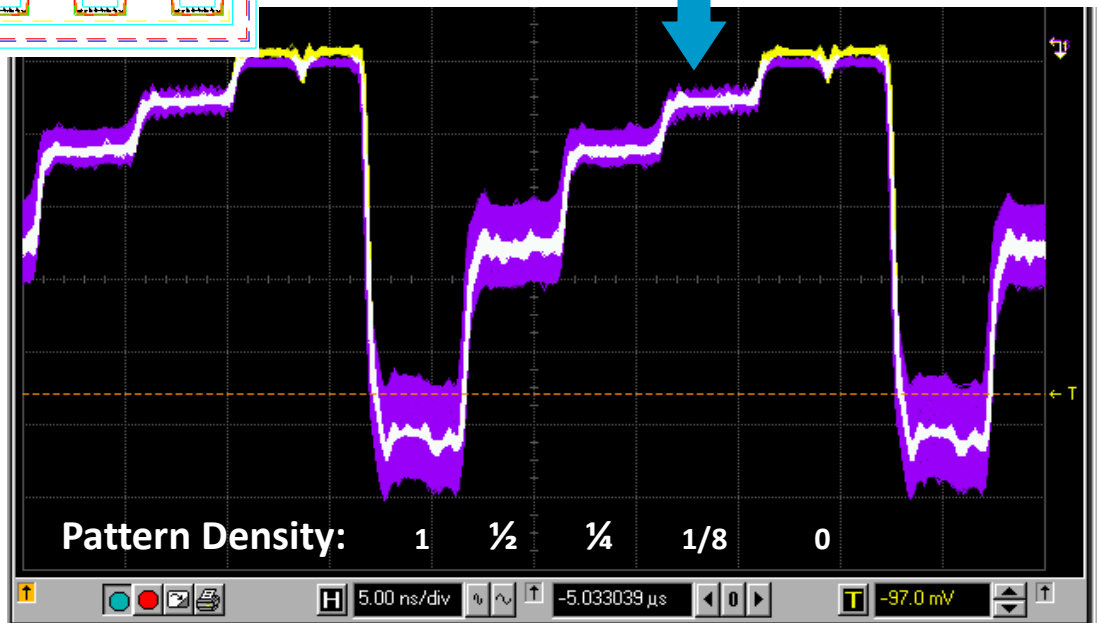
Variable Clock Delay

# New Jitter Phase Detector



New InP HBT Design of Our  
Proprietary Circuit Shows  
Nearly Ideal Jitter Demodulation  
Over Full Range of Patterns

This Should Mean  
Ultra-Low Noise  
Jitter Demodulation  
Performance at 40G





# Projects 1969-2009

## 1969-1989

**500MHz Si ICs**

**5340A Counter**

**GaAs ICs at HPL**

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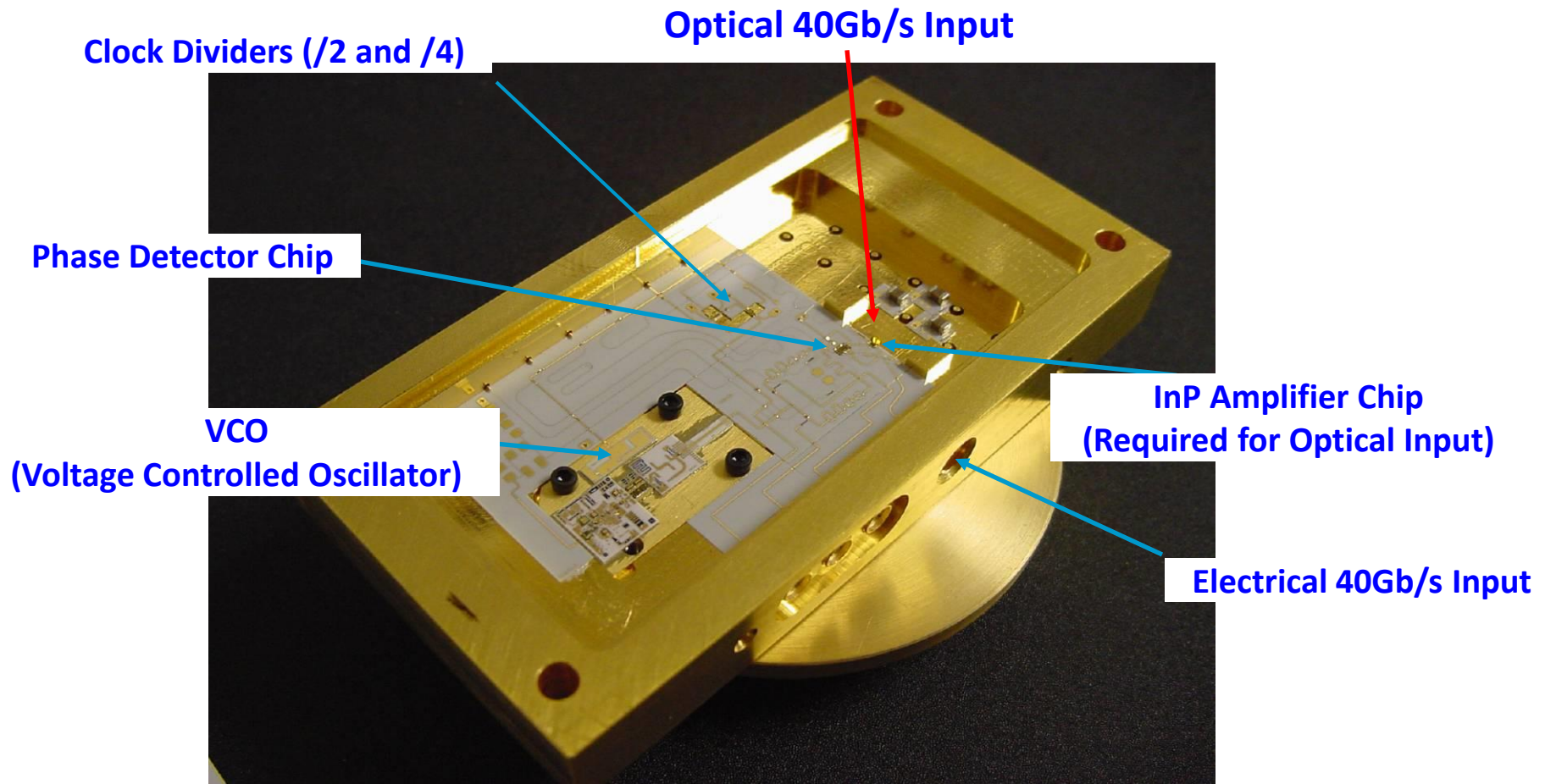
**Telecom Jitter Measurement** 

**OptoProbe**

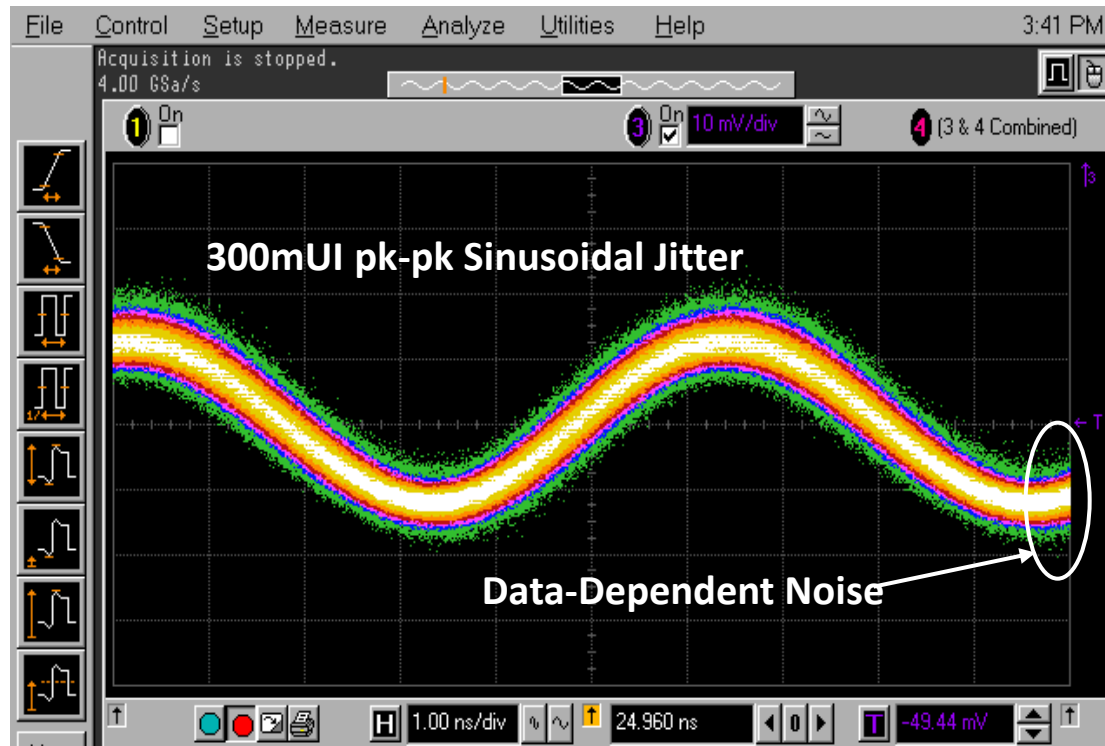
**Optical Sampling**

**DNA**

# 40G Jitter Demodulator Module with InP ICs

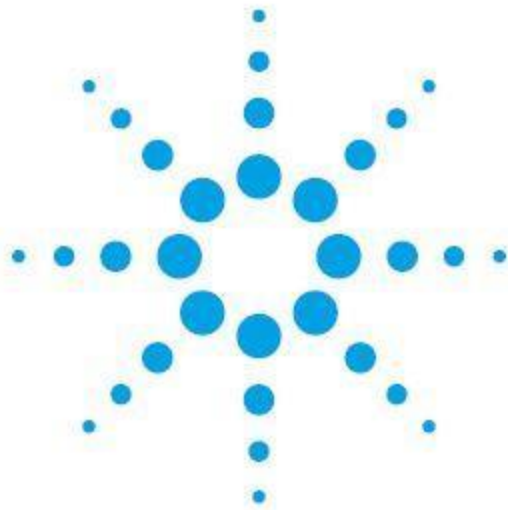


# Demodulated Sinusoidally-Jittered Data .....*Phase Detector + PLL + Corrector*



Data=40G PRBS31

Jitter=160MHz 300mUI pk-pk



## Agilent 83496A Clock Recovery Module

Increased eye-mask  
and jitter measurement  
accuracy with  
breakthrough  
performance in clock  
recovery circuitry

- Continuous, unbanded tuning from 50 Mb/s to 13.5 Gb/s
- Ultra low residual jitter: < 300 femtoseconds rms
- Golden PLL operation with a tunable loop bandwidth from 30 KHz to 10 MHz for configurable industry standard compliant test



# Agilent OmniBER

*.... TeleCom Bit Error and Jitter Measurement*



**Sells ~\$25M/yr      About 50% due to Jitter Measurement Capabilities**

**Measures Telecom Jitter to 10.7Gb/s [e.g. OC-192]**



# Our Optical Retiming System Adopted by ITU

INTERNATIONAL  
TELECOMMUNICATION UNION

**TELECOMMUNICATION  
STANDARDIZATION SECTOR**  
STUDY PERIOD 2001-2004

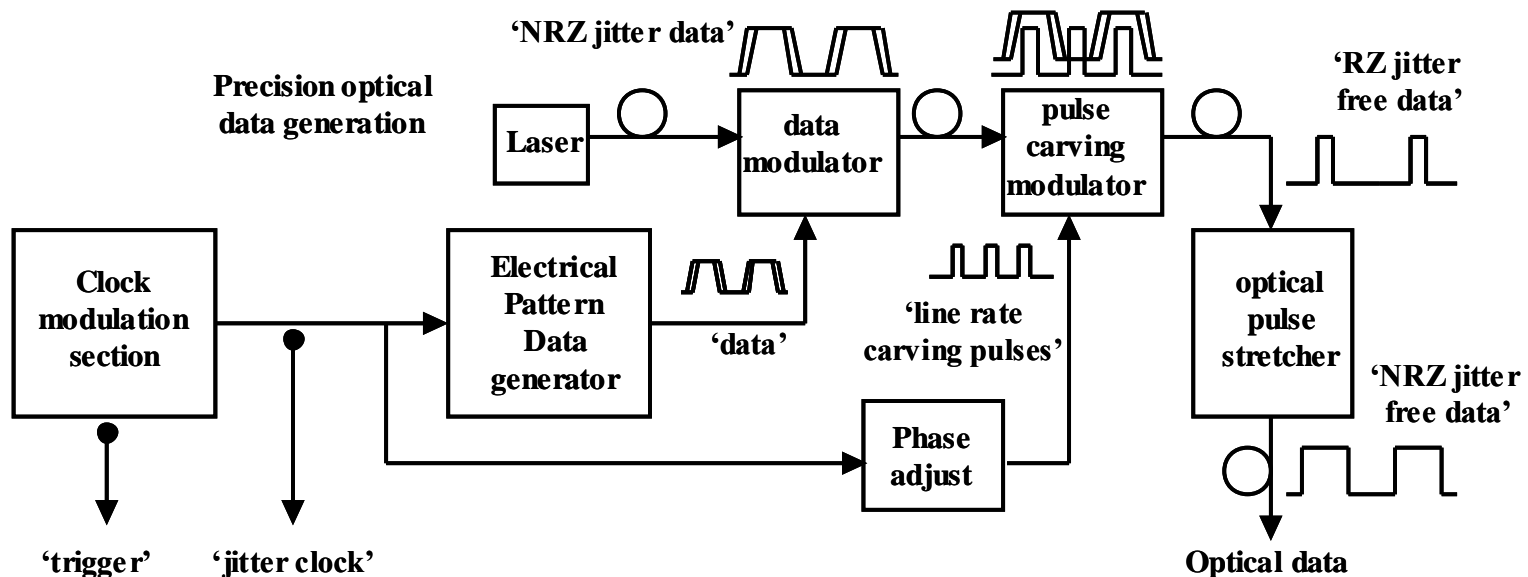
**STUDY GROUP 4**

**TD 38 (PLEN)**

**English only**  
**Original: English**

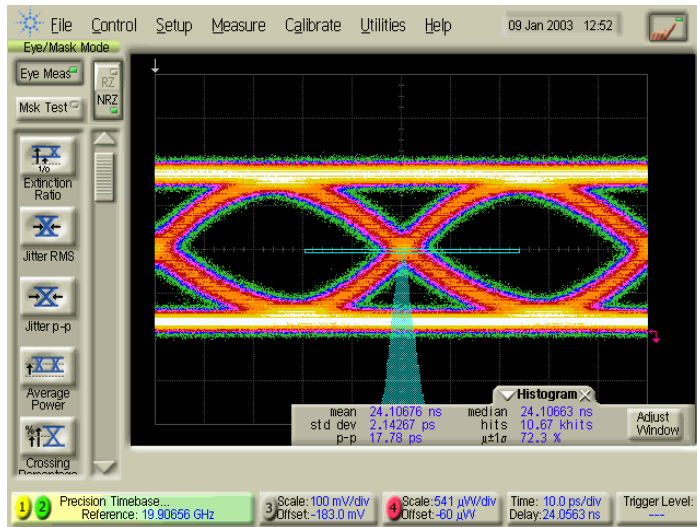
5/4

27 October - 7 November 2003

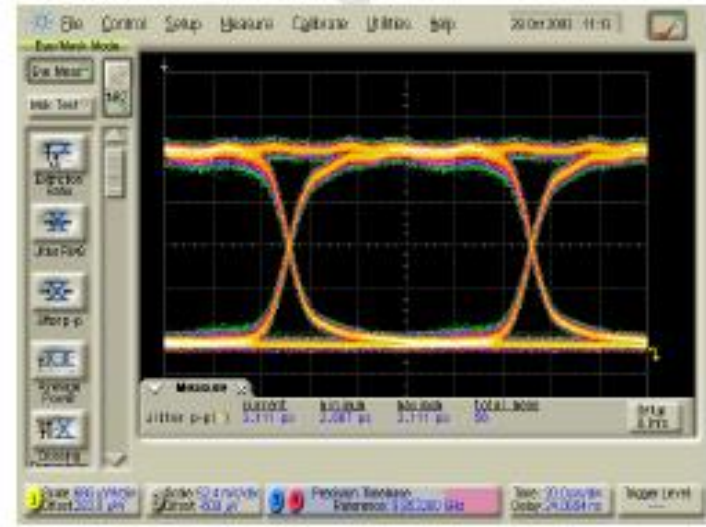


# Optical Retiming Removes Data Dependent Jitter

**Raw 10G: Jitter=18ps pk-pk**



**Retimed 10G on Production Line**



**Retimed Data Was Used to Characterize the OmniBER OTN 10G Jitter Measurement Product.**

# Projects 1969-2009

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**GaAs IC Process at SRTC**

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**60GHz Radio R&D**

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**InP HBT ICs**

**Telecom Jitter Measurement**

**OptoProbe** 

**Optical Sampling**

**DNA**

# The OptoProbe Idea

2220- 82

Agilent Technologies Laboratories

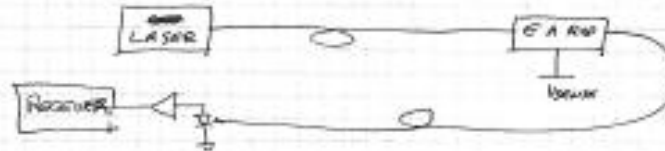
PROJECT

Continued from Page

## PROPOSAL FOR USING E-A MODULATORS AS CIRCUIT & FIELD PROBES

ELECTRO ABSORPTIVE (EA) MODULATORS CAN  
BE USED IN SEVERAL CONFIGURATIONS  
TO REMOTELY SENSE VOLTAGE VARIATIONS:

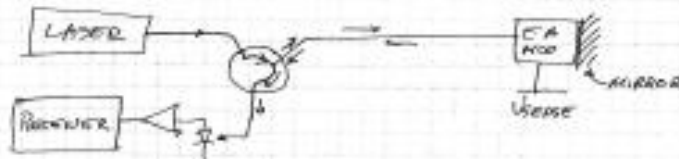
### I TRANSMISSION MODE WITH REMOTE LIGHT SOURCE:



### II RECEPTION MODE WITH ON-CHIP LASER



### III REFLECTION MODE



NOTE LASERS CAN BE CW, MODULATED, OR PULSED,  
DEPENDENT ON APPLICATION

Continued on Page

R. L. Taylor

8/10/02

Revised and Understood By

Paul J. Smith

11/4/03

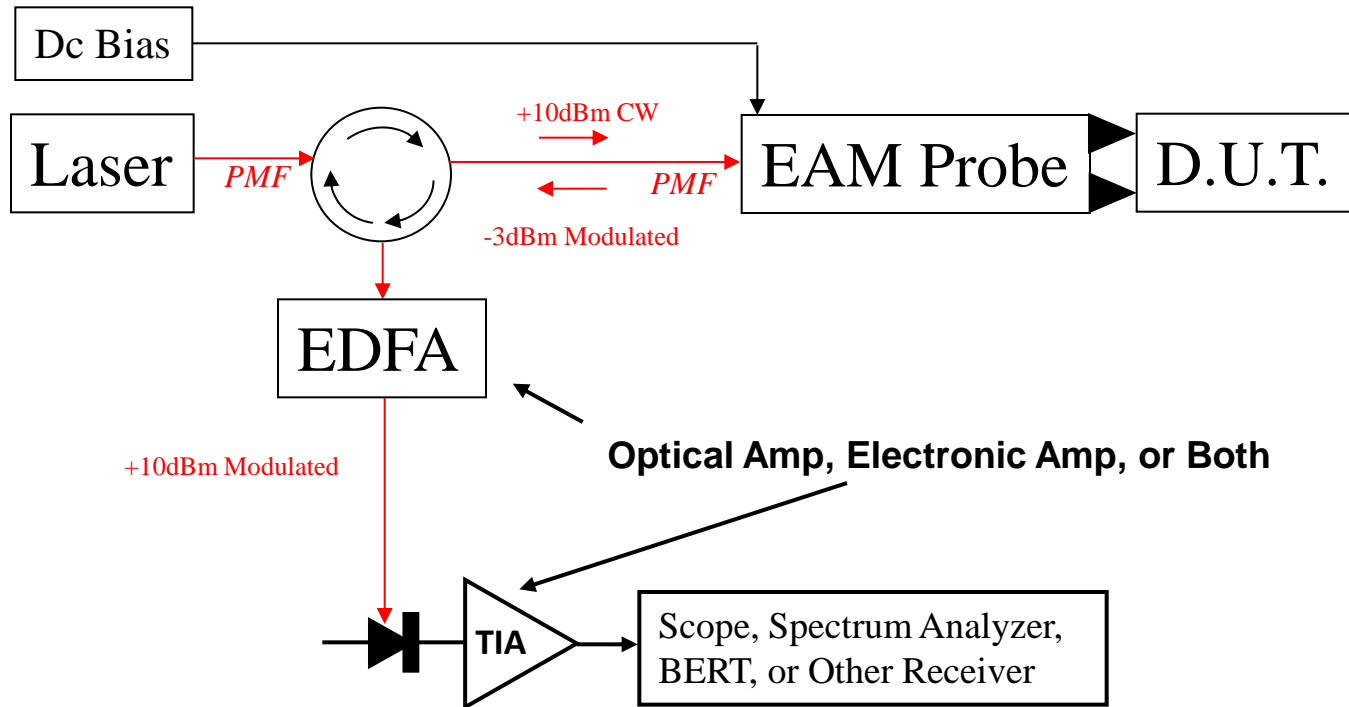
Signature

Date

Signature

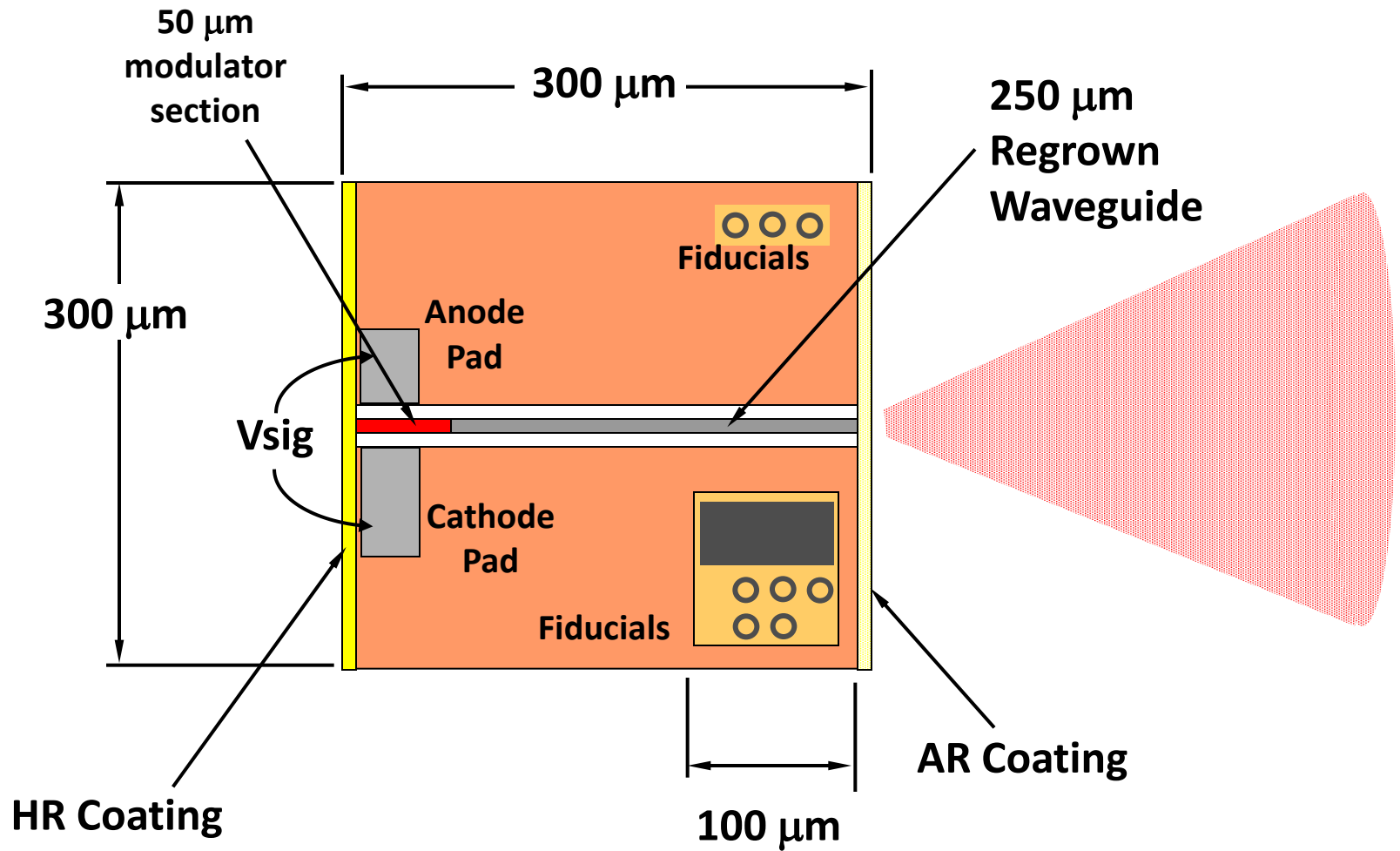
Date

# How the Probe Is Used In Reflection Mode



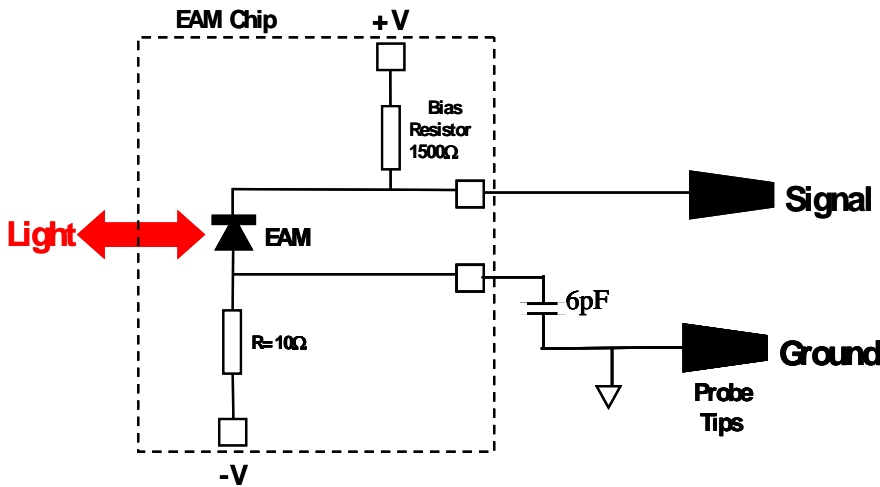


# Agilent Labs Reflection-Mode EAM

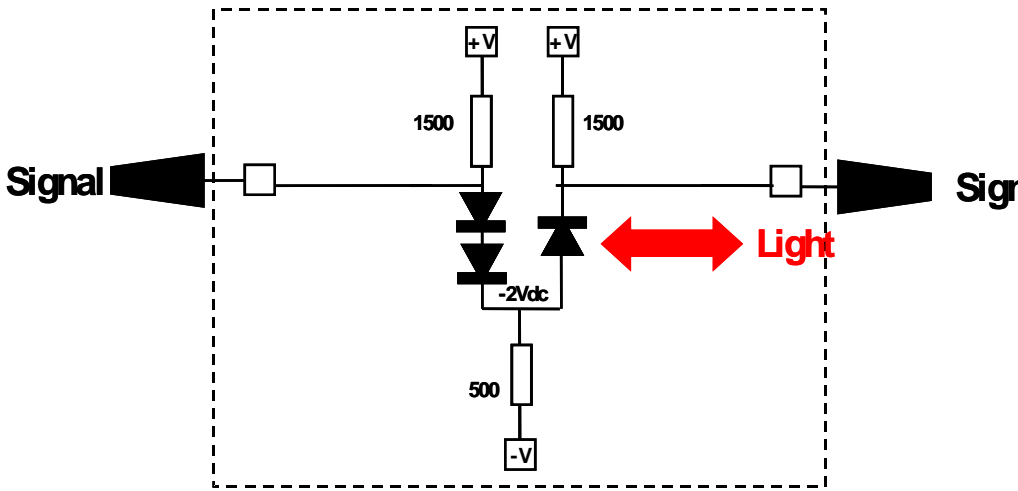


# OptoProbe Chips Were Simple ICs

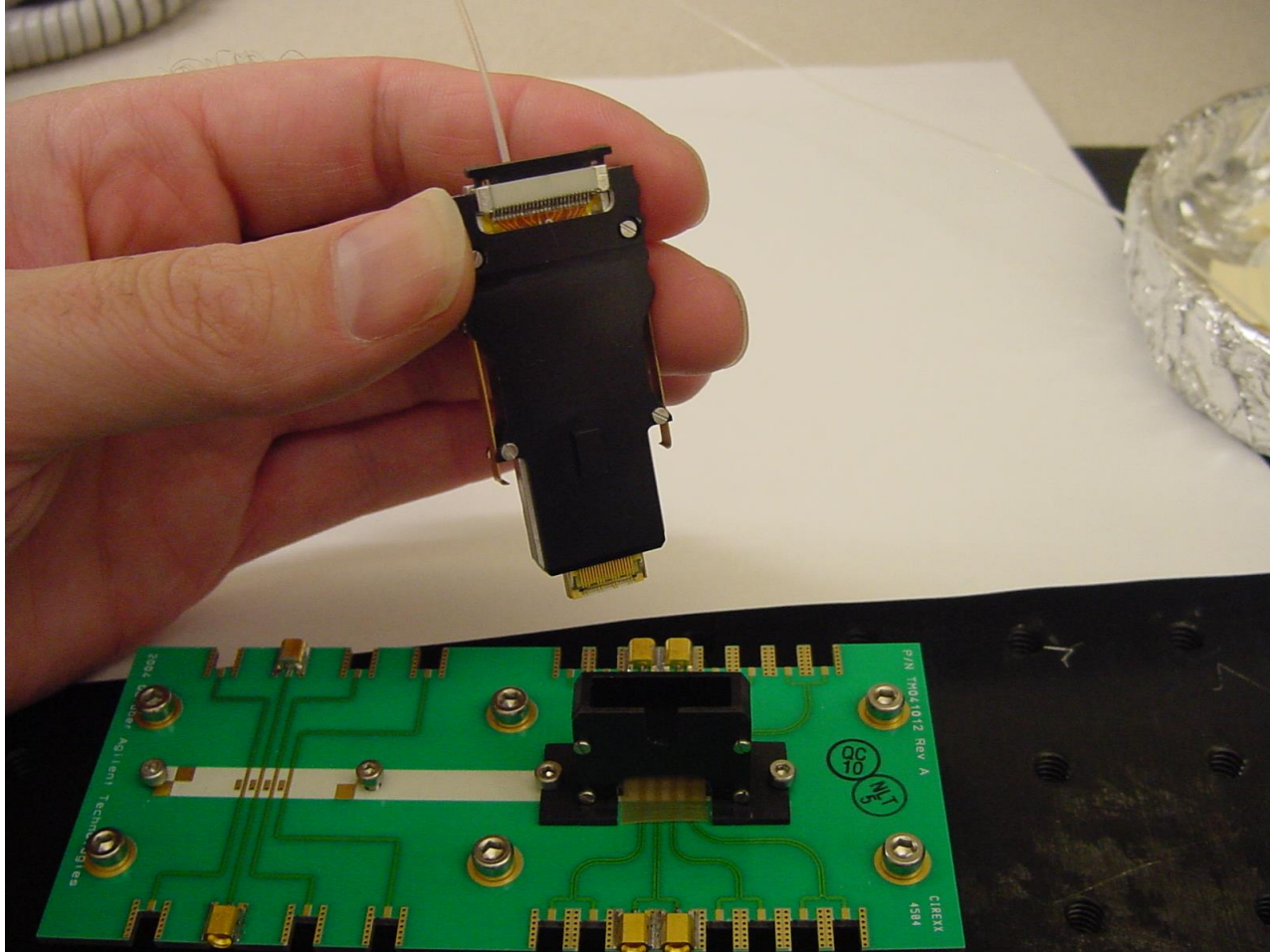
*DC Coupled Version... For Single-Ended Signals*



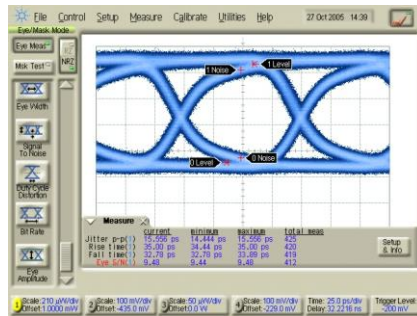
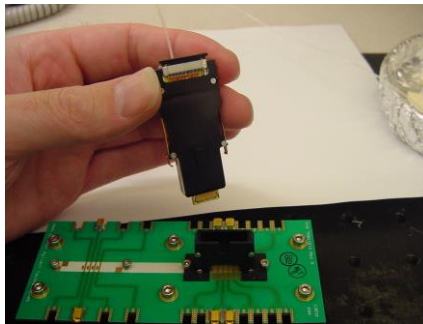
*Version for dc Coupled Probing. Uses EAMs as Diodes*



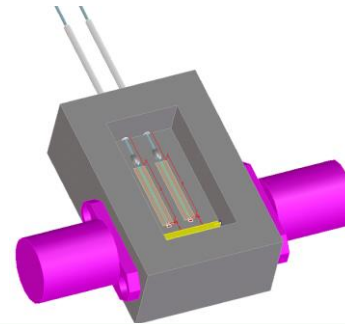
# PC Board OptoProbe



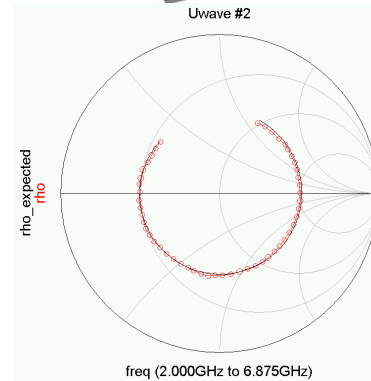
## 10Gb/s PC Board Probe



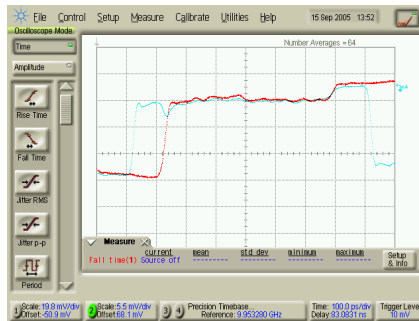
## Microwave Directional Bridge



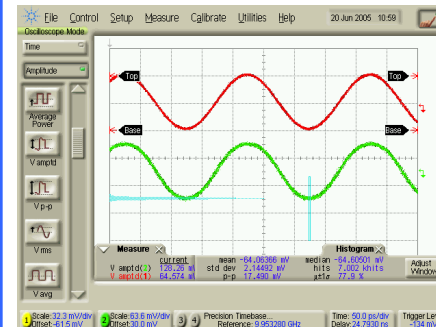
Uwave #2



## TDR



## Oscilloscope Probe



### Testing High Frequency Electronic Signals with Reflection Mode Electroabsorption Modulators

Rory L. Van Tuyl, *Fellow, IEEE*, Gloria E. Höfler, Robert G. Ritter, Todd S. Marshall, *Member, IEEE*, Jintian Zhu, Luca Billia, George M. Clifford, William Gong, David P. Bour, *Fellow, IEEE*

**Abstract**—Remote testing of microwave signals to 25 GHz and digital signals to 12.5 Gb/sec is demonstrated through fiber optic cables. Reflection-mode Electroabsorption Modulators are used as high-impedance transducers to measure voltage and inject current. Transducers are imbedded in wafer probes, printed circuit probes and microwave packages for various applications, including: sensing incident and reflected microwave signals; probing serial data streams on PC boards; probing digital and microwave monolithic integrated circuits; performing time domain reflectometry.

Principal advantages of this technology are that it allows test equipment to be located at large distances from the devices being tested and that broadband signals can be remotely observed with little distortion.

**Index Terms**—Transducer, electric variables measurement, electroabsorption, scattering parameters measurement, digital

Due to their small size [ $<1\text{mm}$ ], these modulators may require thousands of volts for compete switching from reflective to non-reflective state, and are thus not sensitive enough for many voltage-sensing applications. (Traveling-wave electro-optic modulators can switch in less than 10V, but are centimeters in length). In addition, electro-optic transducers are E-O converters only.

In this paper, we describe the reflection-mode electroabsorption modulator [REAM], explain how it is used for remote sensing through fiber optic links, and present experimental results for microwave transducers, high-speed digital and analog probes, and time domain reflectometry.

#### II. REFLECTION-MODE ELECTROABSORPTION MODULATOR



# The Palo Alto OptoProbe Team

## Design & Application

**Rory Van Tuyl**  
**Todd Marshall**

## EAM Device & Material

**Gloria Hofler**  
**Jintian Zhu**  
**Luca Billia**  
**Soonsil Song**  
**David Bour**  
**Lynette Martinez**

## Microassembly & Mechanical Design

**Bob Ritter**  
**George Clifford**  
**Bill Gong**  
**Jean Norman**

OptoProbe was the Last III-V Device in HP/Agilent Labs

III-V Activity at Labs was Shut Down, the Facility Closed,  
The People Listed in Red Were Terminated

# Projects 1969-2009

## 1969-1989

**500MHz Si ICs**

**5340A Counter**

**GaAs ICs at HPL**

**RFIC Circuits at SRD**

**GaAs IC Process at SRTC**

**mmW Mixer NPI**

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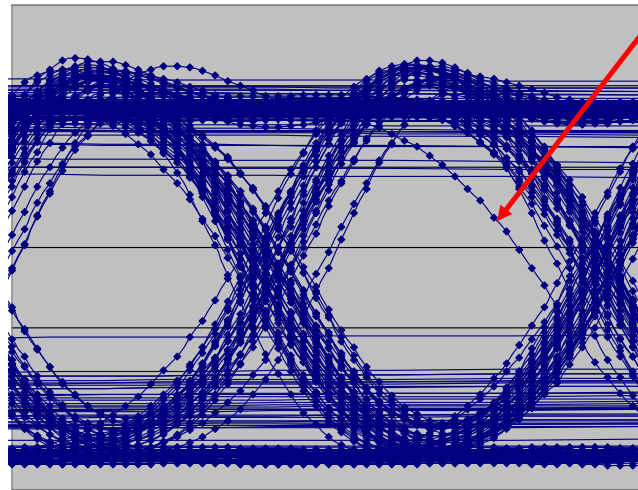
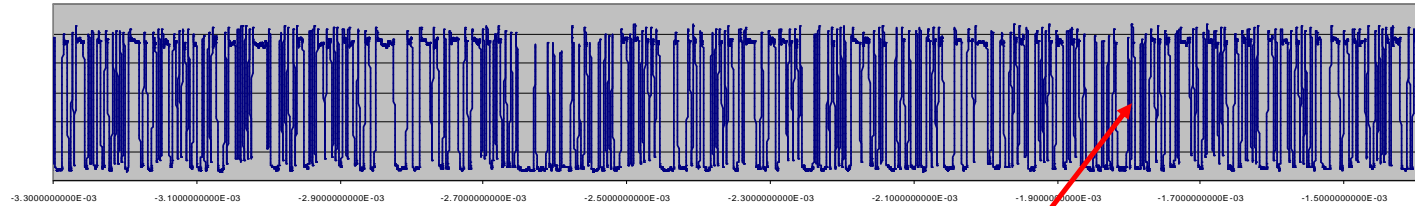
**OptoProbe**

**Optical Sampling** 

**DNA**

# By 2003 Optical Sampling Had Improved

## *...But It Was Still Not Practical for a Product*

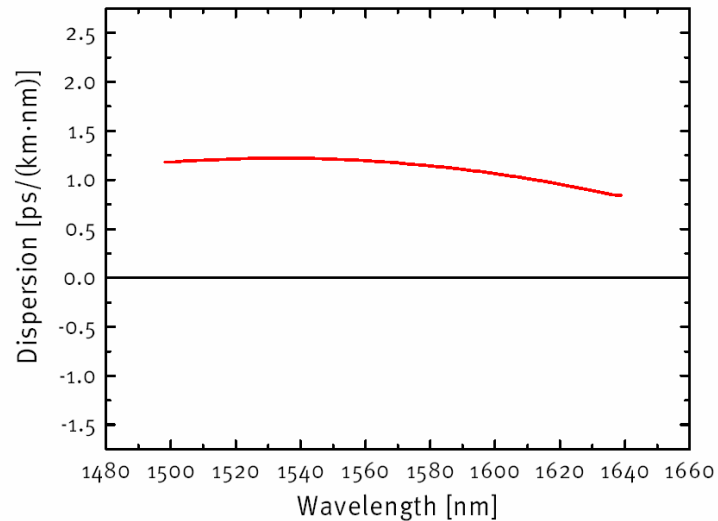


In Late 2003 the Sampling Scope Division Asked Us to Develop a Practical Optical Sampler

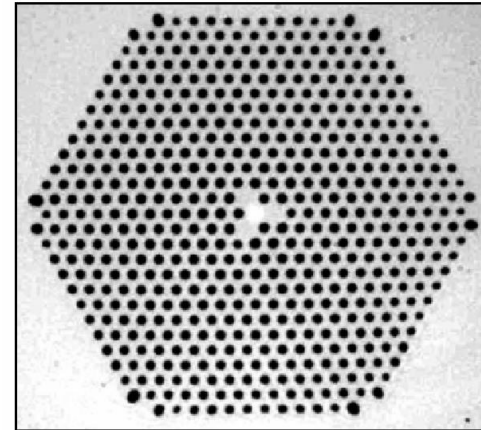
# Nonlinear Photonic Crystal Fiber



(Anomalous Dispersion across C- and L-bands)



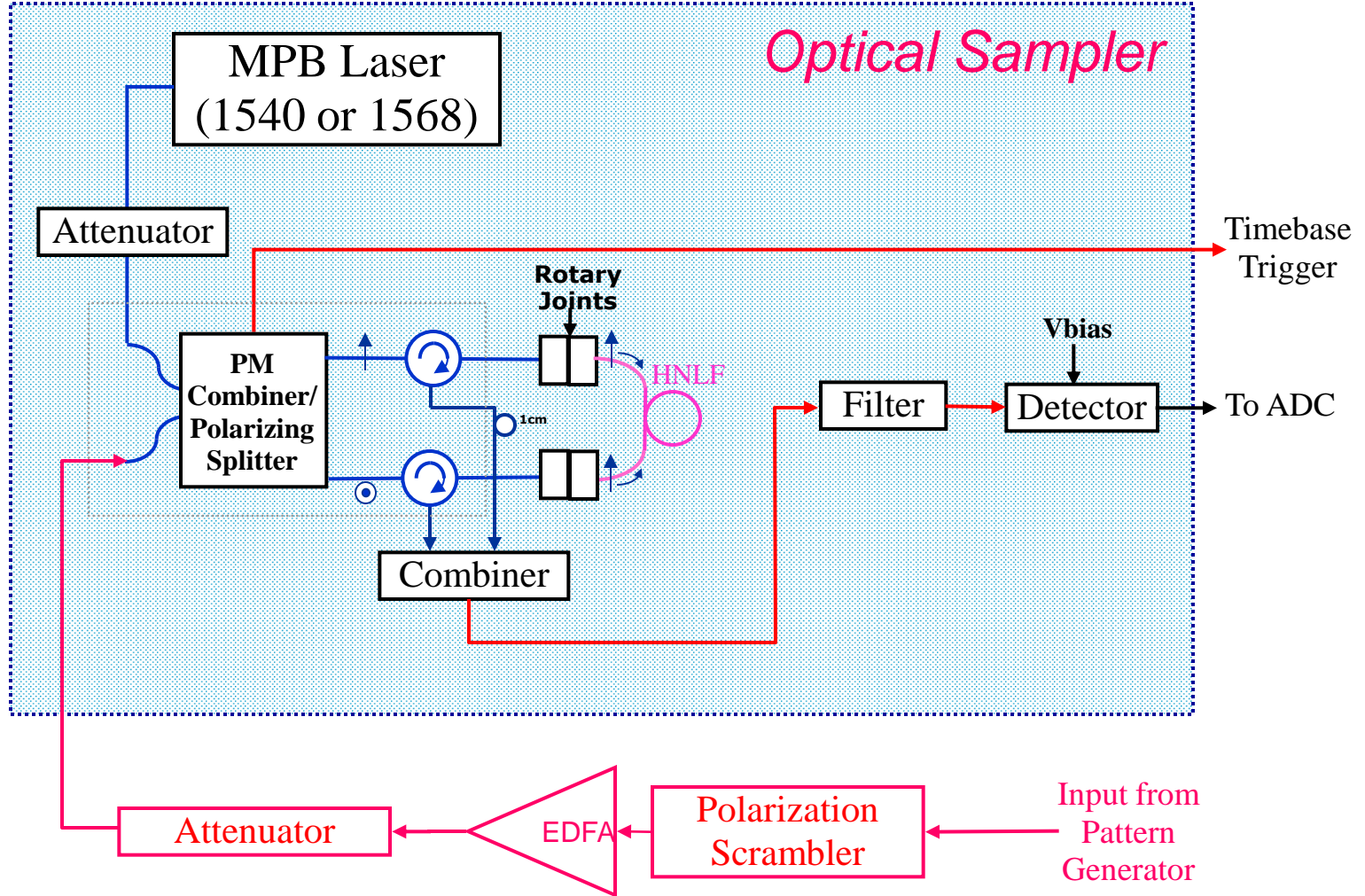
Fiber Structure



- Large nonlinear factor ' $\gamma$ ' due to tighter mode field
- Tailor dispersion to low, positive value (necessary for phase matching FWM)

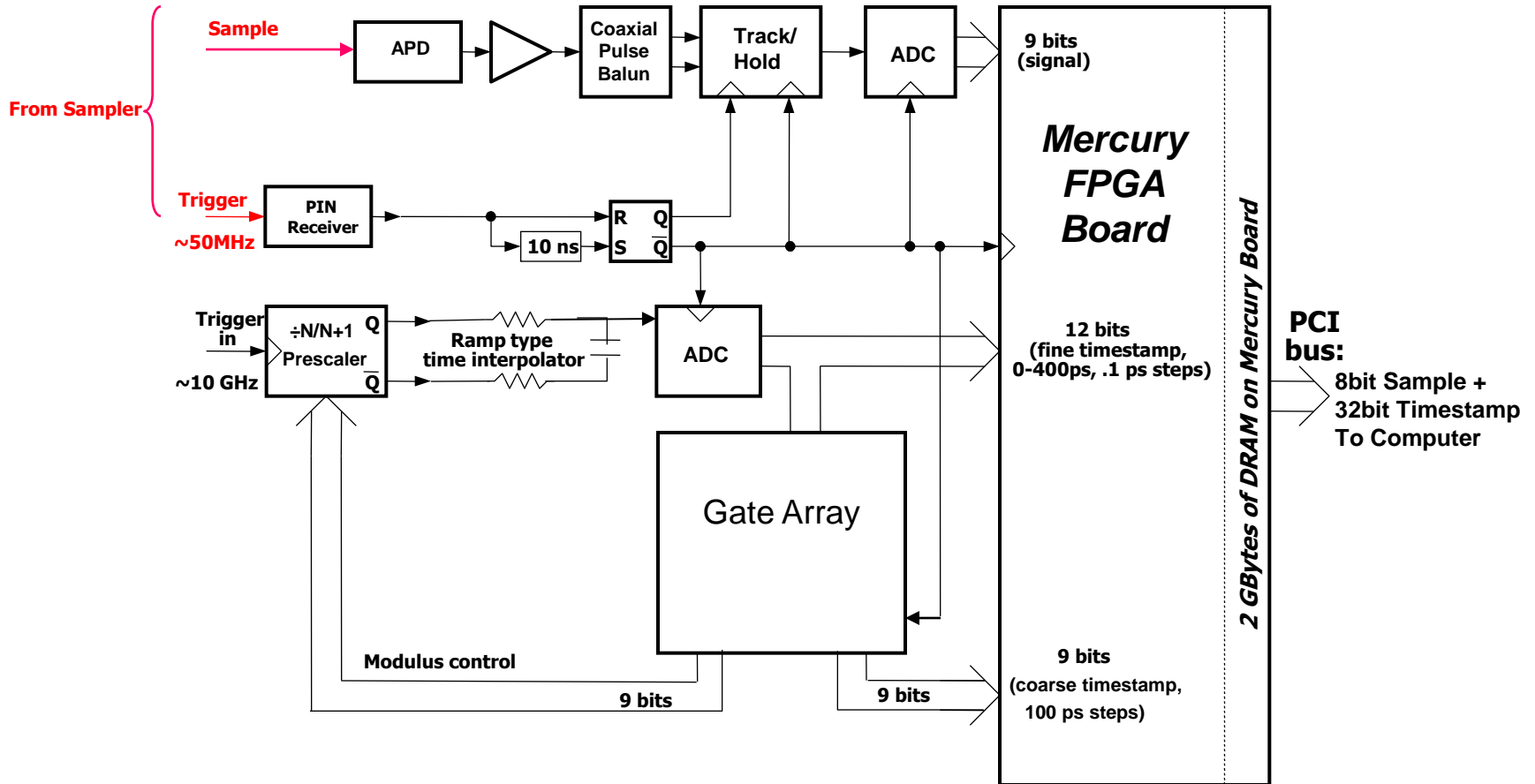
	PCF	Standard
$\gamma$ (W/ km)	11	1.3
D (ps/ nm·km)	~ 1	16

# Polarization-Insensitive HNLF Sampler

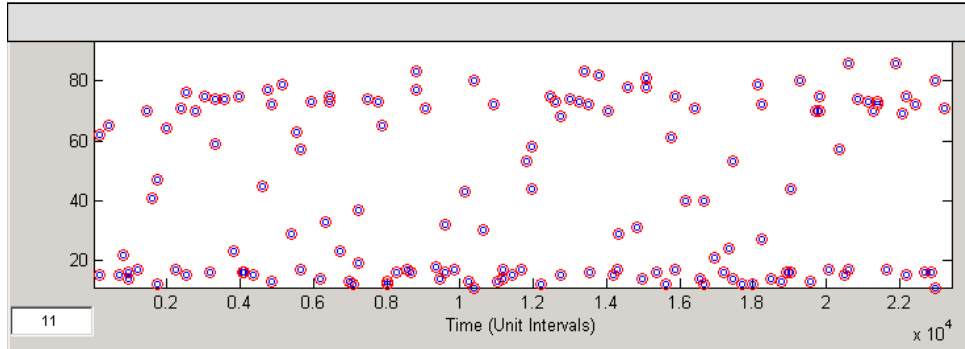




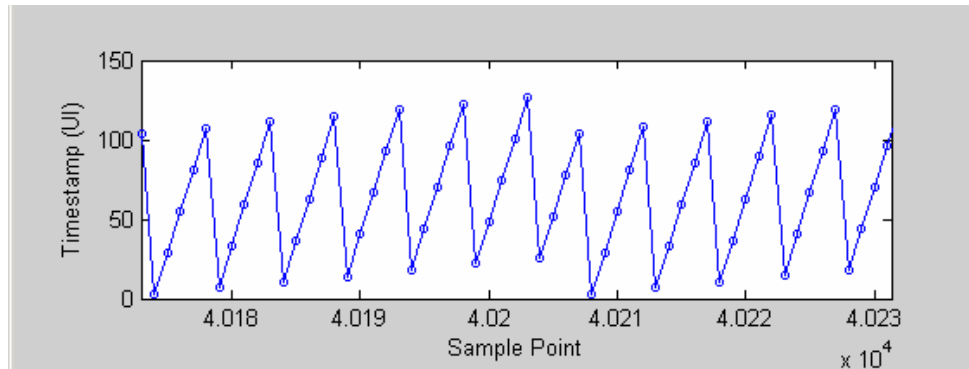
# Timebase, ADC and Computer Interface



# Raw Samples + Timestamp => Display

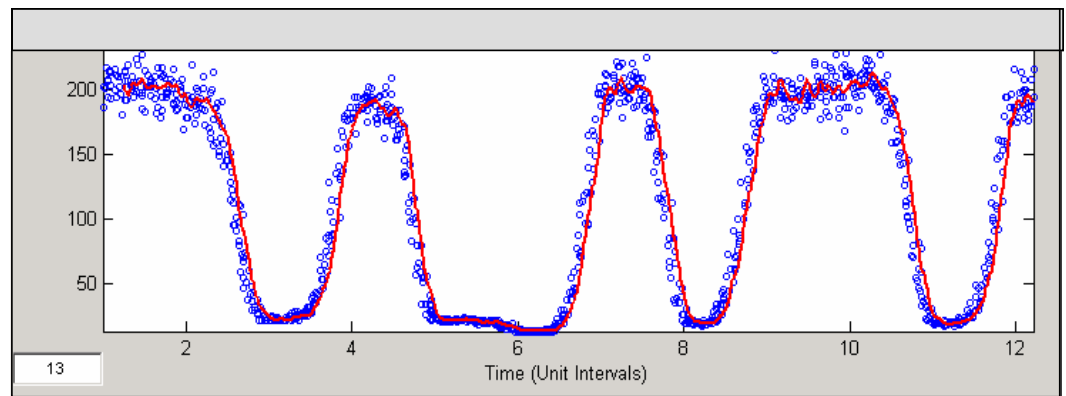


Samples –vs- Real Time



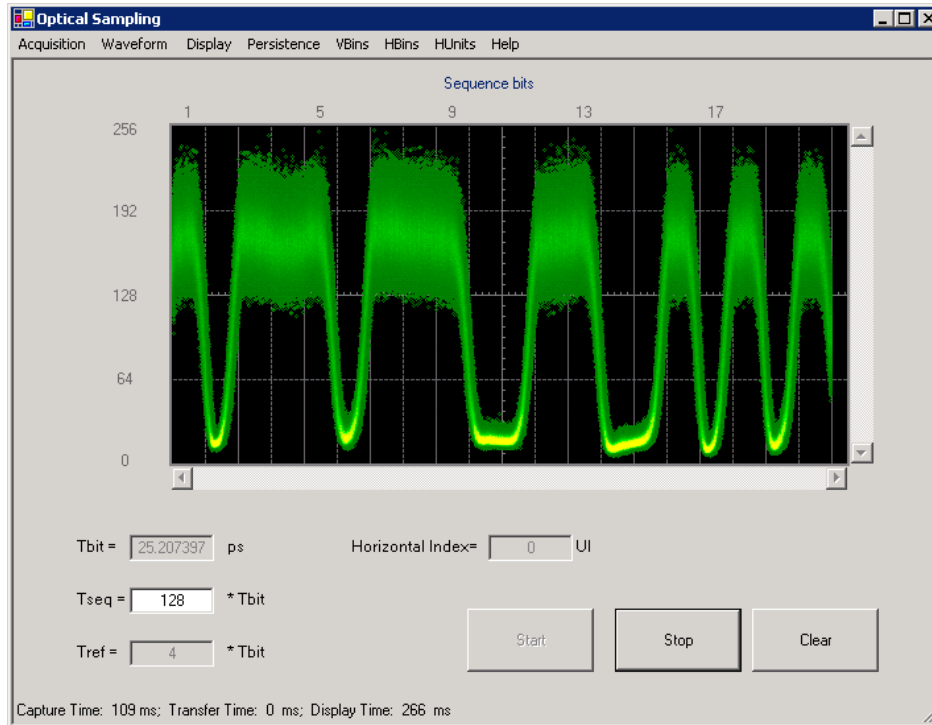
Timestamps –vs-  
Real Time

Samples –vs- Timestamps  
(*Equivalent Time*)

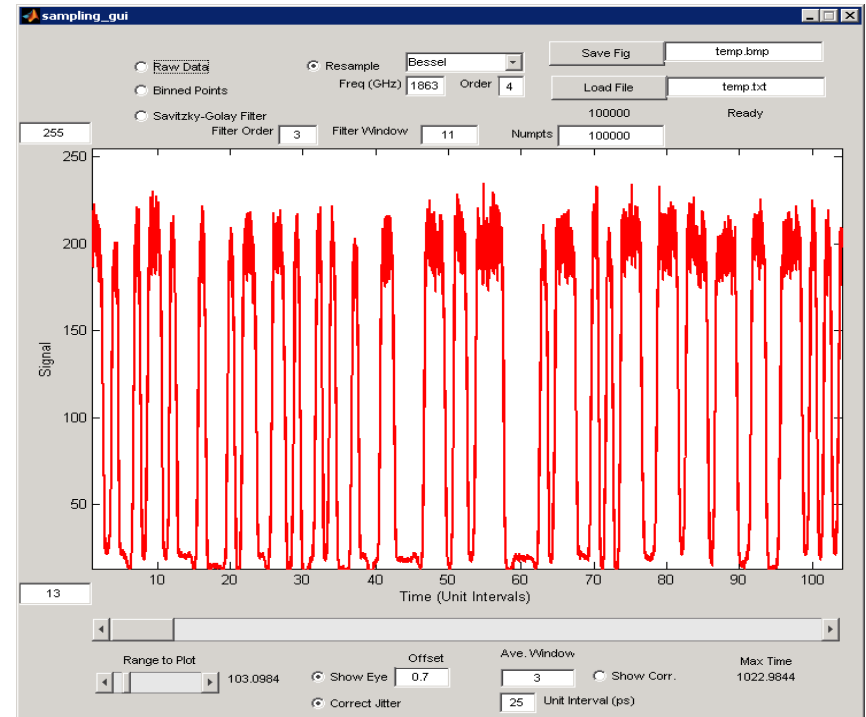


# Two Methods for Displaying Sampled Waveforms

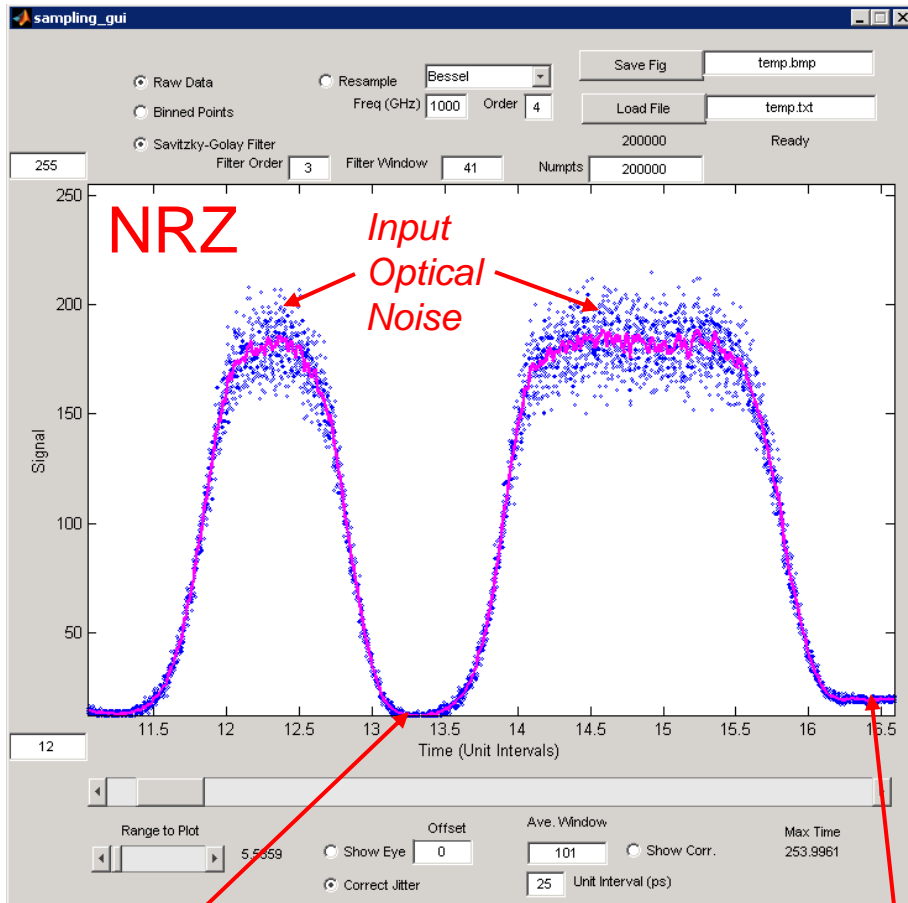
## Custom “Live” Display



## MatLab “Analysis” Display

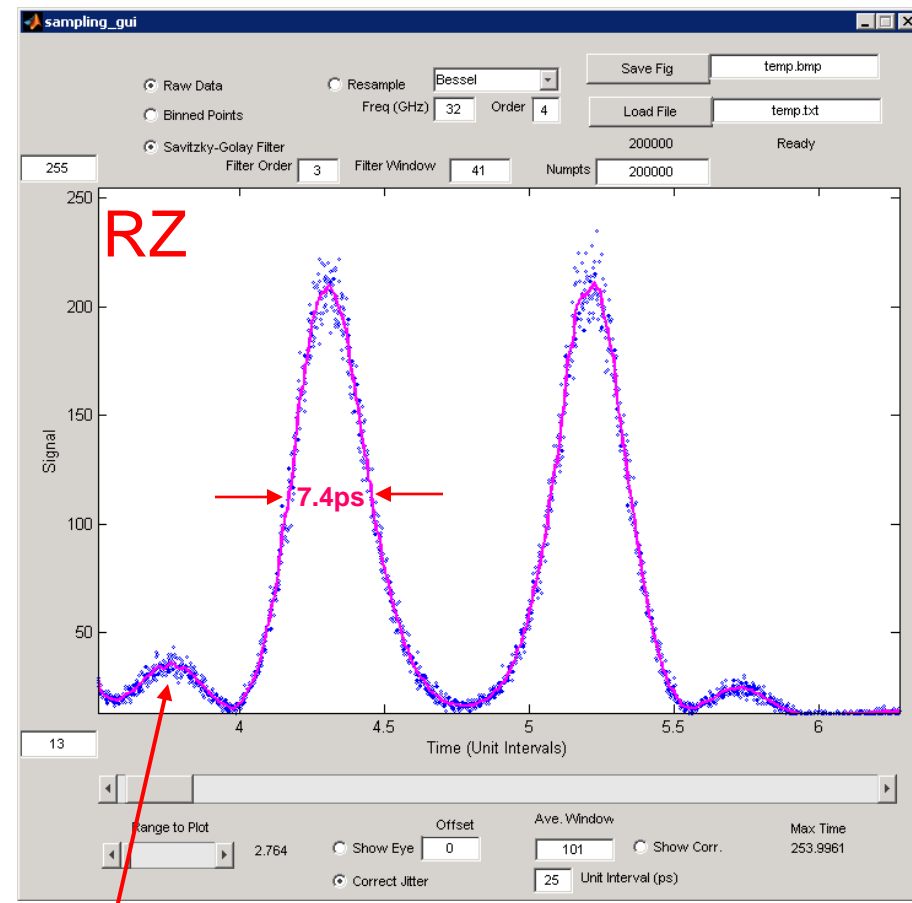


# Raw Samples and Smoothed Trace



*Complete  
Extinction  
Measured*

**40G PRBS7 NRZ**

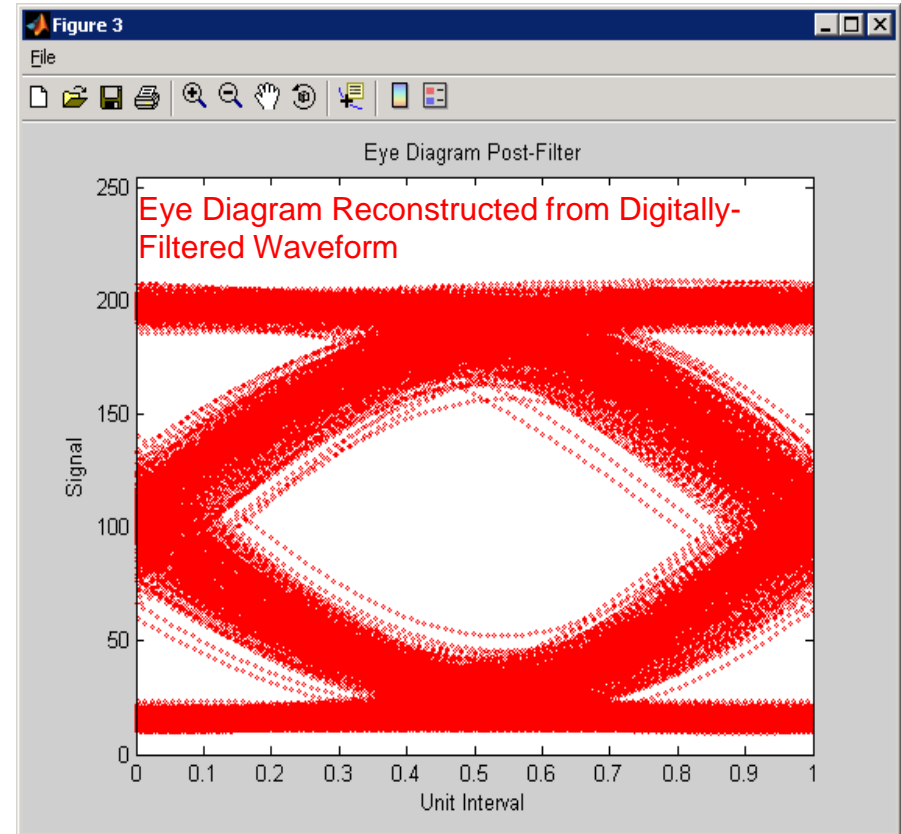
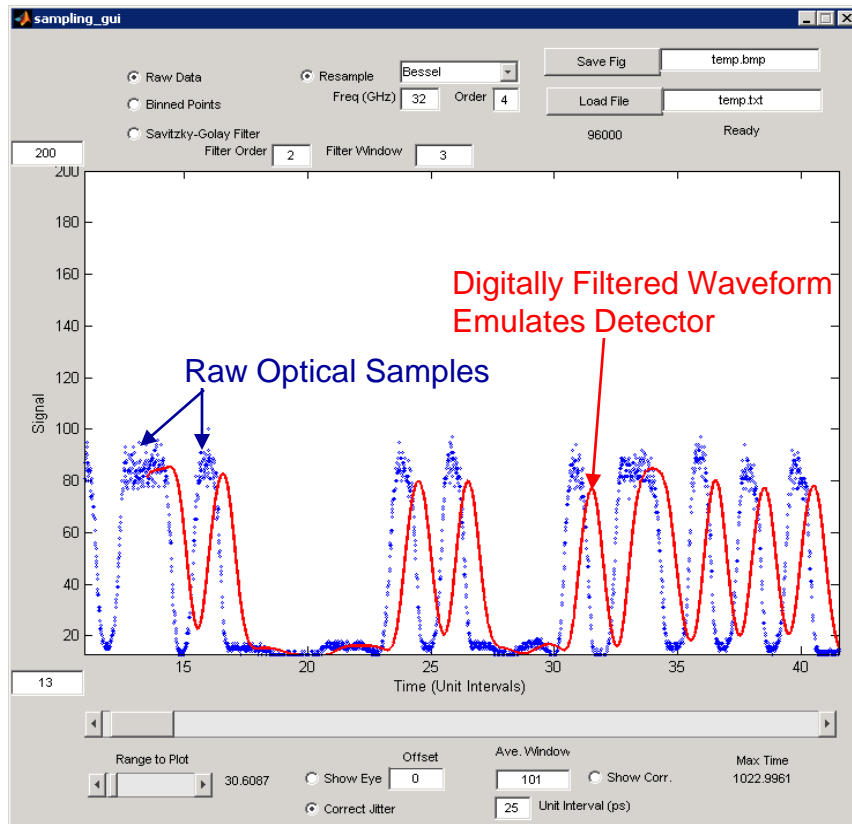


**40G PRBS7 RZ**

*Transmitter Extinction Problems Revealed*

# Digitally Filtered and Eye Diagram Displays

## 40G NRZ Waveform:



32GHz 4<sup>th</sup> Order Bessel-Thompson Digital Filter Shown  
*[any filter can be applied digitally to emulate a receiver]*



# The Labs Optical Sampling Team

## Palo Alto

**Rory Van Tuyl**  
**Ian McAlexander**  
**Rick Karlquist\***  
**Randy Urdahl\*\***

## Beijing

**Zhang Honggang\*\*\***

## Leuven

**Tom Vandeplas\*\*\*\***

\*Since Late 2004

\*\**Through mid-2005*

\*\*\**Since mid-2005*

\*\*\*\**Since Late 2005*

# Projects 1969-2009

## 1969-1989

**500MHz Si ICs**

**5340A Counter**

**GaAs ICs at HPL**

**RFIC Circuits at SRD**

**GaAs IC Process at SRTC**

**mmW Mixer NPI**

**Lightwave Instrument Projects**

**71400A Lightwave Signal Analyzer**

**UCSB Teaching and Student ICs**

## 1990-2009

**E-O Wafer Test**

**GaAs HBT IC Process**

**Optical Microwave Generation**

**InP FET ICs**

**Data Grid Proposal**

**60GHz Politics**

**60GHz Radio R&D**

**40Gb/s BERT**

**InP HBT ICs**

**Telecom Jitter Measurement**

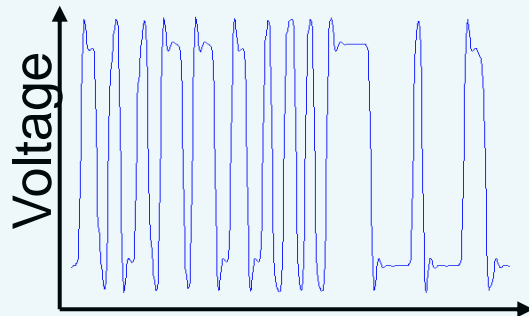
**OptoProbe**

**Optical Sampling**

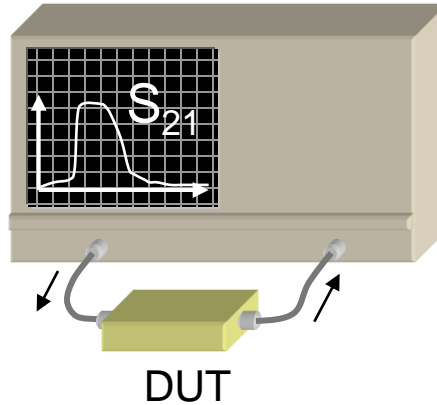
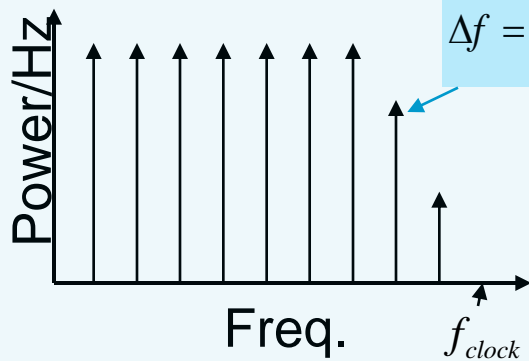
**DNA** 

# How DNA works

## Source

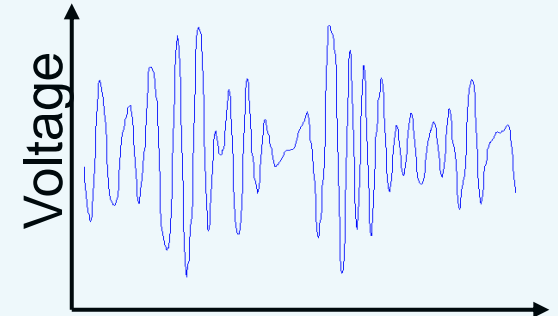


time

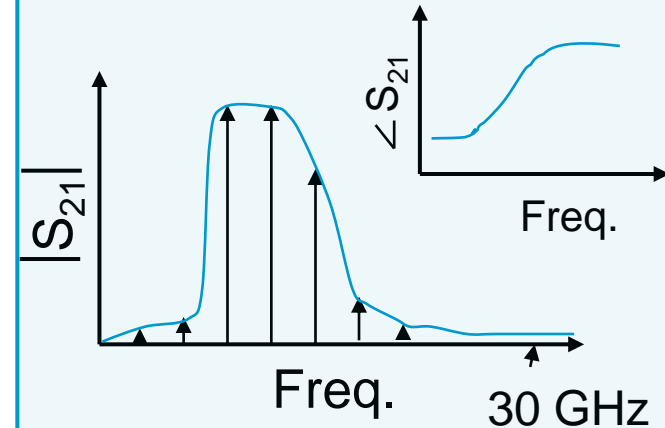


Note: Other S-parameters also measurable

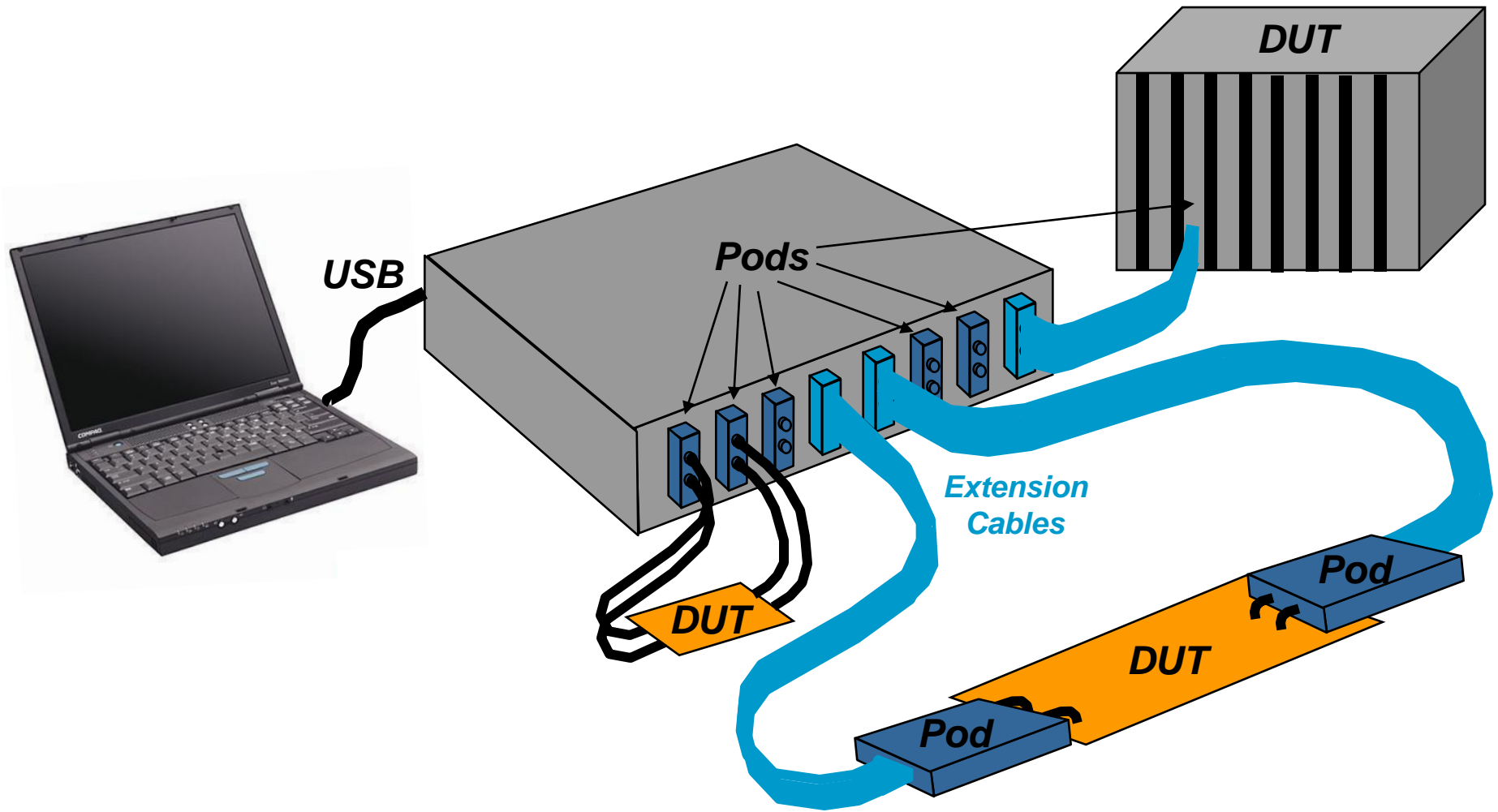
## Receiver



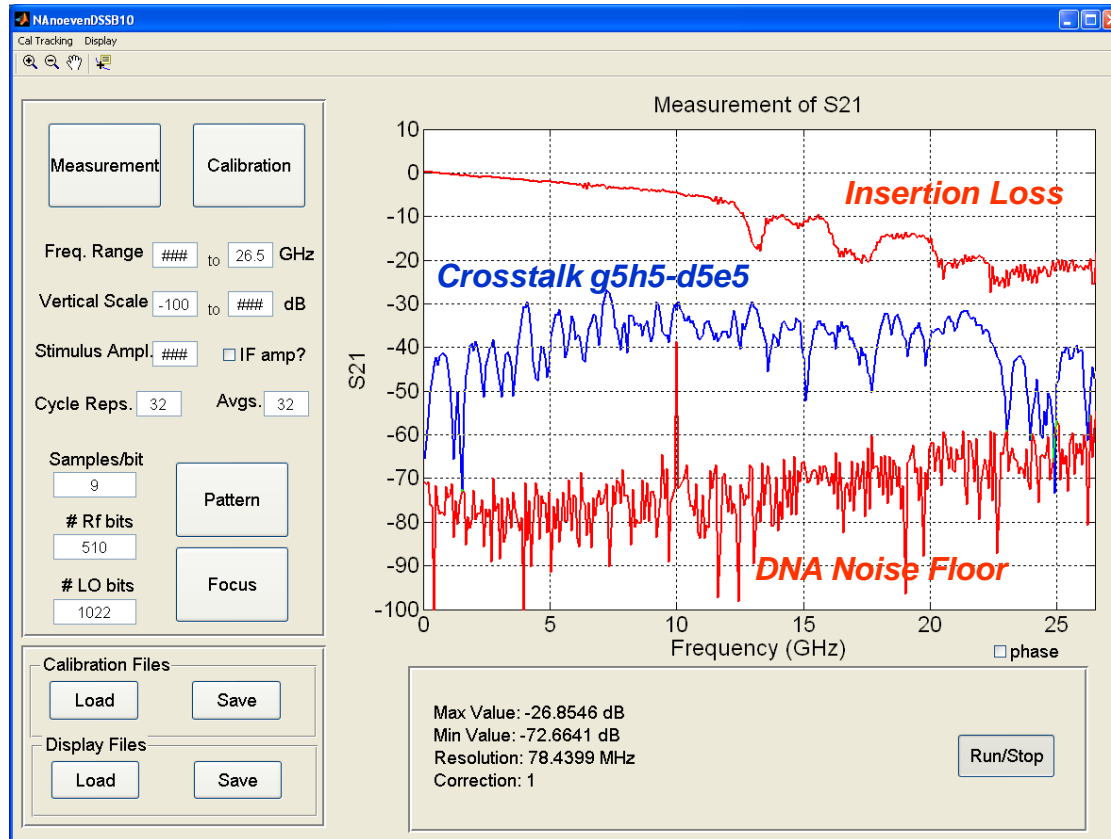
time



# Original Product Concept



# AirmaxVS Board-to-Board Connector



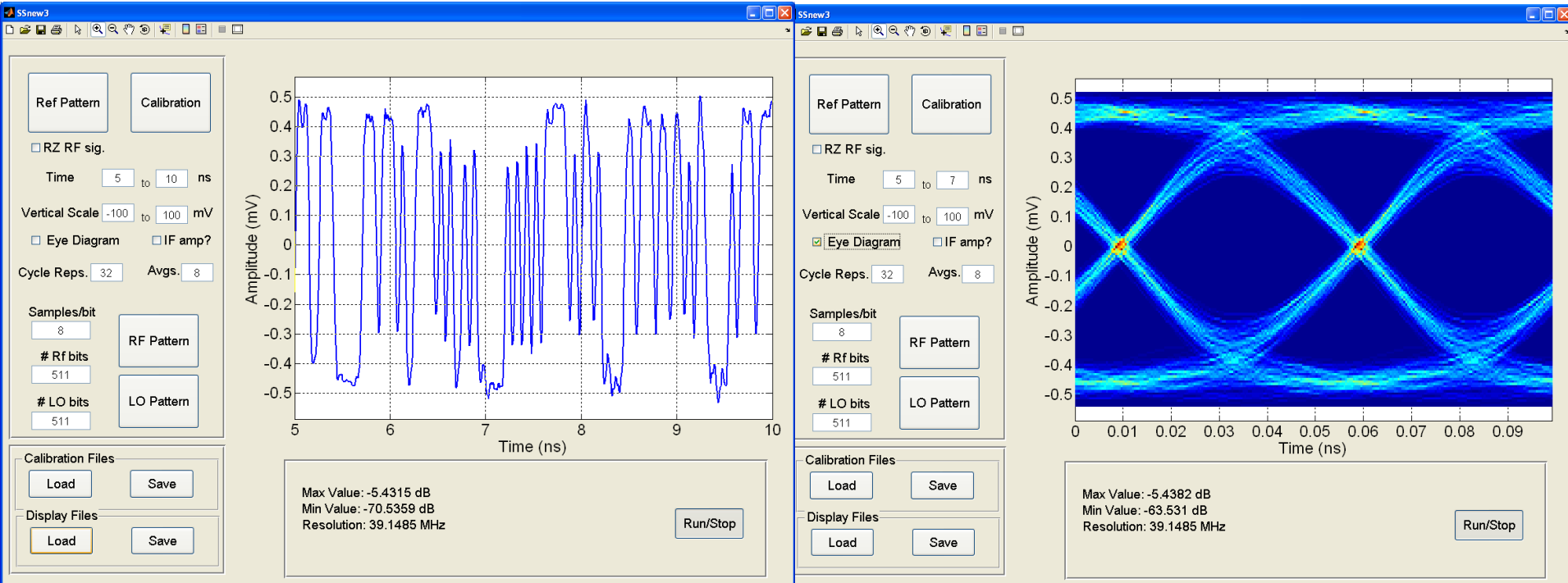
Measured with RZ 510/1022 Noeven Pattern @ 1Vpp Amplitude thru 3dB pads  
*Note that Measurement is to 26.5 GHz*



# Waveform Measurements with AirMax Connector

*Transmitted Waveform*

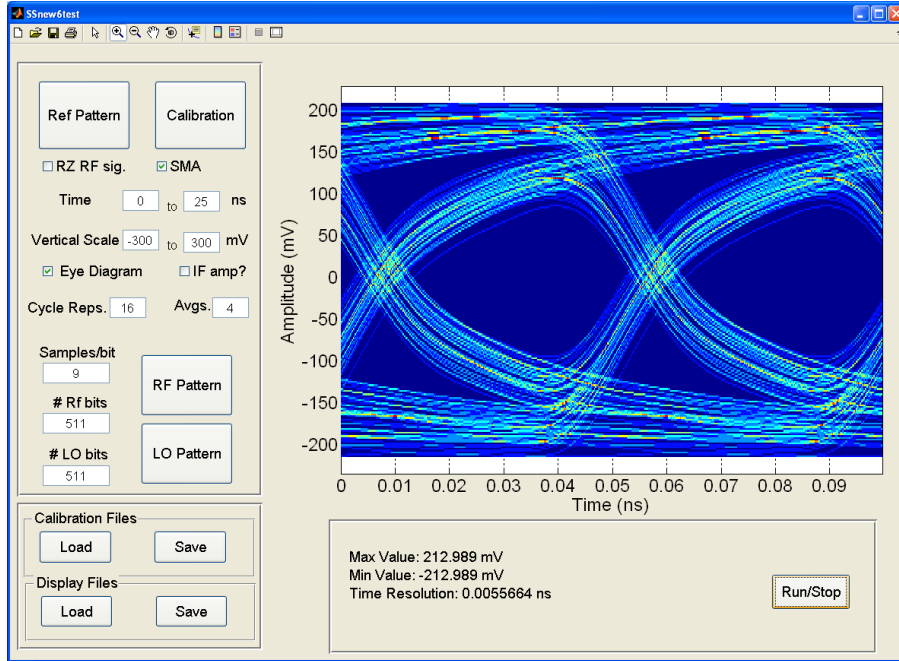
*Transmitted Eye Diagram*



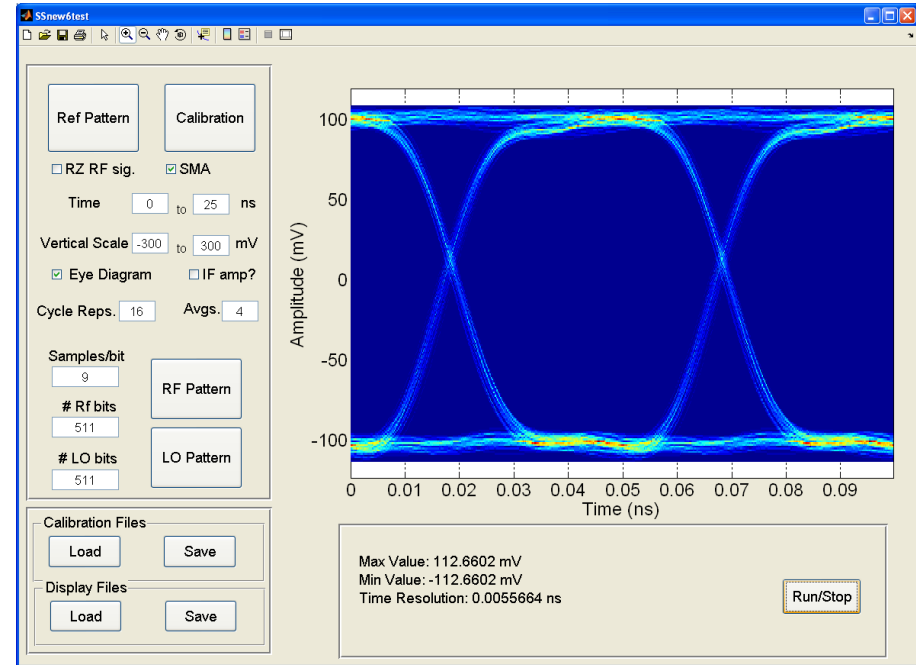
*20Gb/s Internally-Generated 511 bit PRBS9 Pattern*

# Cable De-imbedding for External 10Gb/s Signal

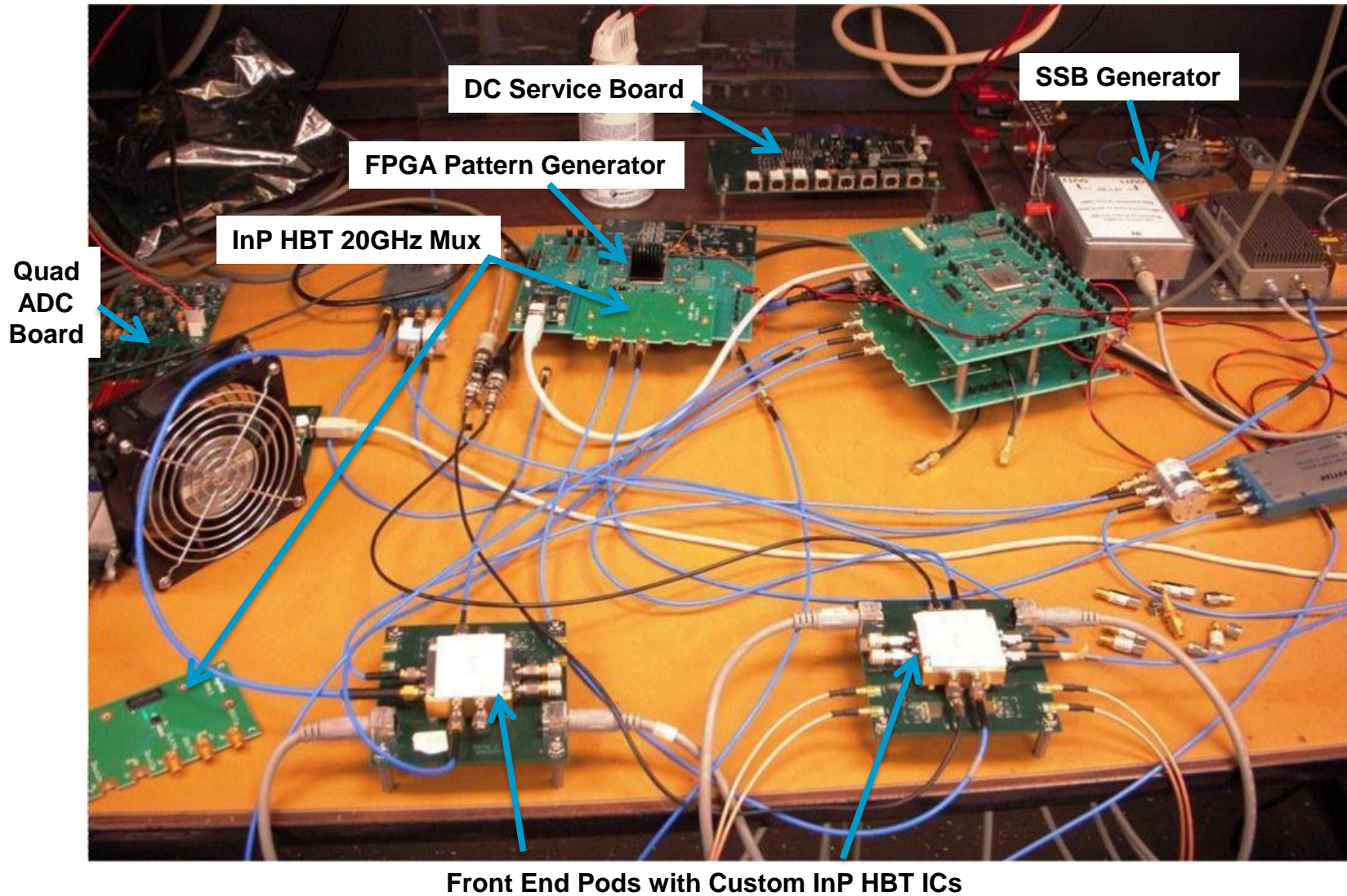
## Raw Waveform



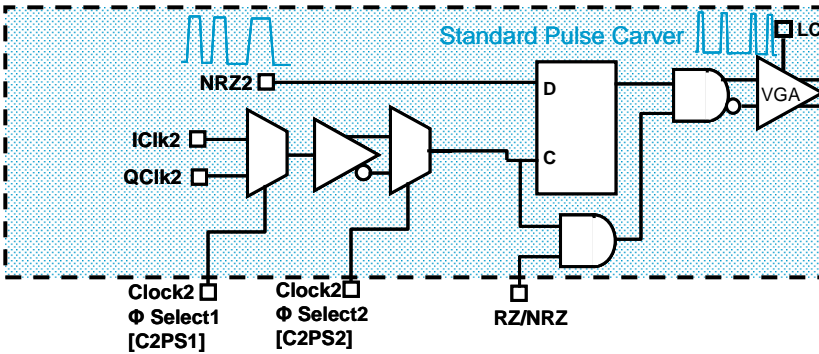
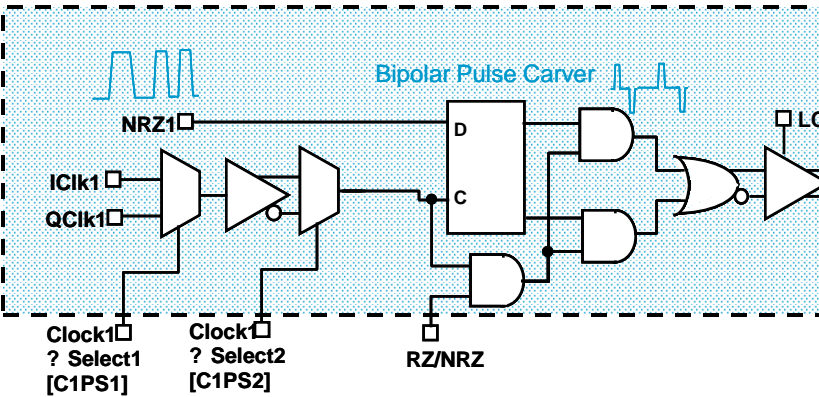
## Waveform with Cable De-imbedded



# DNA Breadboard 2008

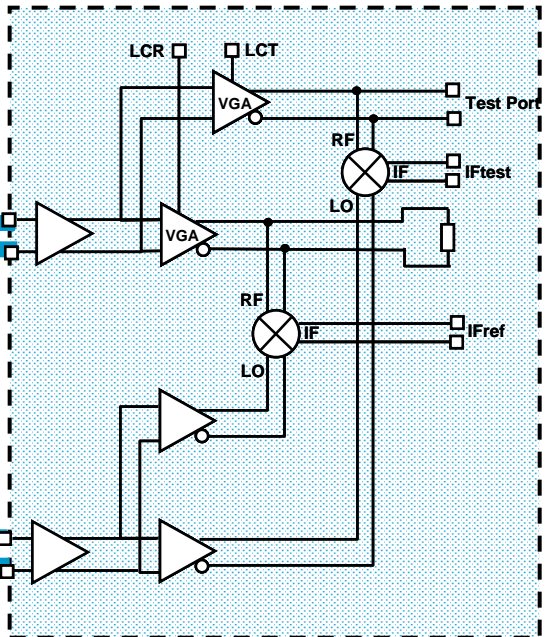


## DNA Pods: Custom InP HBT ICs

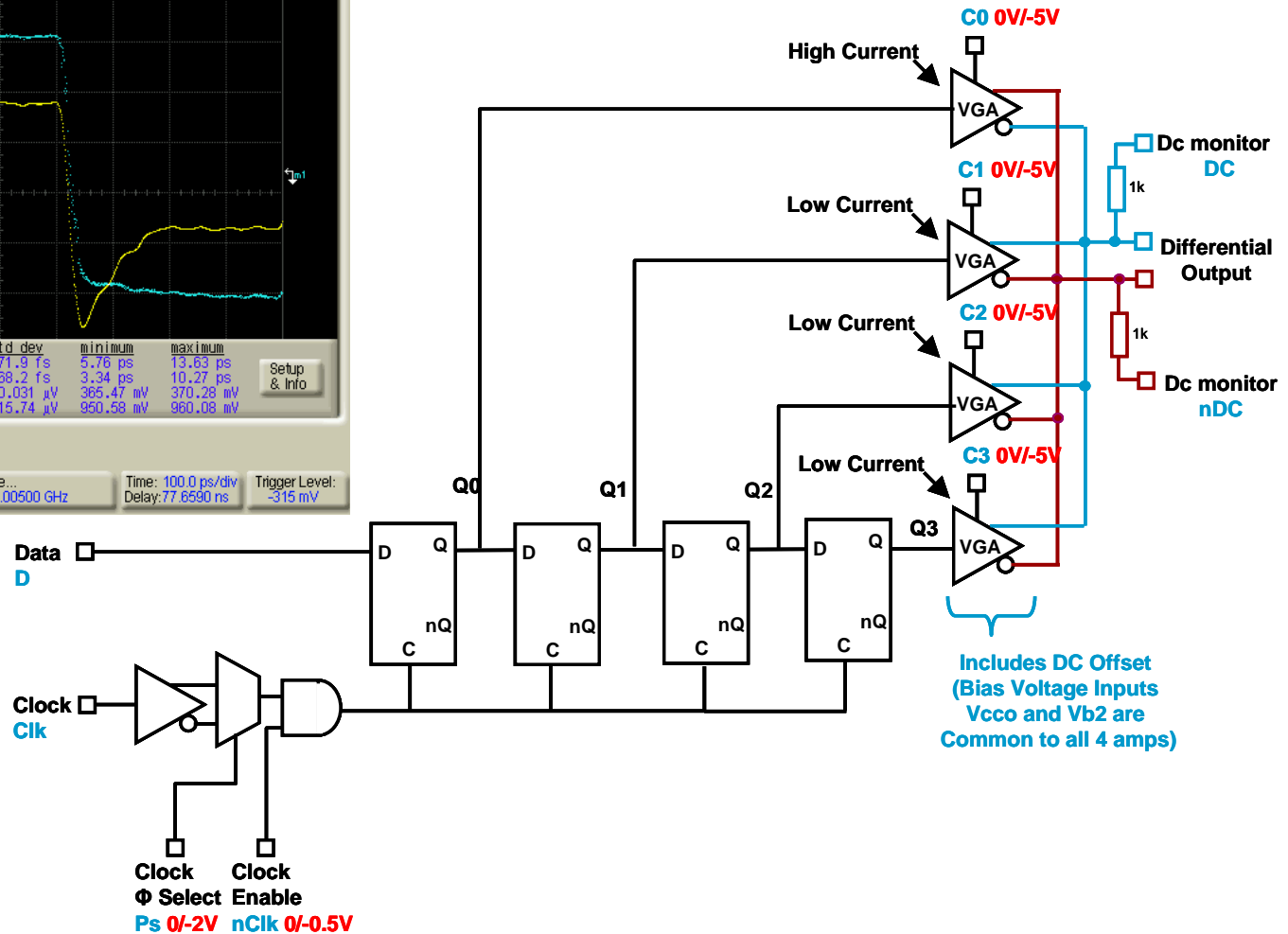
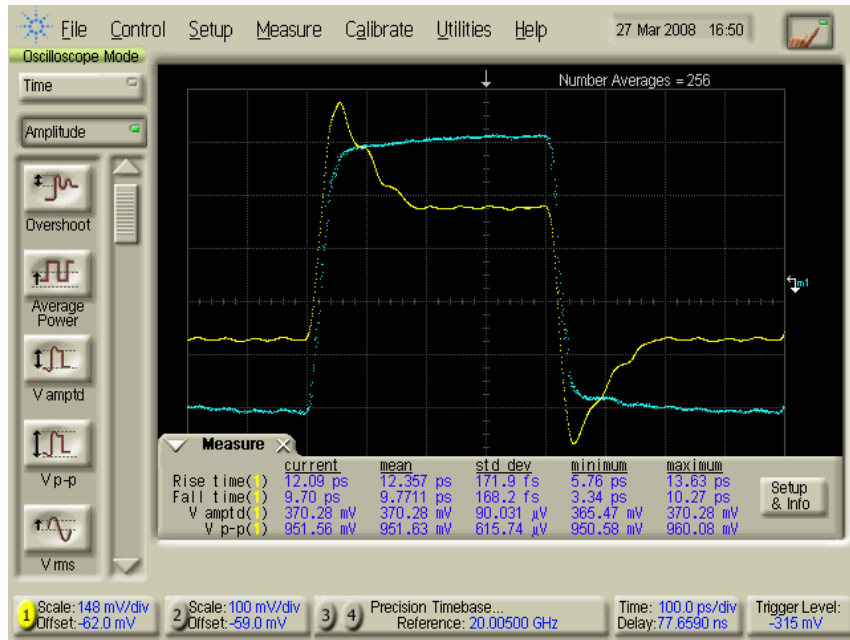


## LO Retimer/Pulse Carver [CHORT9A]

## VGAs/Mixers [CHORT8A]



# The DNA Pre-emphasis Chip: A Side Project





# Labs DNA Team 2008



**L-R: Rory Van Tuyl; Rick Karlquist; Greg VanWiggeren; Paul Corredoura; Nathan Jachimiec; Todd Marshall  
Not Shown: Tom Vandeplas; Renaud Darcis; Craig Hutchinson**



# Some Recurring Themes from 40 Years of Projects

Most Involved High Technical Risk

Most Involved New Technology for the Time

All Involved Group Effort

Many Were Technically Successful

A Few Were Economically Successful

All were Challenging and Interesting.

## **Some Historical Observations**

# The K+E Log Log Duplex Decitrig Slide Rule

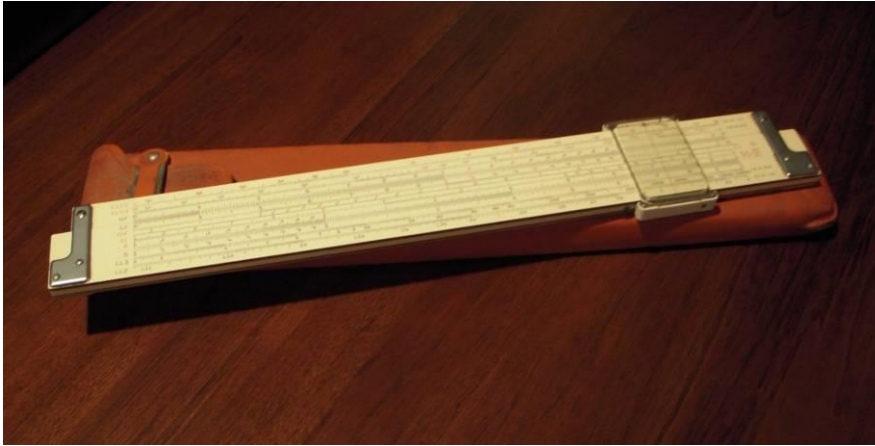


**Manufactured by Keuffel & Esser, Founded 1876, Purveyor of Top-Quality Engineering Tools and Supplies**



# A Cautionary Tale

K+E Slide Rules - ca. 1925 - 1975

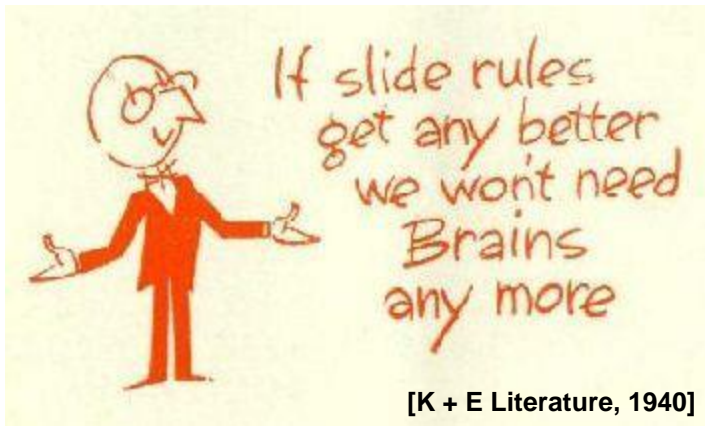


## Keuffel & Esser Co.

K+E held patents for a wide range of slide rule features, including improved cursor indicators, functions and scales, and the adjustable body mechanism.

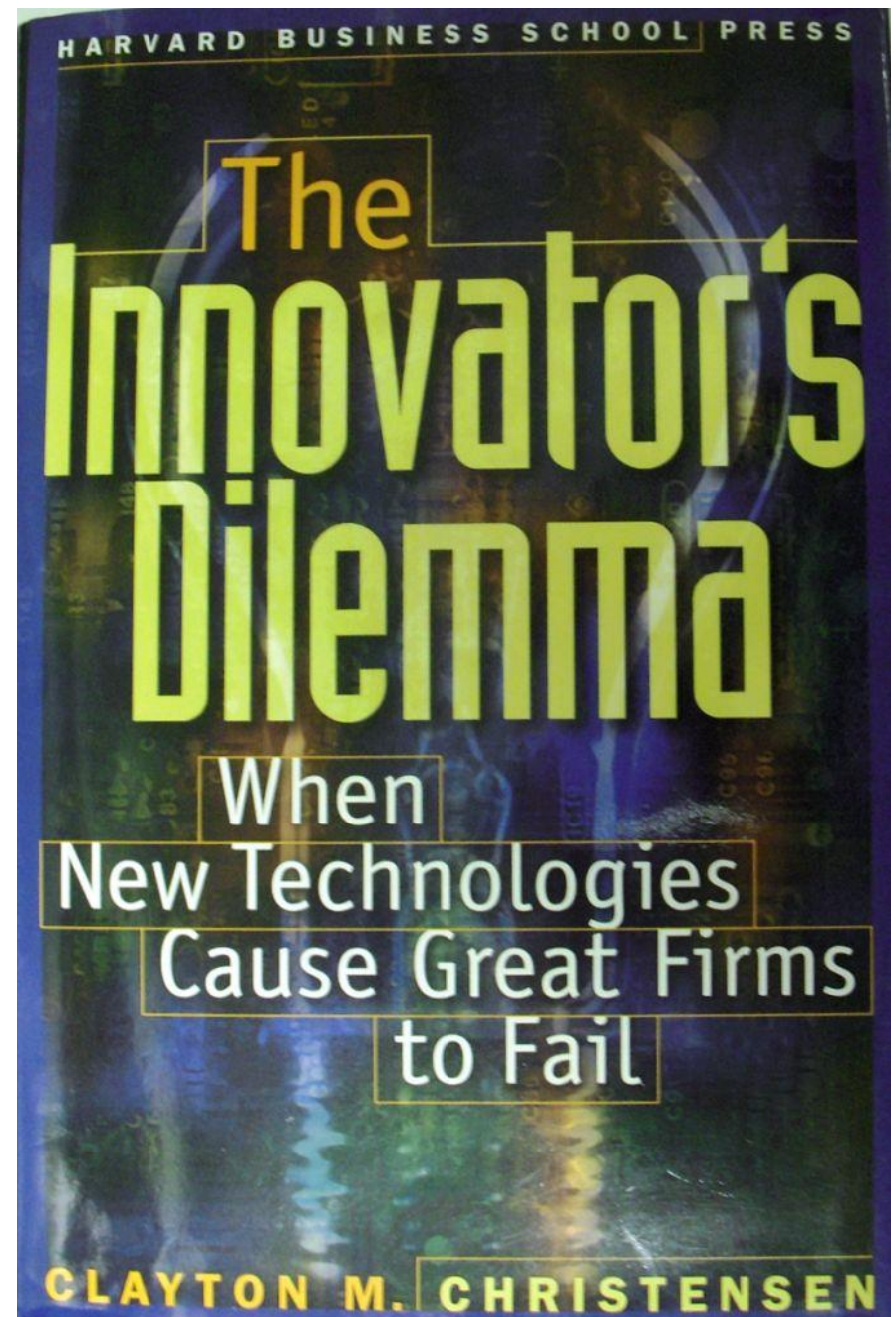
Caught by the huge market shift created by electronic calculators, CAD systems and laser surveying systems, which displaced all of their strong markets, K+E shrank dramatically after 1972.

The final assets of K+E, mainly involving paper products, were sold to [AZON](#) in 1987, after several painful internal re-organizations.





# The Innovator's Dilemma



# **Selected HP Journal Product Announcements '68-'76**

**HP9100A Calculator - 1968**

**LED Displays – 1969**

**HP5360 Computing Counter – 1969**

**Heart Arrhythmia Monitor – 1969**

**Computer-Controlled Network Analyzer – 1979**

**Digital Fourier Analysis of Vibration – 1970**

**Calibrated Microwave Spectrum Analyzer – 1971**

**HP 2100 Minicomputer – 1971**

**Microwave Frequency Synthesizer – 1971**

**Laser Interferometer – 1971**

**Cardio Telemetry – 1972**

**Computer Disc Drive – 1972**

**HP-35 Scientific Calculator – 1972**

**HP Interface Bus – 1972**

**HP9800 Desktop Calculator – 1972**

**HP3000 Computer System – 1973**

**HP5700 Gas Chromatograph – 1973**

**HP5340A Automatic Frequency Counter – 1973**

**ESCA Spectrometer – 1973**

**Digital Waveform Storage and Display – 1973**

**Cesium Beam Atomic Clock – 1973**

**Digital Logic Analyzer – 1973**

**Handheld Multimeter – 1973**

**Bit Error Rate Tester – 1974**

**HP-65 Handheld Programmable Calculator – 1974**

**YIG-Tuned Sweep Signal Generator – 1975**

**Logic State Analyzer for Microprocessors – 1975**

**Digital Word Generator – 1975**

**Low-Level Microwave Power Meter – 1975**

**High Pressure Liquid Chromatography – 1975**

**Pocket Business Calculators – 1975**

**Real-Time Operating System – 1975**

**Laser-Based Survey Instrument – 1976**

**HP9825 Calculator – 1976**

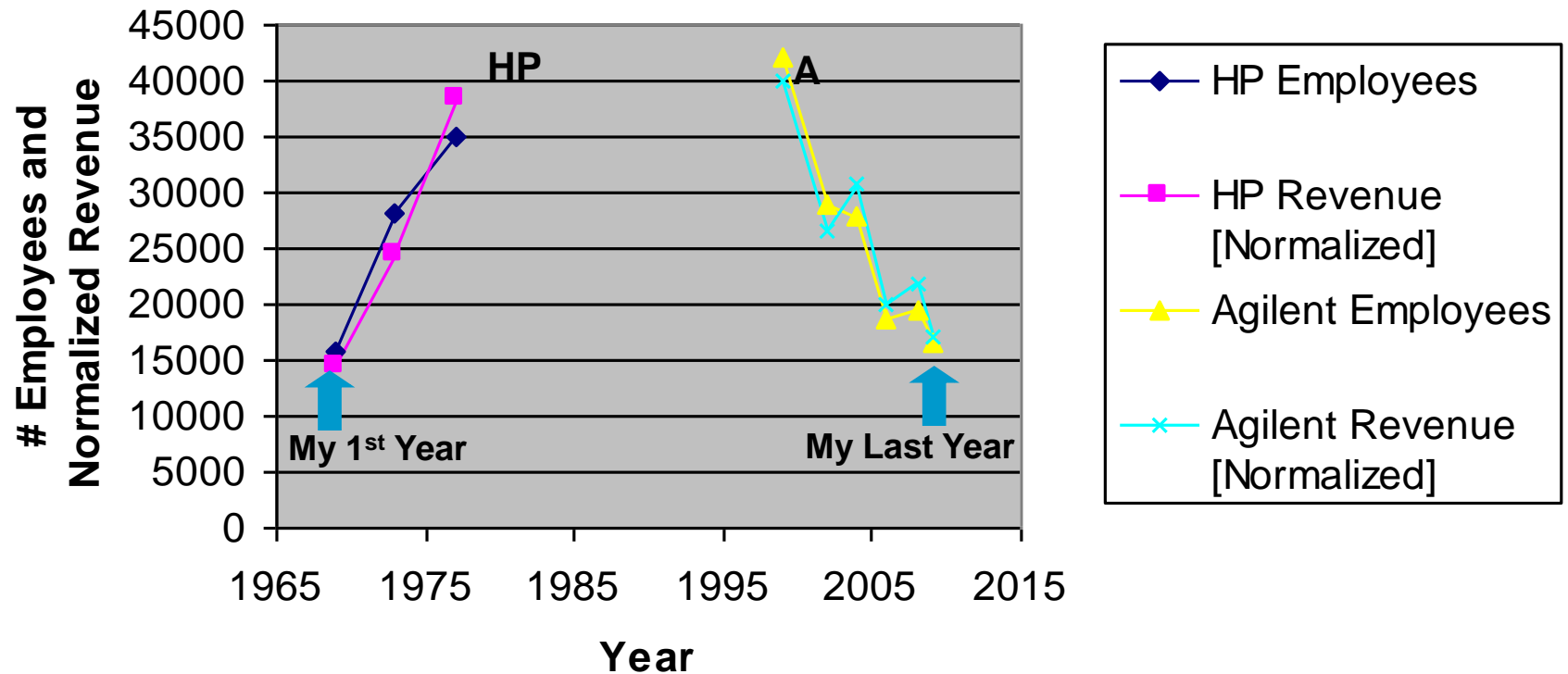
**HP-3000 with Semiconductor Memory – 1976**

**Sweep Signal Generator with GaAs FETs - 1976**

# HP 1969-1977 and Agilent 1999 – 2009

## ....Employees and Revenue

Employees and Normalized Revenue for  
HP 1969-1977 and Agilent 1999-2009 (est.)



# Thanks for Listening

roryvantuyl@gmail.com